PicoTamachibi

A Tamagotchi like toy based on Raspberry PI Pico

Initial idea:



PICOTAMACHIBI

Picotamachibi

12 June 2023

10 minute read

By & Kevin McAleer Share this article on X @

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WHAT IS PICOTAMACHIBI?

Picotamachibi is the name for a fun MicroPython based virtual pet.

Difficulty: Intermediate

Type: project

Categories:







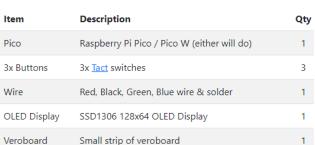


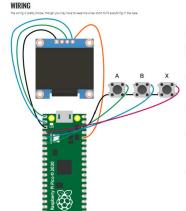
Kevin McAleer

I build robots, bring them to life with code, and have a whole load of fun along the way

BILL OF MATERIALS

ltem Pico Wire





3d print case

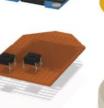
Fusion 360

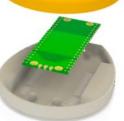
· 3d printed case in two

Top with cutouts for screen and buttons

 Veroboard for the tact switches and ssd1306 screen

· Bottom holds the pico and has a cutout for the usb connector





Building the project:

7iele

- 1. Ein Tamagotchi mit RPI Pico, Display und Knöpfen bauen
- 2. Arbeiten mit Code-Objekten
- 3. Strukturiertes Vorgehen beim Erschließen von Softwareprojekten
- 4. Ein bestehendes Projekt erweitern

Details:

- Zusammenbau der Hardware:
 - RPI auf Breadboard einsetzen
 - Buttons einsetzer
 - Komponenten Verbinder
- · RPI Pico zum laufen bringen
 - Micropython installieren (UF2-File)
 - o Thony DIE auf eurem PC installieren
 - Tamachibi-Projekt übertragen
 - Debugging bis es läuft
- Den Code erschließen und Verstehen
 - Fertigt ein UML-Modell des Codes an
- Den Code und das Projekt erweitern (Beispiele):
 - Hardware-erweiterungen (mehr Buttons?, Sound?, LEDs?)
 - Scrolling Toolbar [< A B (C) D E >][< B C (D) E A >]
 - Game als Tamagotchi Funktion [Happy +1]
 - o Ein richtiges Spiel implementieren
 - Das Tamagotchi steuern
 - Save States (Tamagotch vergisst alles beim Neustart)
 - o Tamagotchi "Entwicklungen"
 - o Turbo-Mode
 - Inverted (Dark-Mode)
 - Skin (umschaltbares design)
 - Lowrers Mode
 - Multiplayer / Network /Communication

Bonus:

- · Wer möchte darf sein Tamagotchi mit einer Hülle versehen und behalten
- . Es gibt ein MASTER-TAMAGOTCH das alles kann

Begrenzungen:

- Arbeit in ~2er Gruppen
- · Jede Gruppe baut ein Tamgotchi
- · Dokumentiert eure Codeerweiterungen und stellt sie der großen gruppe vor

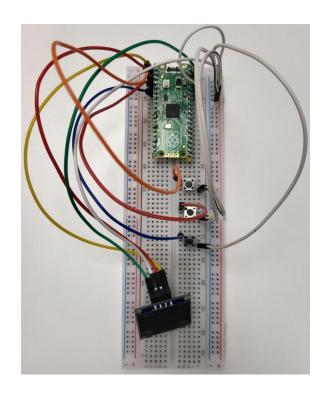
Zeitvorgaben:

Fertigstellung bis Freitag, 02.02.2024 EOD (15:00)



· Task sheet (german)



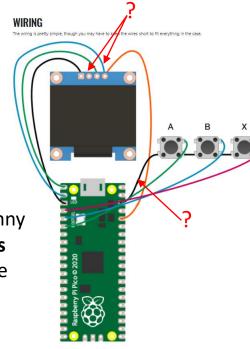


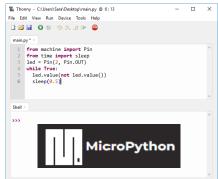
Lessons learned

- There are problems with the suggested wiring
- More explanation on how to flash the RPI with the correct firmware is needed
- Information on how to configure Interpreter and COM port is needed in Thonny
- A guide on how to view files and transfer the source code to the RPI is missing
- The code is buggy and inefficient



