

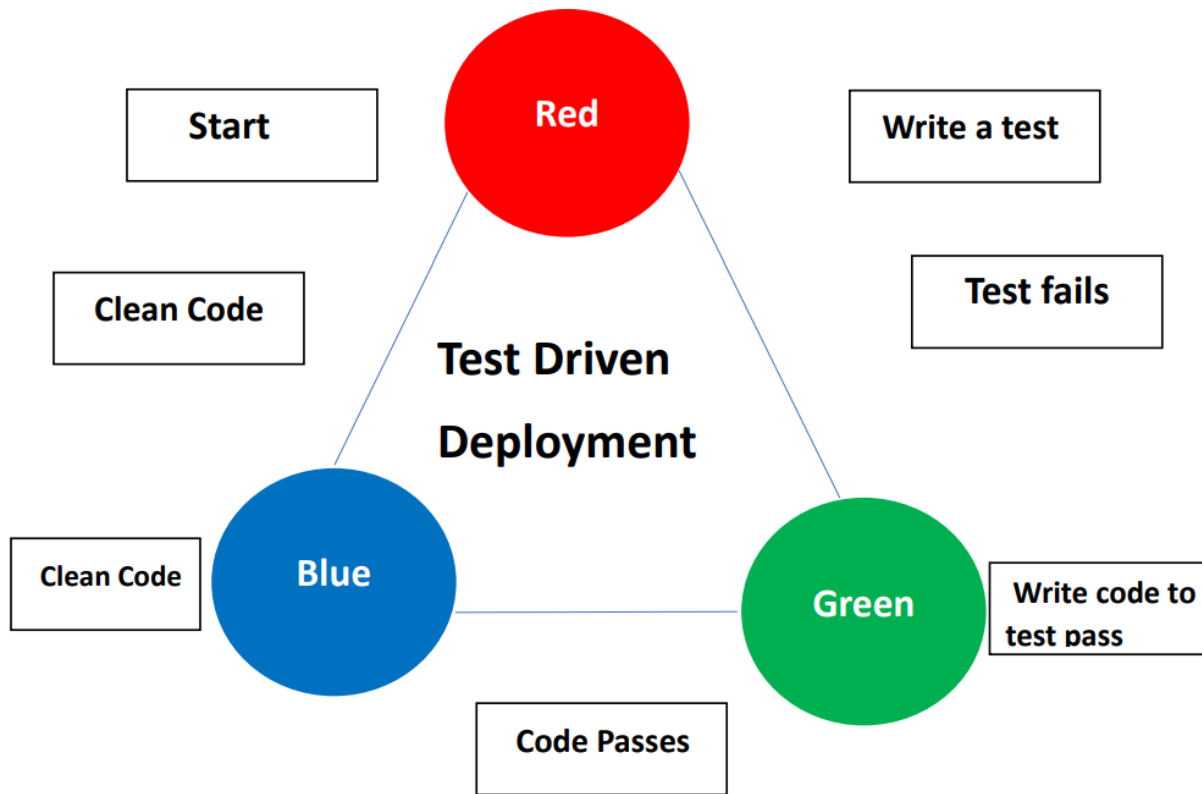
# Assignment 02

Produce a comparative infographic of TDD, BDD, and FDD methodologies. Illustrate their unique approaches, benefits, and suitability for different software development contexts. Use visuals to enhance understanding.

## **Test-Driven Development (TDD)**

### 1. Approach

- . Write tests before writing code.
- . Focus on small, incremental development cycles.
- . Tests define the desired behaviour of the code.



## 2. Benefits

- . Early bug detection and reduction.
- . Improved code quality and design.
- . Enhanced software reliability through continuous testing.

## 3. Suitability

- . Ideal for Agile environments.
- . Well-suited for projects with clear requirements.
- . Best for projects where code quality is paramount.

# Behavior-Driven Development (BDD)

## 1. Approach

- . Focuses on behavior rather than implementation details.
- . Uses natural language specifications (e.g., Gherkin syntax).
- . Collaboration between developers, QA, and stakeholders.

## 2. Benefits

- . Encourages clear communication between stakeholders.
- . Promotes a shared understanding of requirements.
- . Facilitates automated testing and documentation.



