signals and systems

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Consider the state-space description of an LTI system with matrices

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

For the input, $\sin(\omega t)$, $\omega > 0$, the value of ω for which the steady-state output of the system will be zero, is ______ (Round off to the nearest integer). solution:

| Parameter | Value |
|-----------------------|--|
| System Matrix, A | $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ |
| Input Matrix, B | $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ |
| Output Matrix, C | $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ |
| Feedthrough Matrix, D | 1 |
| Input Signal, $u(t)$ | $\sin(\omega t), \omega > 0$ |

Table 1: Input Parameters

Transfer function given by:

$$T.F = C \left[sI - A \right]^{-1} B + D \tag{1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} sI - A \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} s & -1 \\ 1 & s + 2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} sI - A \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} s & -1 \\ 1 & s + 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \tag{3}$$

$$\left[sI - A\right]^{-1} = \frac{1}{s(s+2)+1} \begin{bmatrix} s+2 & 1\\ -1 & s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{4}$$

Referencing from equation (4), equation (1) becomes

$$T.F = \begin{bmatrix} 3/s^2 + 2s + 1 & -2/s^2 + 2s + 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s+2 & 1 \\ -1 & s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + 1$$
 (5)

$$= [3/s^{2} + 2s + 1 \quad -2/s^{2} + 2s + 1] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + 1 \tag{6}$$

$$=\frac{s^2+4}{s^2+2s+1}\tag{7}$$

$$H(S) = T.F \tag{8}$$

$$H(S) = \frac{s^2 + 4}{s^2 + 2s + 1} \tag{9}$$

Substituting $s = j\omega$ in equation (9).

$$H(j\omega) = \frac{4 - (\omega)^2}{1 + 2j\omega - (\omega)^2} \tag{10}$$

Steady state output of system is zero.

$$4 - (\omega)^2 = 0 \tag{11}$$

$$\omega = 2rad/sec \tag{12}$$