#### 1

# EE3900-Gate Assignment

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#### Download all latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/vaishnavi-w/EE3900/blob/main/ Gate1/gatelatex.tex

#### and python codes from

https://github.com/vaishnavi-w/EE3900/blob/main/ Gate1/codes/fourier.py

### 1 Gate EC 2016 Q.1

Find energy of the signal  $x(t) = \frac{\sin(4\pi t)}{4\pi t}$ 

#### 2 Solution

**Lemma 2.1.** Parseval's theorem states that there is no loss of information in Fourier transform and the amount of energy remains the same in time and frequency domains.

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |x(t)|^2 dt = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |X(\omega)|^2 d\omega \qquad (2.0.1)$$

Let,

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4} & \text{if } |t| \le 4\pi \\ 0 & \text{if } |t| > 4\pi \end{cases}$$
 (2.0.2)

$$f(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\rightleftharpoons} F(\omega)$$
 (2.0.3)

Finding the Fourier transform of f(t)

$$F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)e^{i\omega t}dt \qquad (2.0.4)$$

$$= \int_{4\pi}^{4\pi} \frac{1}{4} e^{i\omega t} dt \qquad (2.0.5)$$

$$=\frac{e^{i4\pi\omega}-e^{-i4\pi\omega}}{4i\omega}\tag{2.0.6}$$

$$=\frac{\sin 4\pi\omega}{2\omega}\tag{2.0.7}$$

From Duality of Fourier transform, we have

$$f(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\rightleftharpoons} F(\omega)$$
 (2.0.8)

$$F(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\rightleftharpoons} 2\pi f(-\omega) \tag{2.0.9}$$

$$\implies \frac{\sin 4\pi t}{2t} \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\rightleftharpoons} 2\pi f(-\omega) \tag{2.0.10}$$

$$\implies \frac{\sin 4\pi t}{4\pi t} \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\rightleftharpoons} f(-\omega) \tag{2.0.11}$$

$$f(-\omega) = f(\omega) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4} & \text{if } |\omega| \le 4\pi \\ 0 & \text{if } |\omega| > 4\pi \end{cases}$$
 (2.0.12)

Energy of the signal is given by,

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |x(t)|^2 dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left( \frac{\sin 4\pi t}{4\pi t} \right)^2 dt \qquad (2.0.13)$$

From Parseval's theorem, we have

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin 4\pi t}{4\pi t}\right)^2 dt = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-4\pi}^{4\pi} \frac{1}{4^2} d\omega \qquad (2.0.14)$$
$$= \frac{1}{4} \qquad (2.0.15)$$

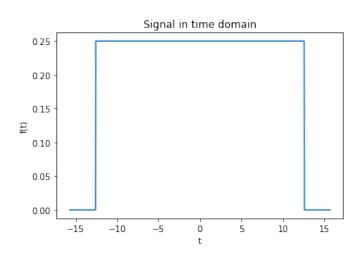


Fig. 0: Plot of signal in Time domain

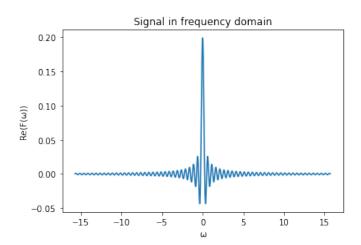


Fig. 0: Plot of signal in Frequency domain