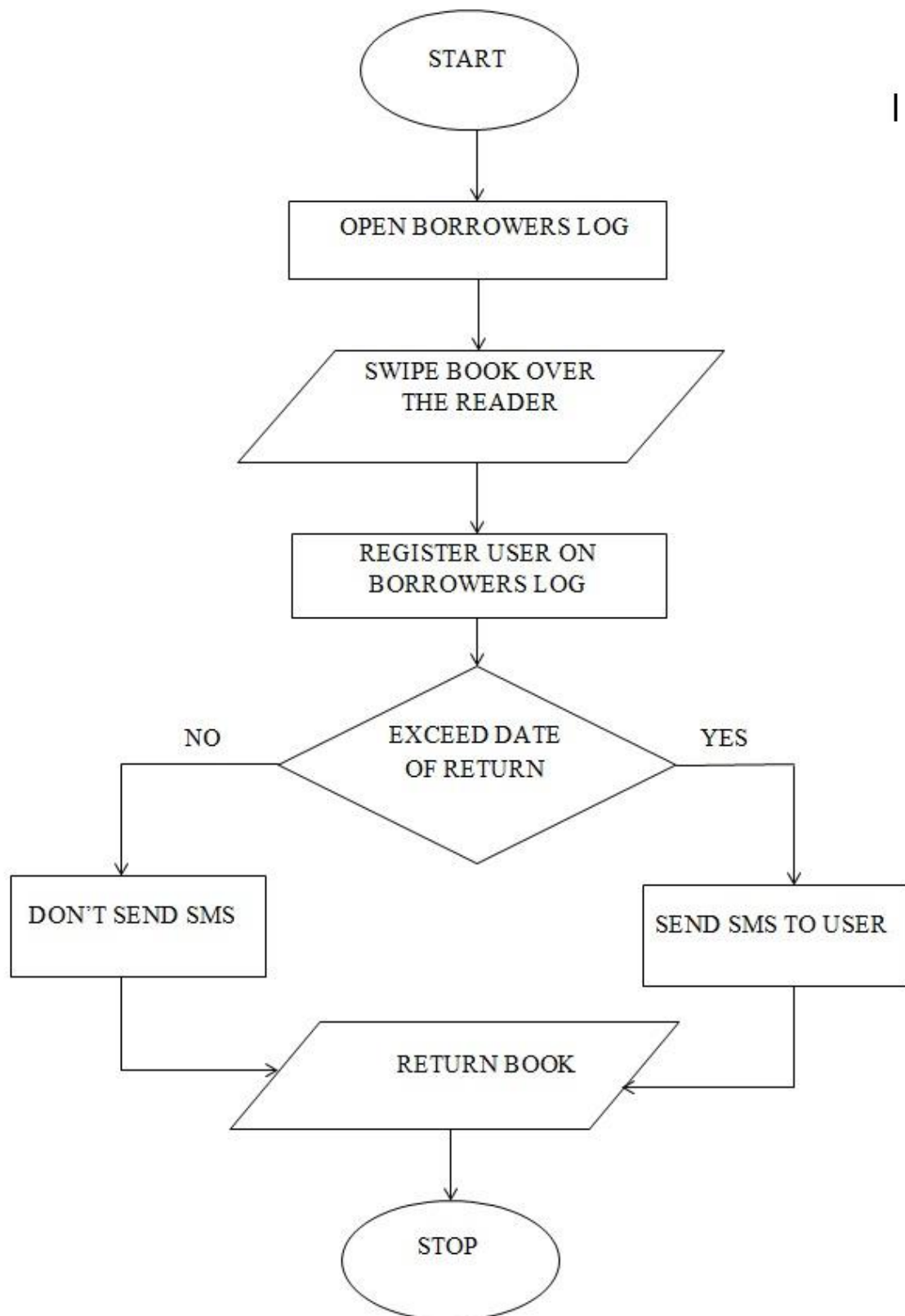


Assignment 1:

Analyse a given business scenario and create an ER diagram that includes entities, relationships, attributes, and cardinality. Ensure that the diagram reflects proper normalization up to the third normal form.

Scenario -: Online Book Library

ER Diagram-:



Entities:

Book

Attributes:

book_id (primary key)

title

author (can be multiple authors)

ISBN

publication_date

genre (optional)

edition (optional)

Author

Attributes:

author_id (primary key)

name

Customer

Attributes:

customer_id (primary key)

name

email

address

Loan

Attributes:

loan_id (primary key)

book_id (foreign key references Book.book_id)

customer_id (foreign key references
Customer.customer_id)

loan_date

due_date

returned_date (optional)

Relationships:

Book (written by) Author (Many-to-Many):

A Book can be written by many Authors (and vice versa).

This relationship is implemented using an associative entity named Book_Author.

Book_Author

Attributes:

book_id (foreign key references Book.book_id)

author_id (foreign key references Author.author_id)

primary key (composite key: book_id, author_id)

Book (borrowed by) Customer (One-to-Many):

A Book can be borrowed by many Customers (one at a time).

A Customer can borrow many Books.

Customer (has) Loan (One-to-Many):

A Customer can have many Loans.

A Loan belongs to one Customer.

Cardinality:

One Book can be written by many Authors (1:N).

One Author can write many Books (N:1).

One Book can be borrowed by many Customers (1:N).

One Customer can borrow many Books (1:N).

One Customer can have many Loans (1:N).

One Loan belongs to one Customer (N:1).

One Loan is for one Book (N:1).

Normalization:

This ER diagram is in Third Normal Form (3NF) because:

There are no partial dependencies. Every non-key attribute depends only on the entire primary key of its entity.

There are no transitive dependencies. No non-key attribute depends on another non-key attribute.