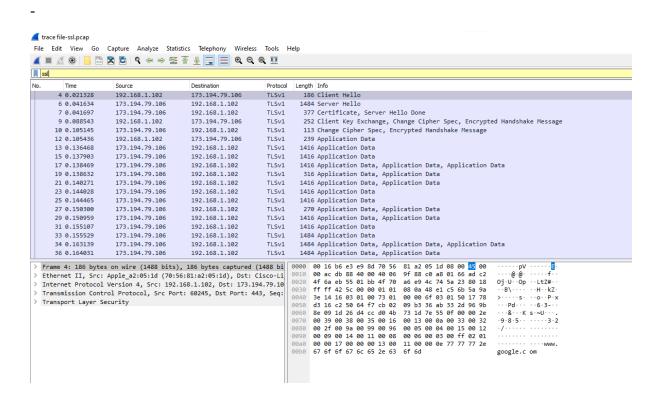
CNS LAB ESE

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Title: Analyze SSL using Wireshark and answer the following

1. For each of the first 8 Ethernet frames, specify the source of the frame (client or server), determine the number of SSL records that are included in the frame, and list the SSL record types that are included in the frame. Draw a timing diagram between client and server, with one arrow for each SSL record.



No.	Frame	Source	Destination	SSL Count	SSL Type
1	4	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	1	Client Hello
2	6	173.194.73.106	192.168.1.102	1	Server Hello
3	7	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	2	Server Hello Done
4	9	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	3	Client Key Exchange
5	10	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	2	Change Cipher
6	12	192.168.1.102	173.194.79.106	1	App Data
7	13	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	1	App Data
8	15	173.194.79.106	192.168.1.102	1	App data

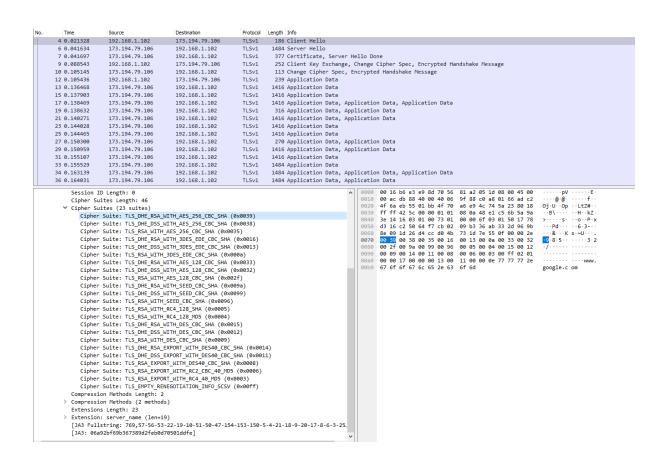
2. Each of the SSL records begins with the same three fields (with possibly different values). One of these fields is "content type" and has length of one byte. List all three fields and their lengths.

Ans:

Content Type = 1 byte

Version = 2 bytes

Length = 4 bytes

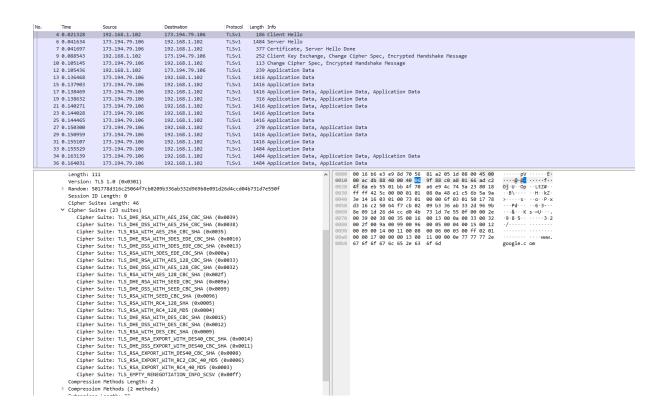


ClientHello Record

3. Expand the ClientHello record. (If your trace contains multiple ClientHello records, expand the frame that contains the first one.) What is the value of the content type?

Ans:

Content Type is 22



4. Does the ClientHello record contain a nonce (also known as a "challenge")? If so, what is the value of the challenge in hexadecimal notation?

Ans:

ds 16 c2 50 64 f7 cb o2 o9 b3 36 ab 33 2d 96 9b

5. Does the ClientHello record advertise the cyber suites it supports? If so, in the first listed suite, what are the public-key algorithm, the symmetric-key algorithm, and the hash algorithm?