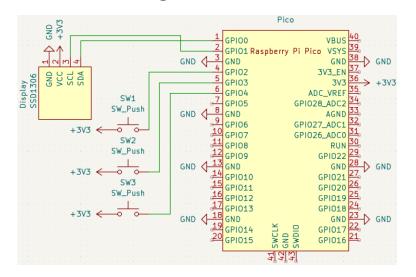
- .uf2 file (latest)
- <u>Thonny</u>





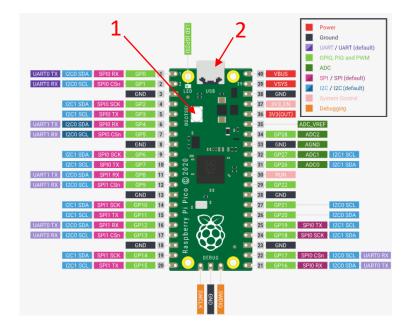
Filling in the gaps:

Fixing the schematic



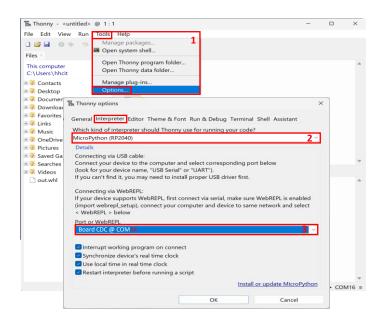
- Input Pins for buttons can be connected to HIGH (3.3V) or LOW (GND) (reference)
- The source code has to match how the buttons are wired (PULL_UP vs. PULL DOWN)
- The Tamachibi code expects the pins to be connected to HIGH (3.3V)
- TIP: Connect 3.3V and GND to the "rails" (red & blue) on one side of the breadboard and connect the buttons and peripherals to them

Flashing the firmware (.uf2)



- Hold the button on the RPI Pico
- Connect the USB cable to the RPI and the Computer
 - The RPI appears as device in your file manager
- Copy the .uf2 to the RPI
 - The RPI disconnects automatically (pling sound)
- Disconnect the USB cable
- Reconnect the USB cable

Selecting Interpreter & COM port



- Select **Options** from the **Tools** menu
 - Select the Interpreter tab
- Select Micro Python (RP2040) as Interpreter
- Select the COM port of your device
 - The number varies e.g. COM14
 - You have to repeat the port selection each time you connect a new RPI

The source code:



- There are also .py files for button testing and other peripherals
- Use the test scripts to simply verify if the respective peripheral is working as expected

Icon Class

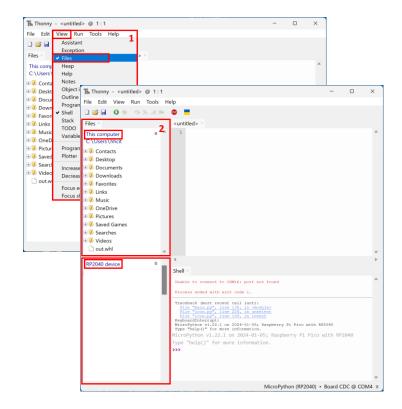
Properties

Code deep-dive

• height - how tall the image is

· name - the name of the image

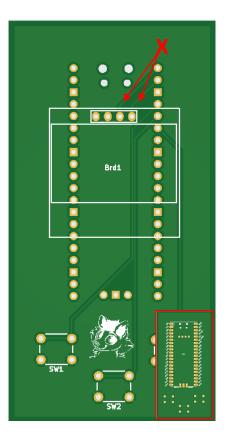
Copying the files

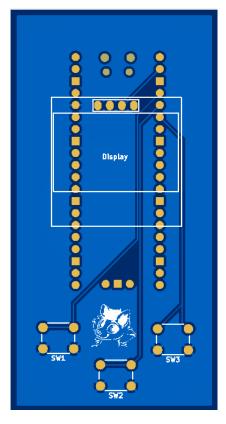


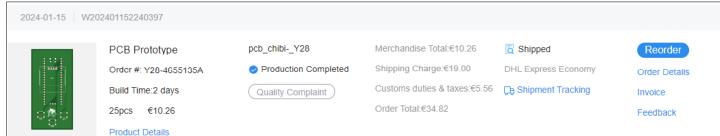
- Activate **Files** in the **View** menu
- **Copy** the project to the RPI
 - All .PY and .pbm files
 - UI in the file selection is *fiddly*
 - Space on the RPI is limited you can not simply copy the whole repository

