



VAISHNAVI SURENDRA

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Current Position Postdoctoral Scholar, University of California, Berkeley

Doctoral Studies University of California, Berkeley

PhD, Agricultural and Resource Economics, 2020

DISSERTATION: "Essays on Credit Markets in Rural India"

PRIMARY FIELDS: Development Economics

SECONDARY FIELDS: Economics of Institutions, Political Economy

References Prof Aprajit Mahajan Prof Ethan Ligon Dr. Vijayendra Rao

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PlacementProf Sofia Villas-BoasProf Max AuffhammerMs Diana LazoOfficerssberto@berkeley.eduauffhammer@berkeley.edulazo@berkeley.edu

PriorLondon School of EconomicsM.Sc. Economics2012EducationIndian Institute of Technology MadrasM.A. (5 year integrated undergraduate) Economics2011

Research Papers "The Moneylender as Middleman: Formal Credit Supply and Informal Loans in Rural India" (JOB MARKET PAPER)

Abstract. Informal moneylending continues to flourish across the developing world, despite expansions in the formal financial sector. In this paper, I investigate whether the two sectors compete, or are embedded in a vertical relationship in the context of non-agricultural lending. I find that weather-induced increases in incomes raise household borrowing from informal sources primarily due to higher borrowing for purchases of durable goods. This is accompanied by an increase in informal loan interest rates, suggesting a demand response. However, the increase in transacted loans is significantly lower when districts experience a contraction in the supply of formal credit. To explain this, I turn to primary and secondary survey data, which indicate that moneylenders use formal loans as lending capital, increasing such borrowing when met with shortfalls. Together, these results suggest that informal moneylenders play an intermediating role between borrowers and formal financial institutions, contributing to their persistence in the consumption credit landscape.

"Relief from Usury: Impact of a Self-Help Group Intervention in Rural India" (with Vivian Hoffmann, Vijayendra Rao, Upamanyu Datta)

Accepted by the Journal of Development Economics

Abstract. Provision of low-cost credit to the poor through self-help groups (SHGs) has been embraced as a key poverty-reduction strategy in developing countries, but evidence on the impact of this approach is thin. Using a randomized program rollout over 180 panchayats, we evaluate the impact of a government-led SHG initiative in the Indian state of Bihar. Two years after the start of the program, we find a dramatic increase in SHG membership, borrowing from SHGs, and a corresponding decline in the use of informal credit. Fewer informal lenders are operating in treatment villages, and those who do charge lower interest rates. While these credit market impacts could lead to substantial improvements in economic well-being over time, the short-run impact of the program on such outcomes is modest.

Research Papers

"Access to Finance, Empowerment and Women's Employment: Experimental Evidence from Rural Bihar" (Working Paper)

Abstract. Federal and state governments in India have relied on women's Self-Help Groups (SHGs) to provide access to low-cost credit and savings with the dual intent of financial inclusion and womenâs empowerment. I focus on one such SHG initiative in the state of Bihar, Jeevika, and exploit the randomized roll-out of the program to evaluate its impact on womenâs labor supply. I find that the program had mixed effects across caste categories. Women from more privileged households increased their labor supply, while both women and men from disadvantaged house-holds decreased their labor supply. The decline in labor supply among disadvantaged households is driven by reduced participation in agricultural wage labor, and is associated with an increase in agricultural labor wage rates. For women from more vulnerable households, these results suggest that better access to finance reduces the need to sell labor to smooth income; while, for women from privileged households, they suggest that better access to finance allows them increase their labor force participation in more 'suitable' occupations.

Research	in
Progress	

"Gender-Wage Gap in Agricultural Labor Markets in Rural India" with Manaswini Rao. "Debt-driven Consumption Growth in Rural India" with Vivian Hoffmann and Vijayendra Rao.

Teaching	UC Berkeley	y Department of Economics,		
Ö	Introduction to Economics, Martha Olney 2015, 2017, 20		018, 2019	
	UC Berkeley	y Department of Agricultural and Resource Economics,		
		Microeconomic Theory with Application to Natural Resources, Jeff Perloff	2017	
	UC Berkele			
		Microeconomic Theory with Application to Natural Resources, Ethan Ligon	2016	
	UC Berkeley	,		
		Environmental Economics, David Roland-Holst	2016	
Grants,	2019	The Jean O. Lanjouw Memorial Endowment Grant, UC Berkeley Conference Travel	Grant	
Fellowships,	2018	ARE Travel Grant, IRLE Graduate Student Research Grant (with Manaswini Rao)		
and Awards	2017	The Dennis J. Aigner Endowed Graduate Support Fund, Maharaj Kaul Memorial Research		
		Travel Grant		
	2016	UC Berkeley Graduate Division Summer Grant		
	Earlier	Marjorie Deane Financial Journalism Foundation Studentship (LSE), Institute Merit	Prize (IIT	
		Madras), Swati/Jayalakshmi Memorial Award (IIT Madras), MITACS Globalink So	cholarship	
		(University of British Columbia)		
Talks	2020	Center on Food Security and the Environment, Stanford University		
	2019	Summer School in Development Economics, Prato, Italy		
	2017	NEUDC, Fletcher School at Tufts University; PacDev, UC Riverside		
Prior	•	· 1 3 3 /	18 - 2019	
Employment		, 1	015 - 2019	
			012 - 2014	
	LSE, Resear	ch Assistant (Nicholas Stern)	2012	
Languages	English (flue	nt), Hindi (fluent), Tamil (native), Telugu (basic)		
Activities	2018	Organizing Committee, Graduate Student Summit for Diversity in Economics		
	2015 - 2019	Leadership Board, Women in Economics at Berkeley		
	2008	Summer Reporter, The Economic Times		