

NLP CLASSIFICATION MODEL: Emotion classification

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Vaish\Desktop\NLP(AD)\emotion.csv")
df.head()
```

```
Out[2]:
```

	text	label
0	i didnt feel humiliated	0
1	i can go from feeling so hopeless to so damned...	0
2	im grabbing a minute to post i feel greedy wrong	3
3	i am ever feeling nostalgic about the fireplac...	2
4	i am feeling grouchy	3

```
In [6]: df.shape
```

```
Out[6]: (16000, 2)
```

```
In [8]: df.info
```

```
Out[8]: <bound method DataFrame.info of
text  label
0          i didnt feel humiliated      0
1  i can go from feeling so hopeless to so damned...  0
2  im grabbing a minute to post i feel greedy wrong  3
3  i am ever feeling nostalgic about the fireplac...  2
4          i am feeling grouchy      3
...
15995  i just had a very brief time in the beanbag an...  0
15996  i am now turning and i feel pathetic that i am...  0
15997          i feel strong and good overall      1
15998  i feel like this was such a rude comment and i...  3
15999  i know a lot but i feel so stupid because i ca...  0

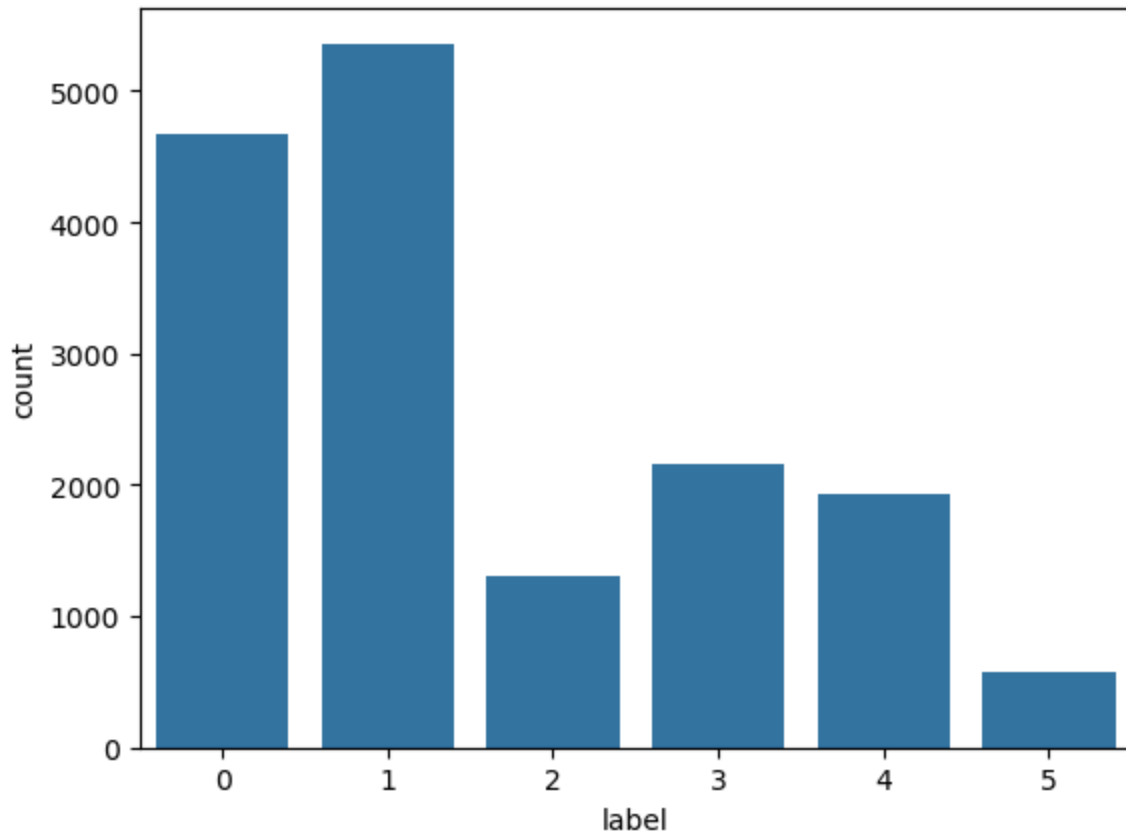
[16000 rows x 2 columns]>
```

```
In [10]: df.label.value_counts()
```

```
Out[10]: label
1      5362
0      4666
3      2159
4      1937
2      1304
5       572
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [12]: import seaborn as sns
sns.countplot(x = df.label)
```