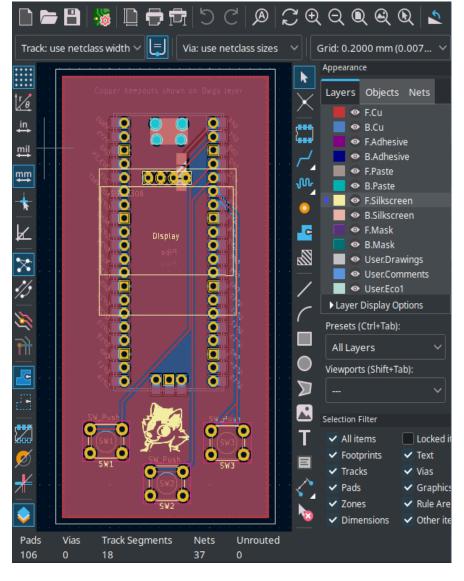
Level UP:

- KiCad
 - A design tool for PCBs
 - & schematics
- JLCPCB
 - Fab ordering
 - Pricing
- About V1.2
 - Ups
 - V1 fix

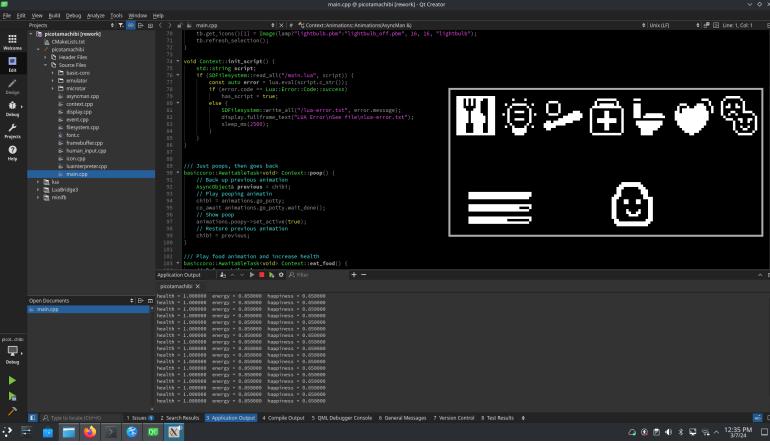












Features

- +90% Performance boost (runs on V1 & V2)
- More standard compliant code
- Bugfixes and improvements

- Displays energy levels
- More complex character behavior
- Desktop emulator

Applied mods:

Hardware

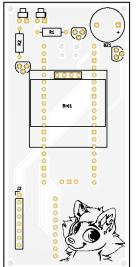
- Board development and iterations
- Joystick
- SD card reader
- Buzzer (passive)
- LEDs (red & green)
- Power input pins
- Upgrade to RPI Pico W (on some units)

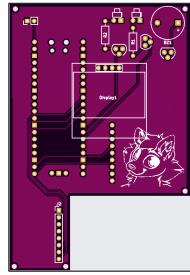
Software

- Menu ribbon
- Dynamic button controller
- Save state on SD card

ToDo

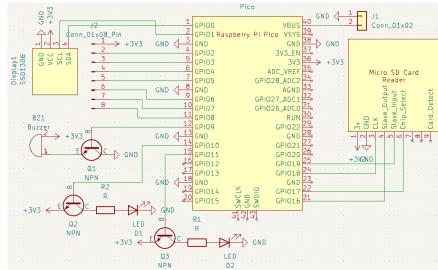
- Charging circuit and lipo
- Breakout pins
- More coding
- Multiplayer
- **.**..







Picture



Final builds:

Pictures











Takeaways & future:



- Github
 - Our improved code
 - The C++ version
 - V1 & V2 KiCad files
 - V1 & V2 gerber files
 - Documentation (this)
 - Basically everything!
- Bill of materials
- Calculation
- The box

ltem	Qty	Cost € (all)	Cost € (1 build)	Comment
SSD1306 128 x 64 I2C OLED Display	5	22.00	4.40	Link (Amazon)
Buttons	100	5.00	0.16	Link (Amazon)
PCBs	25	37.00	1.48	From JLCPCB, includes shipping and taxes. The PCBs only V1 11.64€ / V2 16.43€
Pin header (40 pins wide)	30	7	0.40	<u>Link (Amazon)</u> Technically only 10 pins per unit are needed, the calculation assumes a nice build with all pins soldered
RPI Pico	1	8	8	<u>Link (Amazon)</u> Prices vary greatly. You can get them cheaper. Beware of scammers and fakes ☺
SD card reader	1	9	9	<u>Link (Amazon)</u> 3.3V is important. Those from Adafruit are great but hard to get and expansive
Joysticks	5	8	1.60	Link (Amazon)
Passive Buzzer	20	7	0.35	Link (Amazon) 12mm x 8.5mm, PASSIVE
LEDs, resistors, transistors	x	X	2	Links (Amazon) <u>transistors</u> , <u>resistors</u> , <u>LEDs</u> calculated generously



