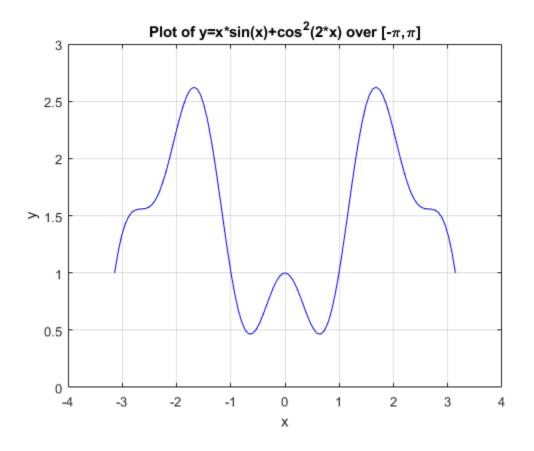
### **Table of Contents**

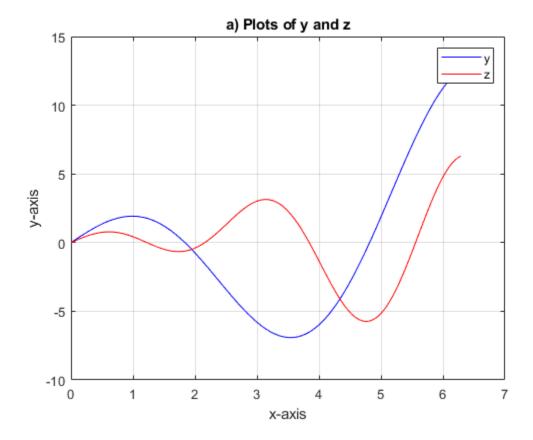
| oblem 1   |    |
|-----------|----|
| roblem 2  | 2  |
| oblem 3   | 4  |
| roblem 4  | 6  |
| roblem 5  |    |
| roblem 6  | 9  |
| roblem 7  |    |
| roblem 8  |    |
| oblem 9   |    |
| roblem 10 | 10 |

```
figure(1)
x=linspace(-pi,pi,100);
y=x.*sin(x)+cos(2*x).^2;
plot(x,y,'b-')
xlabel('x')
ylabel('y')
title('Plot of y=x*sin(x)+cos^2(2*x) over [-\pi,\pi]')
grid on
```

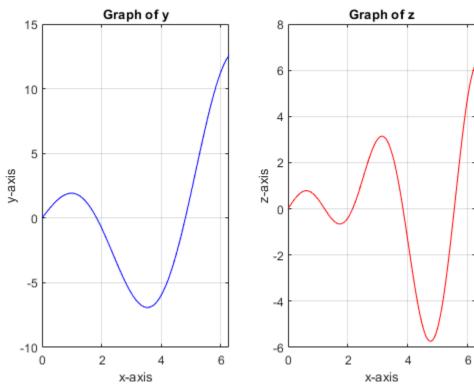


```
figure(2)
x=linspace(0,2*pi,201);
y=2*x.*cos(x)+sin(x);
z=\sin(x)+x.*\cos(2*x);
plot(x,y,'b-',x,z,'r-')
xlabel('x-axis')
ylabel('y-axis')
title('a) Plots of y and z')
legend('y','z')
grid on
figure(3)
subplot(1,2,1)
plot(x,y,'b-')
title('Graph of y')
xlabel('x-axis')
ylabel('y-axis')
grid on
subplot(1,2,2)
plot(x,z,'r-')
title('Graph of z')
xlabel('x-axis')
ylabel('z-axis')
```

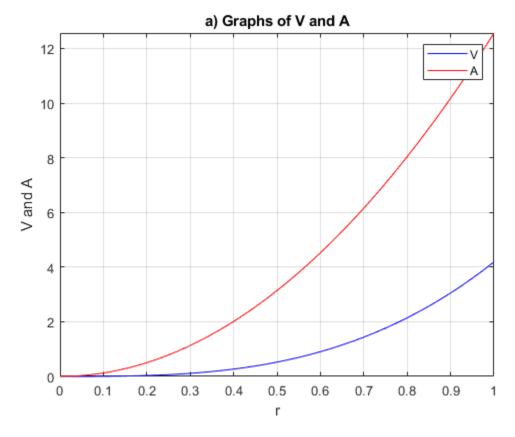
grid on
sgtitle('b) Plots of y and z')