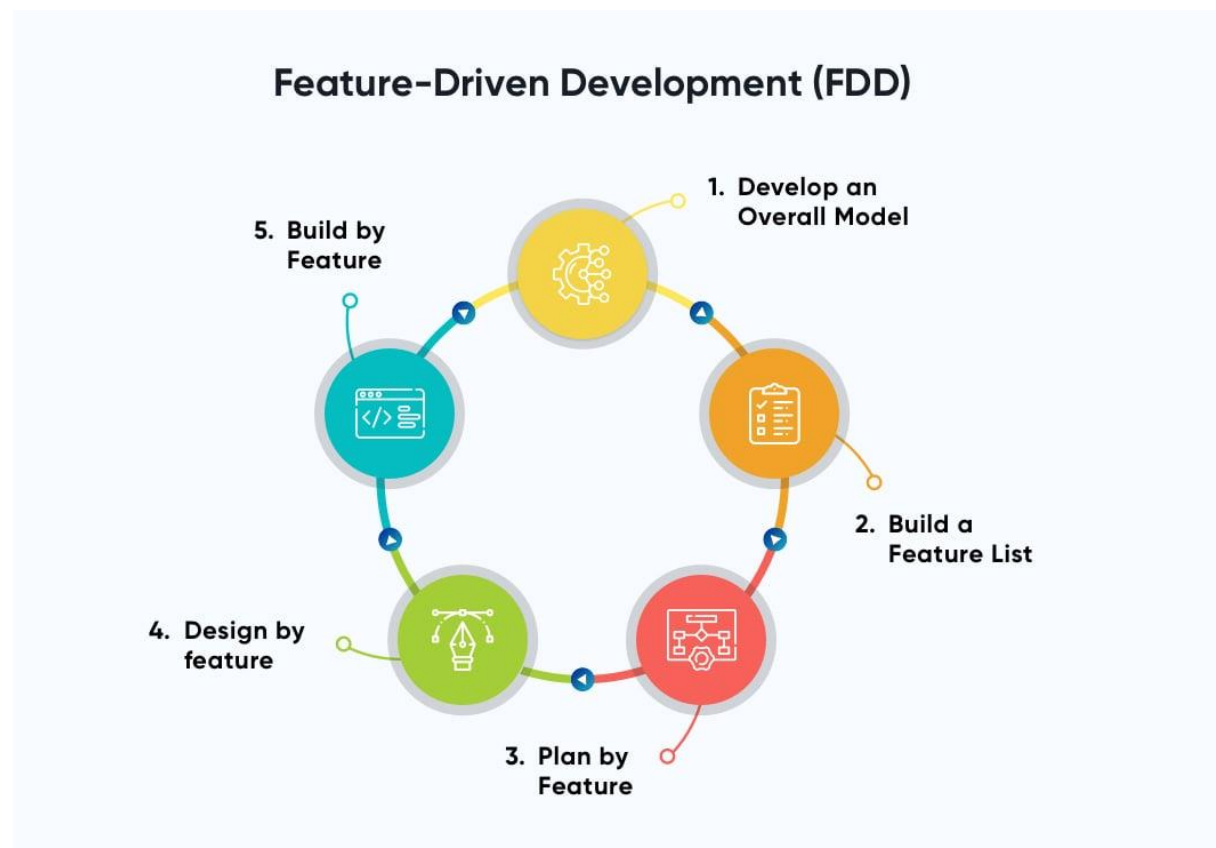
### 3. Suitability

- Useful for projects with complex business logic.
- Suitable for teams with diverse skill sets.
- Effective for projects requiring a high level of stakeholder involvement.

# Feature-Driven Development (FDD)

## 1. Approach

- Iterative and incremental development based on features.
- Features are broken down into smaller tasks and implemented sequentially.
- Emphasizes domain modeling and feature ownership.



## 2. Benefits

- Clear focus on delivering tangible features.
- Effective for large-scale projects with multiple teams.
- Encourages frequent releases and feedback loops.

### 3.Suitability

- Suitable for large, complex projects with changing requirements.
- Ideal for teams with a strong emphasis on domain modeling.
- Works well in environments where feature delivery is critical.