Thank you:

Contributors

- Kevin McAleer (initial idea)
- BBWHH IT22 group and friends, especially:
 - Nils (Mastermind, C++ version, KiCad)
 - Daiman (KiCad & Prototyping)
 - Julian (coding)
 - Justin (coding & VsCode integration)
 - TheFlow & Luca (cases)
 - Alex (project planning, documentation, coding, soldering, cash cow & whip)
- Hardware manufacturers and driver producers (SDcard & Display)
- JLCPCB & KiCad
- The Internet

Q&A

Backstage:

Additional thoughts:

- What about a better and possibly colored display?
 - Cool
 - Generally possible
 - Pricing
 - Performance in Micro Python poor, better in C++
 - Requires more GPIO pins
 - Difficult trade-off
- Can it run DOOM?
 - There is a project (RP2040 Doom)
 - Github
 - Blog post
 - We did not try it
 - Probably not on the exact Tamachibi hardware
 - Would be a separate project
- Can it emulate a Gameboy?
 - Same as with Doom
 - Github
- Can it run Crysis?
 - Probably not :)

What is in the box?

(or should be)

- Parts (basic Tamachibi)
 - Displays
 - Buttons
 - Pin headers M&F (& angled)
- RPI Picos
- PCBs
 - V1.0 (green)
 - V1.1 (blue)
 - V2.0 (white)
 - V2.1 (purple)
- Documentation
 - Presentation (this)
 - Worksheet (pdf)
- Additional parts (v2)
 - NPN-transistors
 - 100r resistors
 - LEDs
 - Passive buzzer
 - Joysticks
 - SD card reader
- Online content
 - Github (this project)



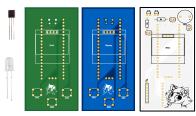












Bonus content:

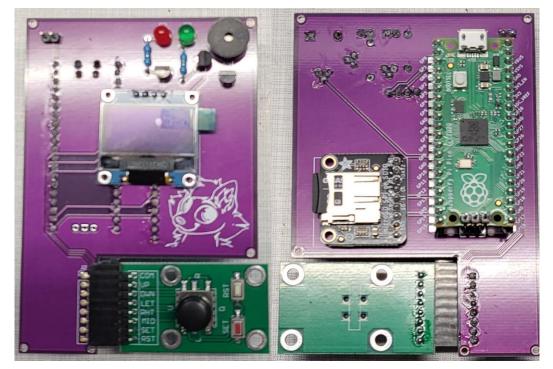


 Presoldered V1 PCBs (not perfect but working with a twist)

Not in the box:

- Micro USB cable
- Bread board
- Dupond / jumper cableM->M & M->F
- Everything related to soldering

Gallery:

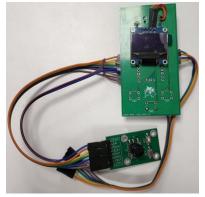






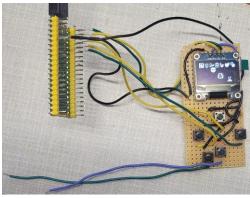












Aftershow:

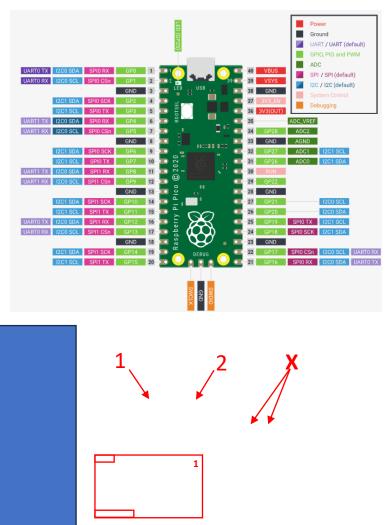
Headline

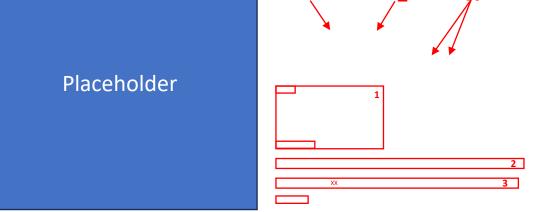
- Topic
- Other topic (on some units)



Arbeitsblatt









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Bla bla bla