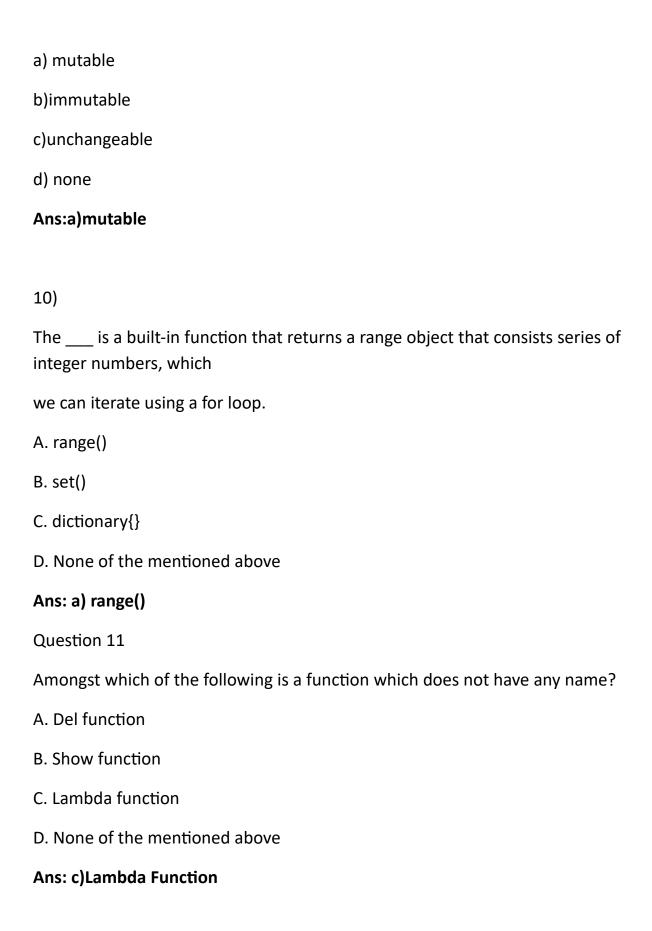
Assignment 1

```
1 What will be the output of the following code snippet?
def func(a, b):
return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a)
print(func(30, 75))
a) 10
b) 20
c) 15
d) 0
Ans: C) 15
2 numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)
sorted numbers = sorted(numbers)
even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0
even_numbers = filter(even, sorted_numbers)
print(type(even_numbers))
a) Int
b) Filter
c) List
d) Tuple
ANS: b)Filter
```

3) As what datatype are the *args stored, when passed into
a) Tuple
b) List
c) Dictionary
d) none
Ans: a)Tuple
4) set1 = {14, 3, 55}
set2 = {82, 49, 62}
set3={99,22,17}
print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))
a) 105
b) 270
c) 0
d) Error
Ans: d)Error
5) What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?
a) raise
b) try
c) goto
d) except
Ans: a)raise
6) Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time

computations in
Python?
a) timedate
b) date
c) datetime
d) time
Ans:c) datetime
7) What will be the output of the following code snippet?
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
a) 248
b) 169
c) 208
d) 233
Ans: c)208
8) Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?
a) strptime
b) strftime
c) both a) and b)
d) None
Ans:a)strptime
9) The python tuple is in nature.



Question 12
The module Pickle is used to
A. Serializing Python object structure
B. De-serializing Python object structure
C. Both A and B
D. None of the mentioned above
Ans:c)Both A and B
Question 13
Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?
A. set() method
B. dump() method
C. load() method
D. None of the mentioned above
Ans: B)dump()
14
Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?
A. load()

B. set() method C. dump() method D. None of the mentioned above Ans:a)load() 15. A text file contains only textual information consisting of ____. A. Alphabets B. Numbers C. Special symbols D. All of the mentioned above Ans:D)All of the mentioned above 16 Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output? (Select all that apply.) captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway",

"Defiant": "Sisko",

}

```
Enterprise Picard,
Voyager Janeway
Defiant Sisko
a) for ship, captain in captains.items():
print(ship, captain)
b) for ship in captains:
print(ship, captains[ship])
c) for ship in captains:
print(ship, captains)
d) both a and b
Ans:d) both a and b
17)
Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named
captains?
a) captains = {dict}
b) type(captains)
c) captains.dict()
d) captains = {}
Ans:d)captains = {}
```

18) Now you have your empty dictionary named captains. It's time to add some

```
data!
Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager":
"Janeway",
and "Defiant": "Sisko".
Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to
the
existing captains dictionary?
a) captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"}
captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"}
captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}
b) captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard"
captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"
captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"
c) captains = {
"Enterprise": "Picard",
"Voyager": "Janeway",
"Defiant": "Sisko",
}
d) None of the above
```

19) You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have:

Ans: b) and c) both

```
captains = {
"Enterprise": "Picard",
"Voyager": "Janeway",
"Defiant": "Sisko",
"Discovery": "unknown",
Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the
dictionary, but you also
want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?
a) for item in captains.items():
print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")
b) for ship, captain in captains.items():
print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
c) for captain, ship in captains.items():
print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
d) All are correct
Ans:b
20)
You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and
iterated over it with
a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:
captains = {
```

```
"Enterprise": "Picard",

"Voyager": "Janeway",

"Defiant": "Sisko",

"Discovery": "unknown",

}

What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

a) del captains

b) captains.remove()

c) del captains["Discovery"]

d) captains["Discovery"].pop()
```

Ans:c) del captains["Discovery"]