

Signals and Systems - Gate2023-EE-Q46

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Question Consider the state-space description of an LTI system with matrices

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}, D = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

For the input, $\sin(\omega t)$, $\omega > 0$, the value of ω for which the steady-state output of the system will be zero, is _____ (Round off to the nearest integer).

(GATE EE 2023)

Solution:

The state-space representation of the system is given by:

Parameter	Value
System Matrix, A	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$
Input Matrix, B	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$
Output Matrix, C	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$
Feedthrough Matrix, D	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$
Input Signal, $u(t)$	$\sin(\omega t), \omega > 0$

TABLE I
INPUT PARAMETERS

$$\dot{x}(t) = Ax(t) + Bu(t) \quad (1)$$

$$y(t) = Cx(t) + Du(t) \quad (2)$$

Transfer function given by:

$$T.F = C[sI - A]^{-1}B + D \quad (3)$$

$$[sI - A] = \begin{bmatrix} s & -1 \\ 1 & s+2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (4)$$

$$[sI - A]^{-1} = \frac{1}{s(s+2)+1} \begin{bmatrix} s+2 & 1 \\ -1 & s \end{bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

Referencing from equation (??), equation (??) becomes

$$T.F = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{s^2+2s+1} & \frac{-2}{s^2+2s+1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s+2 & 1 \\ -1 & s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + 1 \quad (6)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{s^2+2s+1} & \frac{-2}{s^2+2s+1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ s \end{bmatrix} + 1 \quad (7)$$

$$= \frac{s^2 + 4}{s^2 + 2s + 1} \quad (8)$$

$$H(s) = T.F \quad (9)$$

$$H(s) = \frac{s^2 + 4}{s^2 + 2s + 1} \quad (10)$$

Substituting $s = j\omega$ in equation (??),

$$H(j\omega) = \frac{4 - (\omega)^2}{1 + 2j\omega - (\omega)^2} \quad (11)$$

Steady state output of system is zero:

$$4 - (\omega)^2 = 0 \quad (12)$$

$$\omega = 2 \text{ rad/sec} \quad (13)$$