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ADVANCED DEV-OPS EXPERIMENT-04

AIM :To install Kubectl and execute Kubectl commands to manage the Kubernetes cluster and deploy Your First Kubernetes Application.

Step 1: Install Kubectl on Ubuntu

1.1 Add Kubernetes APT repository

Install prerequisites:

sudo apt-get update

sudo apt-get install -y apt-transport-https ca-certificates curl

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-22-29: ~  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-22-29:~$ sudo apt-get update  
sudo apt-get install -y apt-transport-https ca-certificates curl  
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRelease  
Hit:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates InRelease  
Hit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports InRelease  
Get:4 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu jammy InRelease [48.8 kB]  
Hit:5 https://prod-cdn.packages.k8s.io/repositories/iscv:kubernetes:/addons:/cri-o:/prerelease InRelease  
Hit:6 https://prod-cdn.packages.k8s.io/repositories/iscv:kubernetes:/core:/stable:/v1.29/debian InRelease  
Get:7 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security InRelease [129 kB]  
Fetched 178 kB in 1s (277 kB/s)  
Reading package lists... Done  
Reading package lists... Done  
Building dependency tree... Done  
Reading state information... Done  
ca-certificates is already the newest version (20230311ubuntu0.22.04.1).  
curl is already the newest version (7.81.0-1ubuntu1.17).  
apt-transport-https is already the newest version (2.4.13).  
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 8 not upgraded.
```

2. Add the GPG key for Kubernetes:

sudo curl -fsSLo /usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-22-29:~$ sudo curl -fsSLo /usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg  
https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt/doc/apt-key.gpg
```

3. Add the Kubernetes repository:

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-22-29:~$ echo "deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring  
.gpg] https://apt.kubernetes.io/ kubernetes-focal main" | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/ku  
bernetes.list  
deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg] https://apt.kubernetes.io/  
kubernetes-focal main
```

1.2 Install kubectl Now install kubectl:

sudo apt-get update

sudo apt-get install -y kubectl

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-22-29:~$ sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install -y kubectl
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRelease
Get:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates InRelease [128 kB]
Hit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports InRelease
Hit:4 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security InRelease
Hit:5 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu jammy InRelease
Hit:6 https://prod-cdn.packages.k8s.io/repositories/isv:/kubernetes:/addons:/cri-o:/prerelease:/main/deb InRelease
Ign:7 https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt kubernetes-focal InRelease
Err:8 https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt kubernetes-focal Release
  404 Not Found [IP: 172.253.62.138 443]
Reading package lists... Done
E: The repository 'https://apt.kubernetes.io kubernetes-focal Release' does not have a Release file.
N: Updating from such a repository can't be done securely, and is therefore disabled by default.
N: See apt-secure(8) manpage for repository creation and user configuration details.
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
kubectl is already the newest version (1.29.0-1.1).
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 5 not upgraded.
```

Step 2: Deploying Your Application on Kubernetes

2.1 Set up Kubernetes Cluster

Once your cluster is ready, verify the nodes:

kubectl get nodes

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227:~$ kubectl get nodes
NAME                                STATUS    ROLES    AGE     VERSION
ip-172-31-43-211                    Ready     <none>    50s     v1.29.0
ip-172-31-45-13                     Ready     <none>    34s     v1.29.0
ip-172-31-45-227                    Ready     control-plane 5m17s   v1.29.0
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227:~$ |
```

Step 3: Create the Deployment YAML file

a) Create the YAML file:

Use a text editor to create a file named nginx-deployment.yaml

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227:~$ nano nginx-deployment.yaml
```

b)Add the Deployment Configuration:

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227: ~
GNU nano 6.2 nginx-deployment.yaml
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: nginx-deployment
  labels:
    app: nginx
spec:
  replicas: 2
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: nginx
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: nginx
    spec:
      containers:
      - name: nginx
        image: nginx:1.21.3
        ports:
        - containerPort: 80
```

Step 4:Create the Service YAML File

a)Create the YAML File:

Create another file named nginx-service.yaml

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227:~$ nano nginx-service.yaml
```

b)Add the Service Configuration:

