

EE23BTECH11014- DEVARAKONDA GUNA VAISHNAVI*

Question: The sum of the first n terms of two arithmetic progressions (AP) is in the ratio $5n+4 : 9n+6$. Find the ratio of their 18th terms.

Solution: :

Parameter	value	Description
$x_1(0)$	9L	First term of the first arithmetic progression (AP).
$x_2(0)$	15L	First term of the second arithmetic progression (AP).
d_1	5L	Common difference of the first AP.
d_2	9L	Common difference of the second AP.
n	-	Index of the term in the sequences.
L	-	common multiple of arithmetic progression (AP).

TABLE I
INPUT PARAMETERS

$$x_1(n) = (x_1(0) + nd_1)u(n) \quad (1)$$

$$x_2(n) = (x_2(0) + nd_2)u(n) \quad (2)$$

Applying Z transform: Taking Z-Transform:

1) $\mathcal{Z}\{u(n)\}$

$$u(n) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{Z}} \frac{1}{1 - z^{-1}} \{|z| > 1\} \quad (3)$$

2) $\mathcal{Z}\{nu(n)\}$

$$nu(n) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{Z}} \frac{z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} \{|z| > 1\} \quad (4)$$

$$x_1(z) = \frac{9/2}{1 - z^{-1}} + \frac{5z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} \quad (5)$$

$$x_2(z) = \frac{15/2}{1 - z^{-1}} + \frac{9z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} \quad (6)$$