Ans:

Public key algorithm: RSA

Symmetric-key algorithm: AES 256

Hash algorithm: SHA

ServerHello Record

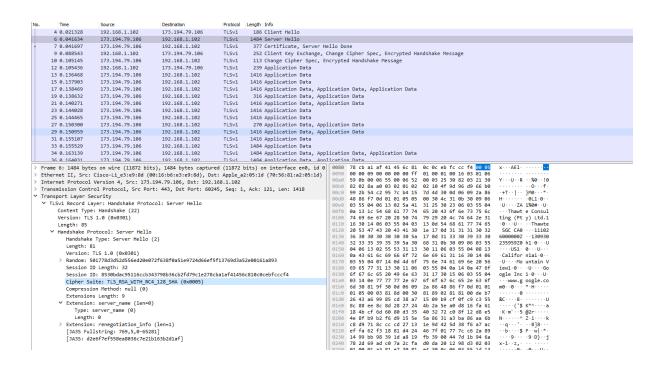
6. Locate the ServerHello SSL record. Does this record specify a chosen cipher suite? What are the algorithms in the chosen cipher suite?

Ans:

Public key algorithm: RSA

Symmetric-key algorithm: RC4

Hash algorithm: SHA



7. Does this record include a nonce? If so, how long is it? What is the purpose of the client and server nonces in SSL?

Ans:

Yes, it is 32 bits long (28bits data + 4 bits time), it is used for attack preventing.

8. Does this record include a session ID? What is the purpose of the session ID? Ans:

Yes, the session ID in the record is an identifier for SSL session. This ID could let the client to resume the session later by using the session ID.

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Length: 85

Handshake Protocol: Server Hello
Handshake Type: Server Hello (2)
Length: 81
Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)

Random: 501778d3d52d556ed20e072f638f0a51e9724d66ef5f13769d3a52e00161a893
Session ID Length: 32
Session ID: 8530bdac95116ccb343798b36cb2fd79c1e278cba1af41456c810c0cebfcccf4
Cipher Suite: TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA (0x0005)
Compression Method: null (0)
Extensions Length: 9

Extension: server_name (len=0)
Type: server_name (0)
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9. Does this record contain a certificate, or is the certificate included in a separate record. Does the certificate fit into a single Ethernet frame?

Ans:

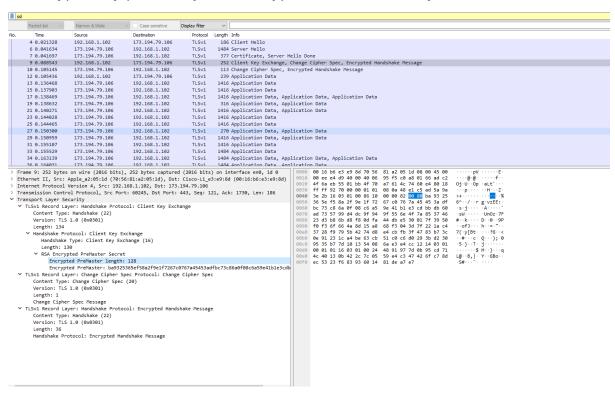
No, there is no certificate in this record. The certificate is in the separate record. Yes, the certificate fit into a single Ethernet frame.

Client Key Exchange Record

10. Locate the client key exchange record. Does this record contain a pre-master secret? What is this secret used for? Is the secret encrypted? If so, how? How long is the encrypted secret?

Ans:

Yes, this record contains a pre-master secret. The master secret is created using this pre-master secret. The master key is used to create session key. The secret is encrypted by public key, the encrypted secret is 128 bytes



11. Change Cipher Spec record? How many bytes is the record in your trace? In the encrypted handshake record, what is being encrypted? How?

Ans:

Content Type: change Cipher spec

Version: TLS (0x03)

Length: 1

12. What is the purpose of the Change Cipher Spec record? How many bytes is the record in your trace.

Ans:

The Change Cipher Spec record is used to indicate the content of the next SSL records will be encrypted. It is 6 bytes.

13. In the encrypted handshake record, what is being encrypted? How?

Does the server also send a change cipher record and an encrypted handshake record to the client? How are those records different from those sent by the client?

Ans:

All handshake messages and MAC addresses are concatenated and encrypted. They are sent to the server.

Yes, the server's encrypted handshake contains all the handshake messages sent from the server. Other contains messages sent from client.