## Analog Electronic Circuits (EC2.103): Quiz-1

Instructor: Prof. Abhishek Srivastava, CVEST, IIIT Hyderabad Date: 3<sup>rd</sup> April, 2023, Duration: 45 minutes, Max. Marks: 10

## Instructions:

- Clearly write your valid assumptions (if any)
- Numerical answers must be correct upto two places of decimal to get any credit
- Refrain from copying
- You can use your lecture notebooks and own handwritten short notes in the exam hall
- Mobile phone, computers can not be used during exam
- 1. For the circuit shown in figure 1, find values of  $R_x$ ,  $V_1$  and  $V_2$  correct upto two places of decimal at room temperature. It is given that  $D_1$  and  $D_2$  are identical diodes. The reverse saturation current of diode is  $I_0 = 5 \times 10^{-15}$  A and  $V_T = 25$  mV at room temperature. [3 Mark]

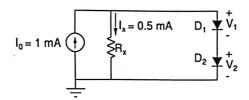


Figure 1

2. For the circuit shown in figure 2(a), it is given that  $R_1=10~M\Omega$ ,  $C_1=2~pF$ ,  $R_2=5M\Omega$  and  $C_2=50~pF$ . As shown in figure 2(b), an input step voltage  $V_{IN}$  is applied to the circuit. As shown in the figure,  $V_{IN}$  changes from  $V_1=1~V$  to  $V_2=2~V$  in  $t_r=10~ps$  time. Find the values of  $V_{C1}(t=0-)$ ,  $V_{C1}(t=0+)$  and  $I_{C1}(t=0+)$ . [3 Mark] (Hint: You can assume  $t_r$  is very small and from t=0 to  $t=t_r$  all current flows through capacitors only. I=Cdv/dt)

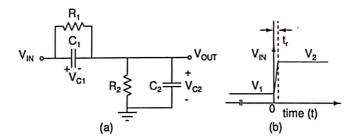


Figure 2

3. Find  $V_{C2}(t)$  as a function of time for the circuit given below in Fig. 3. Assume that  $C_2$  was completely discharged at  $t = 0^-$ . [2 Mark]

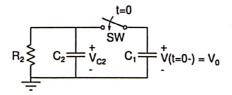


Figure 3

4. For the circuit shown in figure 4, plot voltage transfer characteristic ( $V_{OUT}$  vs  $V_{IN}$ ) considering ideal diodes. Also plot  $V_{OUT}(t)$  as a function of time for  $V_{in}=20cos(\omega_0 t)$  V. Clearly label axis and values on all plots to get any credit. [2 Mark]

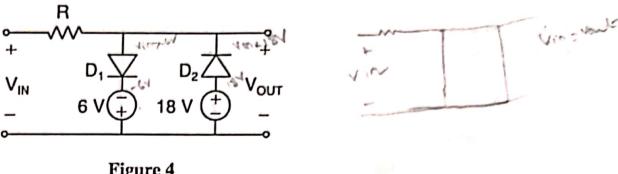


Figure 4

Good luck!! 11076V