$$x_1(n) = \{9/2, 19/2, 29/2, \dots\} \quad (7)$$

$$x_2(n) = \{15/2, 33/2, 51/2, \dots\} \quad (8)$$

$$\frac{x_1(18)}{x_2(18)} = \frac{179}{321} \quad (9)$$

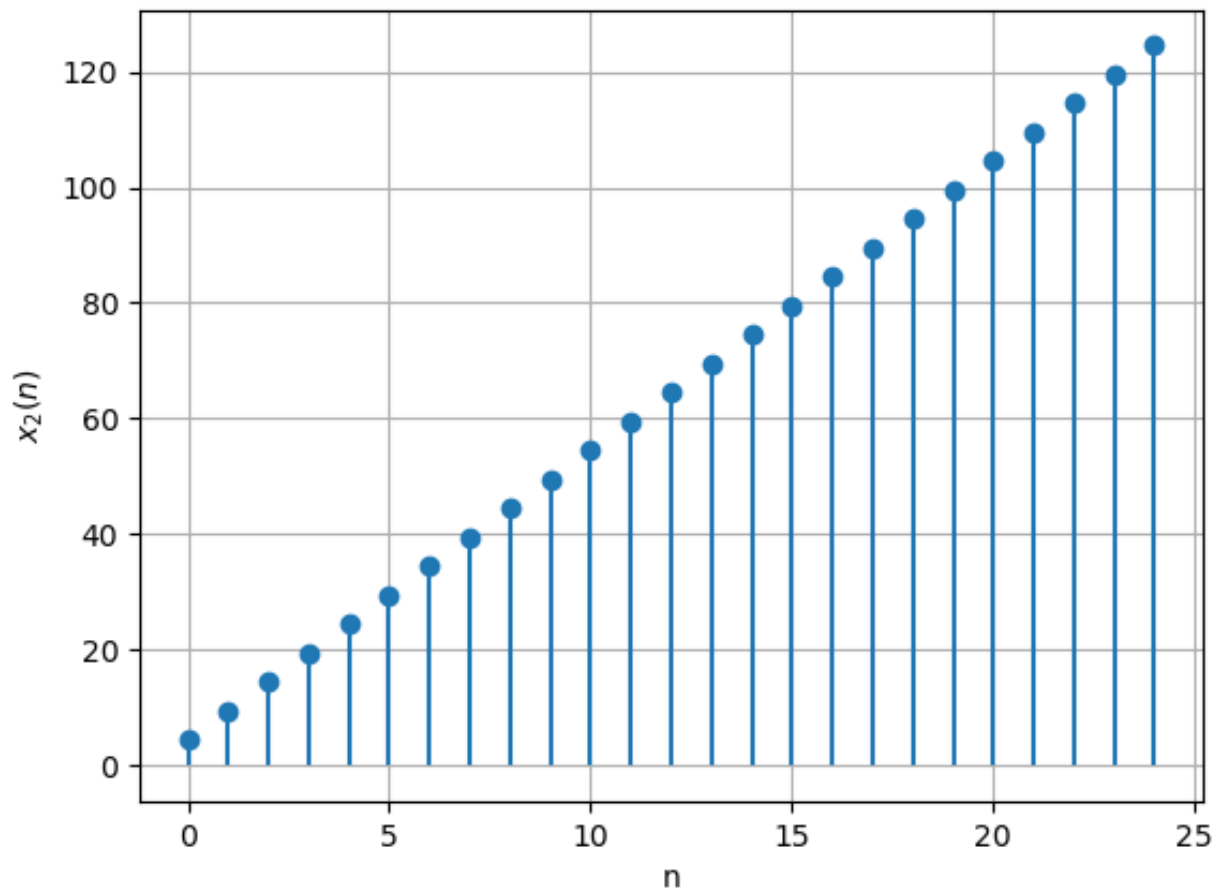


Fig. 1. stem plot of $x_1(n)$

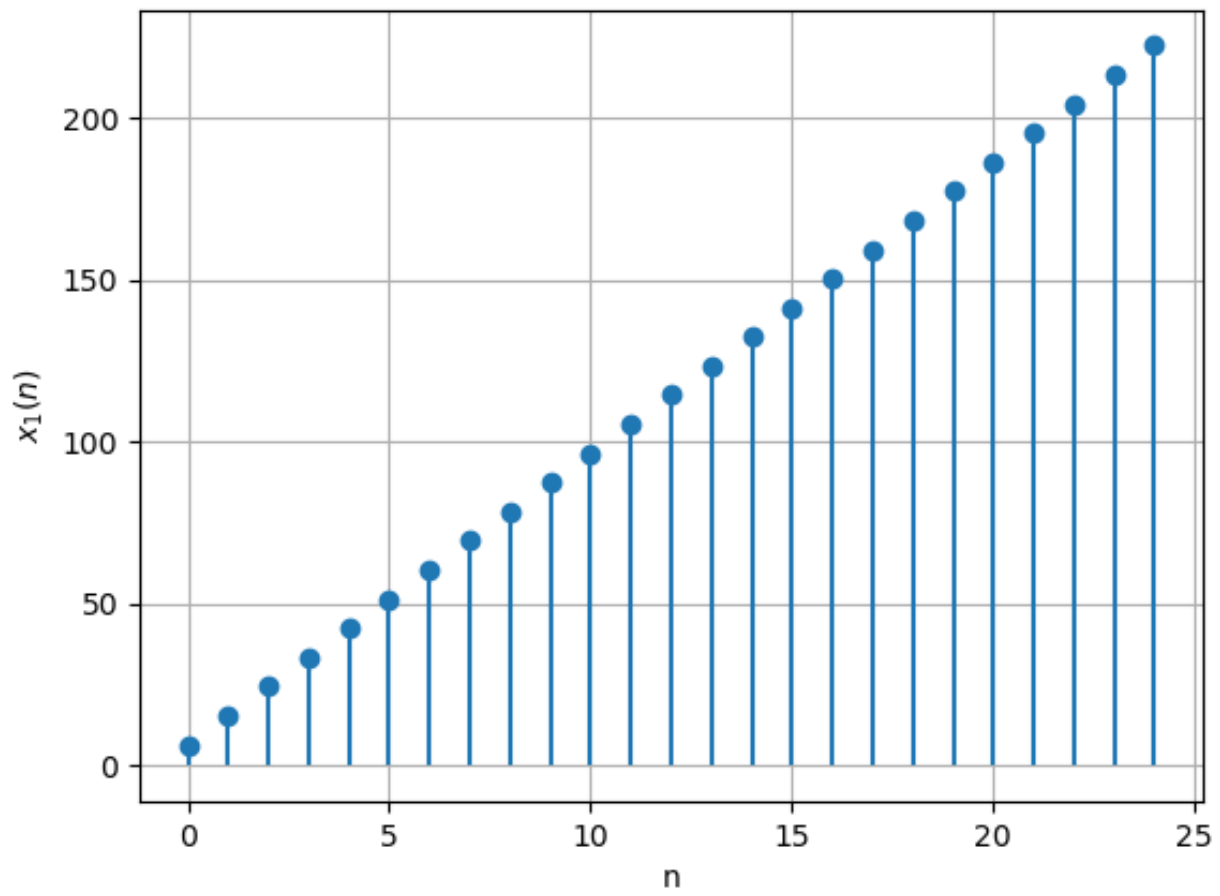


Fig. 2. stem plot of $x_2(n)$