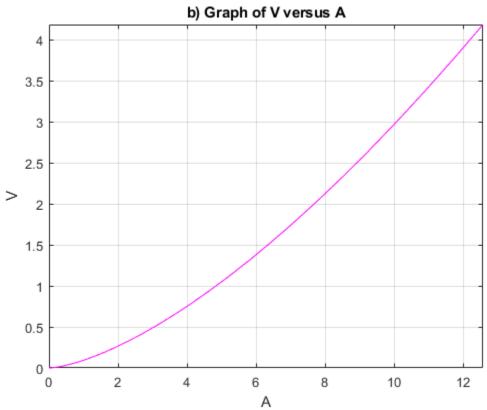


#### b) Plots of y and z

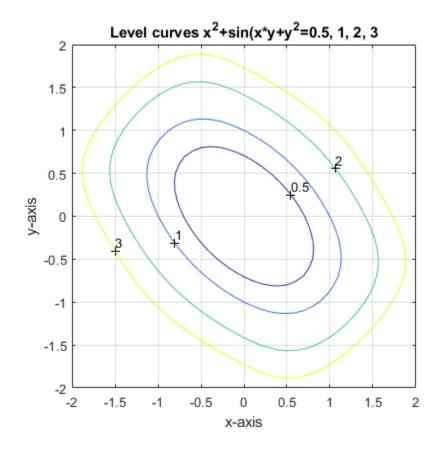


```
figure(4)
fplot(@(r)(4*pi*r.^3)/3,[0 1],'b-')
hold on
fplot(@(r)4*pi*r.^2,[0 1],'r-')
hold off
grid on
xlabel('r')
ylabel('V and A')
title('a) Graphs of V and A')
legend('V','A')
figure(5)
fplot(@(r)4*pi*r.^2,@(r)(4*pi*r.^3)/3,[0 1],'m-')
grid on
xlabel('A')
ylabel('V')
title('b) Graph of V versus A')
```



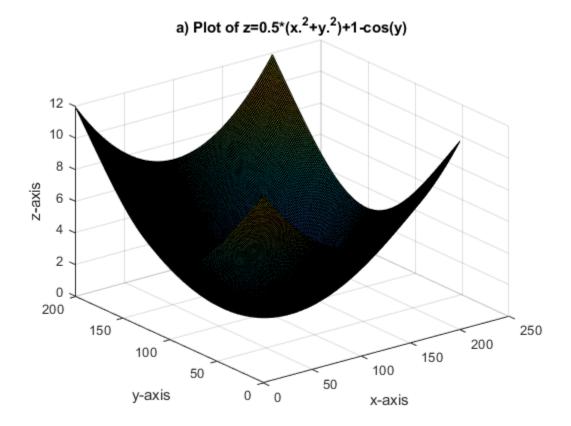


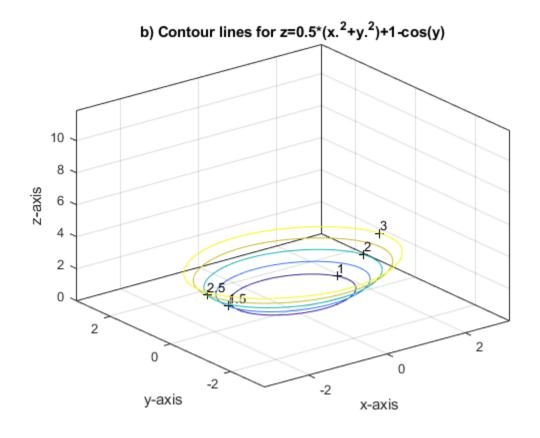
```
figure(6)
[x,y]=meshgrid(-2:0.1:2,-2:0.1:2);
z=x.^2+sin(x.*y)+y.^2;
cs=contour(x,y,z,[0.5,1 2 3]);
clabel(cs)
title('Level curves x^2+sin(x*y+y^2=0.5, 1, 2, 3'))
grid on
xlabel('x-axis')
ylabel('y-axis')
axis equal
```

