EC5.101 Network, Signals & Systems Final Exam Feb 2023

Part 1: Signals & Systems

Instructions:

- a) There are 5 questions for a total of 40 marks.
- b) Mention any additional assumptions you make that is not given in the question.
- c) Write your answers neatly and clearly show the steps used to arrive at the solutions.
- 1. [12 marks] An LTI system with input x(t) and output y(t) can be described as

$$\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} - \frac{dy(t)}{dt} - 6y(t) = x(t).$$

- (a) [4] Find the transfer function H(s) for this system and sketch the pole-zero plot.
- (b) [4] Find and sketch the impulse response of this system if it is known to be stable.
- (c) [2] Can this system be simultaneously stable and causal? Explain.
- (d) [2] Using H(s), find the output of this system when the input is $\cos(t)$.
- 2. [6 marks] Find the Laplace transform and the corresponding ROC for the following signal:

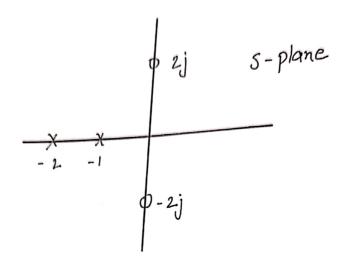
$$x(t) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \delta(t - kt_0), \ t_0 > 0.$$

3. [6 marks] A system with input signal x(t) and output signal y(t) is given by

$$y(t) = \int_{\tau=0}^{t} x(\tau)d\tau, \ \forall t \in \mathbb{R}.$$

- (a) [2] If the input signal has even symmetry, show that the output signal has odd symmetry.
- (b) [4] Investigate whether this system is an LTI system.
- 4. [6 marks] It is known that convolution of the signals $x_1(t)$, $x_2(t)$, and $x_3(t)$ is given by the signal $y(t) = x_1(t) * x_2(t) * x_3(t)$. For some real constant $a \in \mathbb{R}$, using Laplace transform and its properties (or otherwise), express the convolution $x_1(at) * x_2(at) * x_3(at)$ in terms of y(t) and a.

5. [10 marks] Pole-zero plot of the transfer function of a system is shown below.



- (a) [2] If the transfer function is known to be of the rational form, write down its expression.
- (b) [2] How many distinct systems can have the above transfer function? Identify their ROC.
- (c) [3] For each system, comment on their stability and causality. Justify.
- (d) [3] It is observed that if $\sin(\alpha t)$ is given as input to the causal system with above transfer function, the output is 0. Find α .

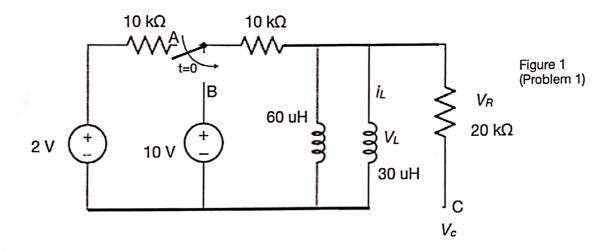
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Part 2: Circuits & Network Theory

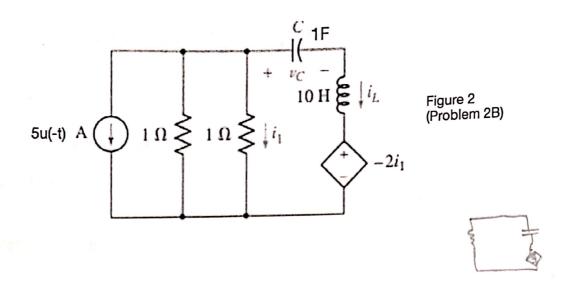
Read instructions and questions carefully before attempting.

- This section is for 60 marks and has 4 problems.
- Show all steps & calculations neatly. Marks will be deducted for untidy work.
- Underline or box your final answers.
- Using any unfair means (plagiarism, copying/cheating, electronic communication) to answer the questions will results in awarding of 0 (zero)
- · Cell phones, calculators should be kept outside the class room

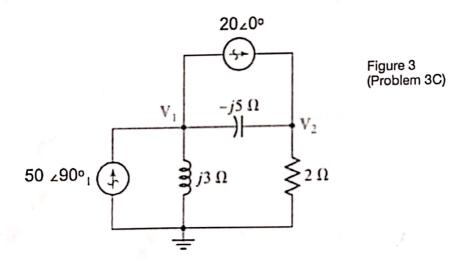
1 For circuit shown in figure 1, switch is flipped from location A to B at t=0. Obtain an expression for i_L, v_L, v_R, and v_c. [12 points]



- (A) What are three different types of responses that you are expect from RLC circuit stimulated with a DC voltage or current? What are the main characteristics of each response type & under what conditions is each observed ? [8 points]
- (B) For figure 2, Find capacitor voltage for t<0 and t>0. [8 points]
- (C) For what value of C will get a response of other two type [4 points].



- (A) For an RC series circuit connected to an AC voltage source V_m cos ωt , derive the capacitor steady state voltage. Convert voltage to complex/ phasor, write the differential equation, apply solution and compare. Which two parameters have changed ? [8]
- (B) For inductor, will current lead or lag? Show. How about for capacitor? [4]
- (C) Find the voltage across the capacitor and inductor in the circuit in figure 3. Choose any appropriate method. Give each step clearly. Calculate the power supplied by the source. [8]



- (A) What is meaning of RMS value, effective value, apparent power & Power factor. [5]
- (B) Load of 1.5+j2 is supplied power from 60 V power supply. What is the power take up by the load? What will be the change in PF if the load doubles? Suggest a simple way to make the power factor =0. 85 [3]