

Name:Vaishnavi Ingole

Mail:vaishnavingle54@gmail.com

Day 15 and 16:

Task 1: Knapsack Problem Write a function `int Knapsack(int W, int[] weights, int[] values)` in C# that determines the maximum value of items that can fit into a knapsack with a capacity W. The function should handle up to 100 items. Find the optimal way to fill the knapsack with the given items to achieve the maximum total value. You must consider that you cannot break items, but have to include them whole.

```
package com.assign.dsa17;

import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;

public class KnapSack {

    public static int knapsack(int W, int[] weights, int[] values,
List<Integer> includedItems) {
        int n = weights.length;
        int[][] dp = new int[n + 1][W + 1];

        for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
            for (int w = 0; w <= W; w++) {
                if (i == 0 || w == 0) {
                    dp[i][w] = 0;
                } else if (weights[i - 1] <= w) {
                    dp[i][w] = Math.max(values[i - 1] + dp[i - 1][w -
weights[i - 1]], dp[i - 1][w]);
                } else {
                    dp[i][w] = dp[i - 1][w];
                }
            }
        }

        int res = dp[n][W];
        int w = W;
        for (int i = n; i > 0 && res > 0; i--) {
            if (res != dp[i - 1][w]) {
                includedItems.add(i - 1);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        res -= values[i - 1];
        w -= weights[i - 1];
    }
}

return dp[n][W];
}

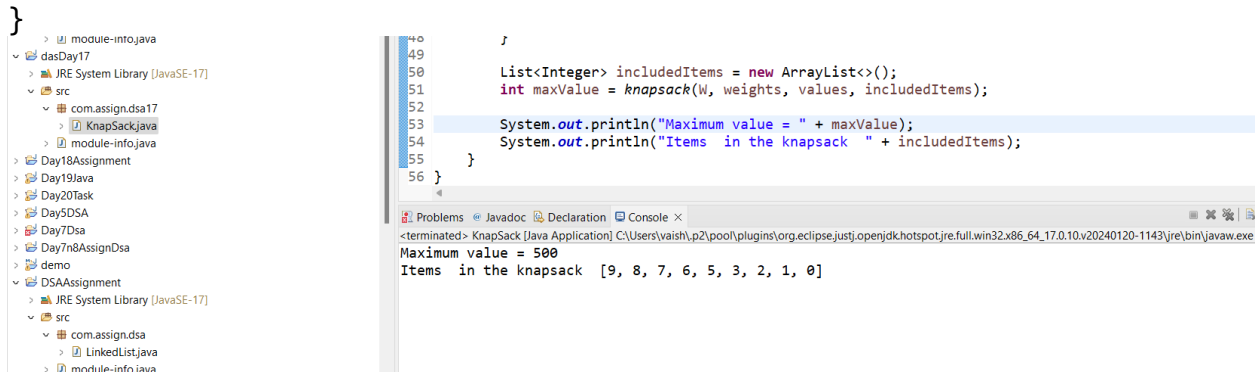
public static void main(String[] args) {
    int W = 50;
    int[] weights = new int[100];
    int[] values = new int[100];

    for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++) {
        weights[i] = i + 1;
        values[i] = (i + 1) * 10;
    }

    List<Integer> includedItems = new ArrayList<>();
    int maxValue = knapsack(W, weights, values, includedItems);

    System.out.println("Maximum value = " + maxValue);
    System.out.println("Items in the knapsack " +
includedItems);
}
}

```



Task 2: Longest Common Subsequence Implement int LCS(string text1, string text2) to find the length of the longest common subsequence between two strings.

```
package com.wipro.algo;
```

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
```

```
import java.util.List;
```

```

public class KnapsackProblem01 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        int capacity =8;
        int[] values= {1,2,5,6};
        int[] weights = {2,3,4,5};
        int n = values.length;

        int maxValue= knapsack(capacity,weights,values, n);
        System.out.println("Maximum value that can be obtained :"+ maxValue);

    }

    private static int knapsack(int capacity, int[] weights, int[] profits, int n) {
        int[][] t =new int[n+1][capacity+1];

        for(int rownum =0 ;rownum<=n; rownum++) {
            for(int colnum =0; colnum <=capacity ; colnum++) {
                if(rownum ==0 || colnum ==0) {
                    t[rownum][colnum] =0;
                }else if(weights[rownum-1] <= colnum) {
                    t[rownum][colnum] = Math.max(t[rownum-1][colnum],
profits[rownum -1] +
                    t[rownum -1][colnum -weights[rownum-1]]);
                }else {
                    t[rownum][colnum] = t[rownum-1][colnum];
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
    }
}

List<Integer> itemsIncluded = findItemsIncluded(t,weights,profits,n,capacity);
System.out.println("Items in knapsack :"+ itemsIncluded);
return t[n][capacity];
}

private static List<Integer> findItemsIncluded(int[][] t, int[] weights, int[] profits, int n, int
capacity) {

    List<Integer> Items = new ArrayList<>();

    int i = n;
    int k = capacity;

    while (i > 0 && k > 0) {
        if (t[i][k] != t[i - 1][k]) {
            Items.add(i - 1);
            k -= weights[i - 1];
        }
        i--;
    }

    return Items;
}
}

```