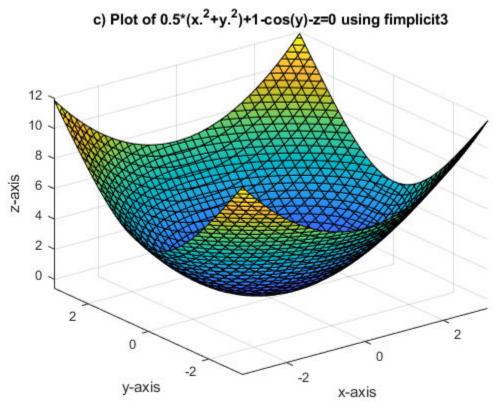


```
figure(7)
[x,y]=meshgrid(linspace(-pi,pi,201), linspace(-pi,pi,201));
z=0.5*(x.^2+y.^2)+1-cos(y);
surf(z)
title('a) Plot of z=0.5*(x.^2+y.^2)+1-cos(y)')
xlabel('x-axis')
ylabel('y-axis')
zlabel('z-axis')
figure(8)
cs3=contour3(x,y,z,[1 1.5 2 2.5 3]);
```

```
clabel(cs3)
title('b) Contour lines for z=0.5*(x.^2+y.^2)+1-cos(y)')
xlabel('x-axis')
ylabel('y-axis')
zlabel('z-axis')
figure(9)
fimplicit3(@(x,y,z)0.5*(x.^2+y.^2)+1-cos(y)-z,[-pi pi -pi pi -12 12])
title('c) Plot of 0.5*(x.^2+y.^2)+1-cos(y)-z=0 using fimplicit3')
xlabel('x-axis')
ylabel('y-axis')
zlabel('z-axis')
```







```
type Leonardo
n=12;
fprintf('For example, the first %.0f Fibonacci numbers are:\n',n)
disp(Leonardo(n))
function F=Leonardo(n)
F(1) = 1;
F(2) = 2;
for i=3:n
    F(i) = F(i-1) + F(i-2);
end
end
For example, the first 12 Fibonacci numbers are:
                                                               144
          2
                 3
                       5
                            8
                                   13
                                         21
                                               34
                                                    55
                                                          89
                                                                       233
```

#### **Problem 7**

```
type altsum n=15;  
S=altsum(n);  
fprintf('For n=%d the alternating sum is S=%f\n',n,S)  

function s = altsum(n)  
% This function calculates s=1^2/2^1-2^3/3^2+...+(-1)^n(n+1)^n  
s=0;  
for i=1:n  
s=s+(-1)^n(i+1)^n(i+1)^n;  
end  
end  
For n=15 the alternating sum is S=3.091077
```

```
M=10000;
n=0;
while M<10^6
    n=n+1;
    M=(1+0.12/4)^4*M+6000;
end
fprintf('Time %.f years\n',n)
fprintf('Money $%.f\n',M)

Time 25 years
Money $1063135</pre>
```

```
type nofdays
days=nofdays('January')
function days = nofdays(M)
% This function provides the number of days of the month M.
n='January';
if strcmp(n, 'January') == 1 \mid |strcmp(n, 'March') == 1 \mid |strcmp(n, 'May') == 1 \mid | \dots
                 strcmp(n, 'July') == 1 | | strcmp(n, 'August') == 1 | | strcmp(n, 'October') == 1 | |
strcmp(n,'December') ==1
                       days=31;
elseif strcmp(n,'February') == 1
                       days=28;
else if \ strcmp (n, 'April') == 1 \mid | strcmp (n, 'June') == 1 \mid | strcmp (n, 'September') == 1 \mid | strcmp (n, 'April') == 1 \mid | s
strcmp(n,'November') == 1
                       days=30;
else
                       disp('Typo')
end
end
days =
                       31
```

```
format bank
type Money
Daily=Money(40,10000,0.12,'daily')
Weekly=Money(40,10000,0.12,'weekly')
Monthly=Money(40,10000,0.12, 'monthly')
Quarterly=Money(40,10000,0.12,'quarterly')
Semiannually=Money(40,10000,0.12,'semiannually')
Annually=Money (40,10000,0.12, 'annually')
function M = Money(n, M0, r, freq)
%This MATLAB function compute the amount of money that accumulates in a
%savings account in n years, starting from MO, and
%with annual interest rate r and componding frequency freq.
switch freq
    case 'daily'
        M=M0*(1+r/365)^{(n*365)};
    case 'weekly'
        M=M0*(1+r/52)^{(n*52)};
    case 'monthly'
       M=M0*(1+r/12)^{n}(n*12);
    case 'quarterly'
        M=M0*(1+r/4)^{(n*4)};
```

```
case 'semiannually'
        M=M0*(1+r/2)^{(n*2)};
    case 'annually'
        M=M0*(1+r)^{(n)};
    otherwise
        M='Misppeling or unfamiliar frequency';
end
end
Daily =
    1214146.00
Weekly =
    1208403.25
Monthly =
    1186477.25
Quarterly =
    1132285.52
Semiannually =
    1057959.93
Annually =
     930509.70
```

Published with MATLAB® R2024a