**Assignment - 8 : Launching Virtual Machine using TryStack from OpenStack**

**Step 1: Create Network**

1. Go to **Network > Networks** and then click **Create Network**.
2. In **Network** tab, fill **Network Name** for example internal and then click **Next**.
3. In **Subnet** tab,
   1. Fill **Network Address** with appropriate CIDR, for example 192.168.1.0/24. Use [private network CIDR block](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Private_network) as the best practice.
   2. Select **IP Version** with appropriate IP version, in this case IPv4.
   3. Click **Next**.
4. In **Subnet Details** tab, fill **DNS Name Servers** with 8.8.8.8 (Google DNS) and then click **Create**.

**Step 2: Create Instance**

Now, we will create an instance. The instance is a virtual machine in the cloud, like AWS EC2. You need the instance to connect to the network that we just created in the previous step.

1. Go to **Compute > Instances** and then click **Launch Instance**.
2. In **Details** tab,
   1. Fill **Instance Name**, for example Ubuntu 1.
   2. Select **Flavor**, for example m1.medium.
   3. Fill **Instance Count** with **1**.
   4. Select **Instance Boot Source** with **Boot from Image**.
   5. Select **Image Name** with **Ubuntu 14.04 amd64 (243.7 MB)** if you want install Ubuntu 14.04 in your virtual machine.
3. In **Access & Security** tab,
   1. Click [**+**] button of **Key Pair** to import key pair. This key pair is a public and private key that we will use to connect to the instance from our machine.
   2. In **Import Key Pair** dialog,
      1. Fill **Key Pair Name** with your machine name (for example Edward-Key).
      2. Fill **Public Key** with your **SSH public key** (usually is in ~/.ssh/id\_rsa.pub). See description in Import Key Pair dialog box for more information. If you are using Windows, you can use **Puttygen** to generate key pair.
      3. Click **Import key pair**.
   3. In **Security Groups**, mark/check **default**.
4. In **Networking** tab,
   1. In **Selected Networks**, select network that have been created in Step 1, for example internal.
5. Click **Launch**.
6. If you want to create multiple instances, you can repeat step 1-5. I created one more instance with instance name Ubuntu 2.

**Step 3: Create Router**

To make sure our network has an internet connection, we need a router that running as the gateway to the internet.

1. Go to **Network > Routers** and then click **Create Router**.
2. Fill **Router Name**for example router1 and then click **Create router**.
3. Click on your **router name link**, for example router1, **Router Details** page.
4. Click **Set Gateway** button in upper right:
   1. Select **External networks** with **external**.
   2. Then **OK**.
5. Click **Add Interface** button.
   1. Select **Subnet**with the network that you have been created in Step 1.
   2. Click **Add interface**.
6. Go to **Network > Network Topology**. You will see the network topology. In the example, there are two network, i.e. external and internal, those are bridged by a router. There are instances those are joined to internal network.

**Step 4: Configure Floating IP Address**

*Floating IP address* is public IP address. It makes your instance is accessible from the internet. When you launch your instance, the instance will have a private network IP, but no public IP. In OpenStack, the public IPs is collected in a pool and managed by admin (in our case is TryStack). You need to request a public (floating) IP address to be assigned to your instance.

1. Go to **Compute > Instance**.
2. In one of your instances, click **More > Associate Floating IP**.
3. In **IP Address**, click Plus [**+**].
4. Select **Pool** to **external** and then click **Allocate IP**.
5. Click **Associate**.
6. Now you will get a public IP, e.g. 8.21.28.120, for your instance.

**Step 5: Configure Access & Security**

OpenStack has a feature like a firewall. It can whitelist/blacklist your in/out connection. It is called *Security Group*.

1. Go to **Compute > Access & Security** and then open **Security Groups** tab.
2. In **default** row, click **Manage Rules**.
3. Click **Add Rule**, choose **ALL ICMP** rule to enable ping into your instance, and then click **Add**.
4. Click **Add Rule**, choose **HTTP** rule to open HTTP port (port 80), and then click **Add**.
5. Click **Add Rule**, choose **SSH**rule to open SSH port (port 22), and then click **Add**.
6. You can open other ports by creating new rules.

**Step 6: SSH to Your Instance**

Now, you can SSH your instances to the floating IP address that you got in the step 4. If you are using Ubuntu image, the SSH user will be ubuntu.