Programming Assignment-3 - Implementation of Left Recursion Elimination

AIM:

To write a program to find whether the given grammar is left recursive or not and eliminate the left recursion.

PROGRAM CODE: #include<stdio.h>

```
#include<string.h>
```

flag=0;

getchar();

```
int main()
{
    int n,i,x=0,j=0,y=0,l=0,k,s,flag;
    char ch;
    char str[10],new_str[20];
    char alpha[10][10];
    char beta[10][10];
    printf("Enter the no of productions: ");
scanf("%d",&n);

for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    x=y=j=l=0;
}</pre>
```

```
printf("\nEnter LHS of production %d: ",i+1);
scanf("%c",&ch);
printf("\nEnter RHS of production %d: ",i+1);
scanf("%s",str);
k=0;
while(str[k]!='\0')
{
     if(str[k]==ch)
     {
           //printf("yes"); exit(1);
           flag=1; //there's left recursion
           k++;
           strcpy(alpha[x],"\0");
           //printf("AL%sal",alpha[x]);
           j=0;
           while (str[k]!=|| \&\& str[k]!=|0|)
           {
                 alpha[x][j]=str[k];
                 //printf("\n\%c",alpha[x][j]);
                 j++;
                 k++;
           }
           alpha[x][j]='\0';
           //printf("\nalpha %d: %s",x+1,alpha[x]);
```

```
X++;
           if(str[k]!='\0')
                 k++;
     }
     else
     {
           strcpy(beta[y],"\0");
           //printf("\nhi"); exit(1);
           1=0;
            while(str[k]!='l' && str[k]!='\0')
            {
                 beta[y][l]=str[k];
                 //printf("\n%c",beta[y][1]); // exit(1);
                 1++;
                 k++;
            }
           beta[y][1]='\0';
           //printf("\nbeta %d: %s",y+1,beta[y]);
           y++;
           if(str[k]!='\0')
                 k++;
     }
}
```

```
/*printf("\nno of alpha: %d",x);
for(s=0;s< x;s++)
     printf("\nalpha %d: %s",s+1,alpha[s]);
printf("\nno of beta: %d",y);
for(s=0;s< y;s++)
     printf("\nbeta %d: %s",s+1,beta[s]);*/
if(flag==1)
{
     printf("\nThe new productions are: \n");
     for(s=0;s< y;s++) //y--no of beta
     {
           strcpy(new_str,"\0");
           strncat(new_str,&ch,1);
           strcat(new str,"-->");
           strcat(new_str,beta[s]);
           strncat(new_str,&ch,1);
           strcat(new_str,"'");
           printf("\n%s\n",new_str);
```

```
}
     for(s=0;s< x;s++)
                                   //x--no of alpha
     {
           strcpy(new_str,"\0");
           strncat(new_str,&ch,1);
           strcat(new_str,"'");
           strcat(new_str,"-->");
           strcat(new_str,alpha[s]);
           strncat(new_str,&ch,1);
           strcat(new str,""");
           printf("\n%s\n",new_str);
     }
     if(x>0)
     {
           strcpy(new_str,"\0");
           strncat(new_str,&ch,1);
           strcat(new_str,"'");
           strcat(new_str,"-->");
           strcat(new_str,"\epsilon");
           printf("\n%s\n",new_str);
     }
}
else if (flag==0) //no left recursion
```

```
{
    printf("\nNo left recursion\n");
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Desktop — -bash — 80×34
[gml01:Desktop cse01$ ./x3
Enter the no of productions: 3
Enter LHS of production 1: E
Enter RHS of production 1: E+T|T
The new productions are:
E-->TE'
E'-->+TE'
E'-->ε
Enter LHS of production 2: T
Enter RHS of production 2: T*F|F
The new productions are:
T-->FT'
T'-->*FT'
T'-->ε
Enter LHS of production 3: F
Enter RHS of production 3: id|(E)
No left recursion
gml01:Desktop cse01$
```