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227: ~
GNU nano 6.2 nginx-service.yaml *
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: nginx-service
spec:
  selector:
    app: nginx
  ports:
    - protocol: TCP
      port: 80
      targetPort: 80
  type: LoadBalancer
```

Step 5: Apply the YAML Files

a) Deploy the Application: Use kubectl to create the Deployment and Service from the YAML files.

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227:~$ kubectl apply -f nginx-deployment.yaml
kubectl apply -f nginx-service.yaml
deployment.apps/nginx-deployment created
service/nginx-service created
```

b) Verify the Deployment: Check the status of your Deployment, Pods and Services.

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227:~$ kubectl get deployments
kubectl get pods
kubectl get services
```

NAME	READY	UP-TO-DATE	AVAILABLE	AGE
nginx-deployment	2/2	2	2	40s

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
nginx-deployment-6b4d6fdbf-6k84m	1/1	Running	0	40s
nginx-deployment-6b4d6fdbf-9d8j6	1/1	Running	0	40s

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.96.0.1	<none>	443/TCP	40m
nginx-service	LoadBalancer	10.106.182.152	<pending>	80:32317/TCP	40s

Step 6: Ensure Service is Running

6.1 Verify Service: Run the following command to check the services running in your cluster:

kubectl get service

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227:~$ kubectl get service
```

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.96.0.1	<none>	443/TCP	16h
nginx	NodePort	10.106.0.176	<none>	80:32618/TCP	76m
nginx-service	NodePort	10.106.182.152	<none>	80:30007/TCP	15h
nginx2	NodePort	10.99.32.156	<none>	80:31421/TCP	8s

Step 7: Forward the Service Port to Your Local Machine

kubectl port-forward allows you to forward a port from your local machine to a port on a service running in the Kubernetes cluster.

1. Forward the Service Port: Use the following command to forward a local port to the service's target port.

kubectl port-forward service/ :

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227:~$ kubectl port-forward service/nginx-service 8080:80
Forwarding from 127.0.0.1:8080 -> 80
Forwarding from [::1]:8080 -> 80
```

This command will forward local port 8080 on your machine to port 80 of the service nginx-service running inside the cluster.

2. This means port forwarding is now active, and any traffic to localhost:8080 will be routed to the nginx-service on port 80.

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227:~$ kubectl port-forward service/nginx-service 8080:80
Forwarding from 127.0.0.1:8080 -> 80
Forwarding from [::1]:8080 -> 80
^Cubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227:~$ kubectl port-forward service/nginx-service 8081:8080
Forwarding from 127.0.0.1:8081 -> 80
Forwarding from [::1]:8081 -> 80
^Cubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227:~$ kubectl get pods
NAME                                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
nginx-deployment-776b8fd845-k9cx4   1/1     Running   0           113m
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-227:~$ kubectl logs nginx-deployment-776b8fd845-k9cx4
/docker-entrypoint.sh: /docker-entrypoint.d/ is not empty, will attempt to perform configuration
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Looking for shell scripts in /docker-entrypoint.d/
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Getting the checksum of /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Enabled listen on IPv6 in /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Sourcing /docker-entrypoint.d/15-local-resolvers.envsh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/20-envsubst-on-templates.sh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/30-tune-worker-processes.sh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Configuration complete; ready for start up
2024/09/12 06:35:51 [notice] 1#1: using the "epoll" event method
2024/09/12 06:35:51 [notice] 1#1: nginx/1.27.1
2024/09/12 06:35:51 [notice] 1#1: built by gcc 12.2.0 (Debian 12.2.0-14)
2024/09/12 06:35:51 [notice] 1#1: OS: Linux 6.5.0-1022-aws
2024/09/12 06:35:51 [notice] 1#1: getrlimit(RLIMIT_NOFILE): 1048576:1048576
2024/09/12 06:35:51 [notice] 1#1: start worker processes
2024/09/12 06:35:51 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 24
2024/09/12 06:35:51 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 25
```

Step 8: Access the Application Locally 1.

Open a Web Browser: Now open your web browser and go to the following URL:
<http://localhost:8080>