```
Out[12]: <Axes: xlabel='label', ylabel='count'>
```



```
In [15]: df.isna().sum()
```

```
Out[15]: text      0
label      0
dtype: int64
```

Text processing

```
In [21]: # convert text to lower case
df['text'] = df['text'].apply(lambda x: " ".join(x.lower() for x in x.split()))
```

```
In [23]: import nltk
nltk.download('stopwords')
```

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to
[nltk_data] C:\Users\Vaish\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
```

```
Out[23]: True
```

```
In [25]: from nltk.corpus import stopwords
stop = stopwords.words('english')
```

```
df['text'] = df['text'].apply(lambda x: " ".join(x for x in x.split() if x not in s
```

```
In [35]: # Do Lemmatization
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
from textblob import Word
df['text'] = df['text'].apply(lambda x: " ".join([Word(word).lemmatize() for word in x.split()])
df['text'].head()
```

```
Out[35]: 0          didnt feel humiliated
1    go feeling hopeless damned hopeful around some...
2          im grabbing minute post feel greedy wrong
3    ever feeling nostalgic fireplace know still pr...
4          feeling grouchy
Name: text, dtype: object
```

```
In [42]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
tfidf = TfidfVectorizer()
X = tfidf.fit_transform(df['text'])
X=X.toarray()
y=df.label.values
```

```
In [46]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size =0.2, random_state=0)
```

Model Building

```
In [54]: from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
#Initialize GaussianNB classifier
model = GaussianNB()
#Fit the model on the train dataset
model = model.fit(X_train, y_train)
#Make predictions on the test dataset
pred = model.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [55]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report
```

```
In [56]: print(confusion_matrix(y_test, pred))
```

```
[[293 116 117 144 171  64]
 [175 388 193  96 132  69]
 [ 48  60 103  15  32  13]
 [ 84  85  53 146  58  33]
 [ 84  61  38  37 147  30]
 [ 23  16  10   5  20  41]]
```

```
In [60]: print(accuracy_score(y_test,pred))
```

```
0.349375
```

```
In [62]: print(classification_report(y_test,pred))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.41	0.32	0.36	905
1	0.53	0.37	0.44	1053
2	0.20	0.38	0.26	271
3	0.33	0.32	0.32	459
4	0.26	0.37	0.31	397
5	0.16	0.36	0.22	115
accuracy			0.35	3200
macro avg	0.32	0.35	0.32	3200
weighted avg	0.40	0.35	0.36	3200

```
In [66]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
clf_rf=RandomForestClassifier()
clf_rf.fit(X_train,y_train)
rf_pred = clf_rf.predict(X_test).astype(int)
```

```
In [67]: print(confusion_matrix(y_test,rf_pred))
```

```
[[826  34   7  19  18   1]
 [ 25 979  25  10   9   5]
 [   3  63 201   2   2   0]
 [ 32  32   2 384   8   1]
 [ 10  18   3  18 334  14]
 [   4  14   0   0   9  88]]
```

```
In [68]: print(accuracy_score(y_test,rf_pred))
```

```
0.87875
```

```
In [69]: print(classification_report(y_test,rf_pred))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.92	0.91	0.92	905
1	0.86	0.93	0.89	1053
2	0.84	0.74	0.79	271
3	0.89	0.84	0.86	459
4	0.88	0.84	0.86	397
5	0.81	0.77	0.79	115
accuracy			0.88	3200
macro avg	0.87	0.84	0.85	3200
weighted avg	0.88	0.88	0.88	3200

Logistic Regression

```
In [75]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
logreg= LogisticRegression()
logreg.fit(X_train,y_train)
lr_pred = logreg.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [77]: print(confusion_matrix(y_test,lr_pred))
```

```
[[ 848  37   1  12   7   0]
 [ 19 1015  12   3   2   2]
 [ 18  90 155   5   3   0]
 [ 51  55   2 348   3   0]
 [ 26  49   2  26 287   7]
 [ 12  27   0   0  13  63]]
```

```
In [79]: print(classification_report(y_test,lr_pred))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.87	0.94	0.90	905
1	0.80	0.96	0.87	1053
2	0.90	0.57	0.70	271
3	0.88	0.76	0.82	459
4	0.91	0.72	0.81	397
5	0.88	0.55	0.67	115
accuracy			0.85	3200
macro avg	0.87	0.75	0.80	3200
weighted avg	0.86	0.85	0.84	3200

```
In [81]: print(accuracy_score(y_test,lr_pred))
```

```
0.84875
```

Conclusion

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In [85]: Random forest is the best model with accuracy 88%
```

```
In [ ]:
```