```
SQL> @ z:/lab6.sql
SQL> REM 1. For the given receipt number, calculate the Discount as follows:
SQL> REM For total amount > $10 and total amount < $25: Discount=5%
SQL> REM For total amount > $25 and total amount < $50: Discount=10%
SQL> REM For total amount > $50: Discount=20%
SQL> REM Calculate the amount (after the discount) and update the same in Receipts table.
SQL> REM Print the receipt
SQL>
SQL> alter table RECEIPTS
 2 add amount float default 0;
Table altered.
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE
 2 calcDiscount(rid IN item_list.rno%type)
 3
 4 IS
 6 cfname customers.fname%type;
 7 clname customers.lname%type;
 8 rpt_dt date;
 9 prod_row products%rowtype;
10 total amt float(10);
11 discount_cent number(2);
12 discount_amt float(10);
13 final_amt float(10);
14 no_of_items number(3);
15
16 cursor c1 is select pid,flavor,food,price
17 from item_list join products on item=pid
18 where rno=rid;
19
20 BEGIN
21
22 no of items:=1;
23 select fname, Iname into cfname, clname
24 from customers natural join receipts
25 where rno=rid;
26
27 select rdate into rpt_dt from receipts where rno=rid;
28
29 select sum(price) into total_amt
```

```
30 from item_list join products on item=pid
31 where rno=rid;
32
33 if total_amt>10 and total_amt<=25 then
34 discount cent:=5;
35 elsif total_amt>25 and total_amt<=50 then
36 discount_cent:=10;
37 elsif total amt>50 then
38 discount cent:=20;
39 end if:
40
41 discount_amt:=(total_amt*discount_cent)/100;
43 dbms_output.put_line
44 ('Receipt Number: '||rid||' Customer Name:'||cfname||' '||clname);
47 dbms_output.put_line('S.no Flavor Food Price');
48 for prod_row in c1 loop
49 dbms_output.put_line(no_of_items||' '||prod_row.flavor||' '||prod_row.food||'
'||prod_row.price);
50 no_of_items:=no_of_items+1;
51 end loop;
52 dbms_output.put_line('-----');
53 dbms_output.put_line(' '||'Total = '||total_amt);
54 dbms_output.put_line('-----');
55 dbms output.put line('Total Amount :$ '||total amt);
56 dbms_output.put_line('Discount('||discount_cent||'%) :$ '||discount_amt);
57 dbms_output_line('----');
58 final amt:=total amt-discount amt;
59 update RECEIPTS set amount = final_amt where RECEIPTS.rno = rid;
60 dbms_output.put_line('Amount to be paid :$ '||final_amt);
62 dbms_output.put_line('Great Offers! Discount up to 25% on DIWALI Festival Day...');
64 END;
65 /
Procedure created.
SQL>
SQL> declare
2 ono item_list.rno%type;
```

```
3 BEGIN
4 ono:='&Reciept no';
 5 calcDiscount(ono);
 6 end:
 7 /
Enter value for reciept_no: 13355
old 4: ono:='&Reciept_no';
new 4: ono:='13355';
******************
Receipt Number: 13355
                        Customer Name: TOUSSAND SHARRON
Receipt Date: 19-OCT-07
******************
S.no Flavor Food Price
   Opera Cake 15.95
2
  Lemon Cookie .79
3 Napoleon Cake 13.49
Total = 30.23
Total Amount :$ 30.23
Discount(10%) :$ 3.023
Amount to be paid: $27.21
******************
Great Offers! Discount up to 25% on DIWALI Festival Day...
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM 2. Ask the user for the budget and his/her preferred food type. You recommend the
best
SQL> REM item(s) within the planned budget for the given food type. The best item is
SQL> REM determined by the maximum ordered product among many customers for the given
SQL> REM food type.
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE
 2 chooseProd (budget IN PRODUCTS.price%type, foodType IN PRODUCTS.food%type)
 3
 4 IS
 5
```

```
6 prod row PRODUCTS%rowtype;
7 bestpid PRODUCTS.pid%type;
8 bestflav PRODUCTS.flavor%type;
9 bestprice PRODUCTS.price%type;
10 bestfood PRODUCTS.food%type;
11 num number(5);
12 cnt number(2);
13
14 cursor c1 is select pid,food,flavor,price,count(*)
15 from PRODUCTS join ITEM_LIST on pid=item
16 where food=foodType and price<=budget
17 group by pid,food,flavor,price
18 order by count(*) desc;
19
20 cursor c2 is select pid,food,flavor,price,count(*)
21 from PRODUCTS join ITEM_LIST on pid=item
22 where food=foodType and price<=budget
23 group by pid,food,flavor,price
24 order by count(*) desc;
25
26 BEGIN
27
28 open c2;
29 fetch c2 into bestpid, bestfood, bestflav, bestprice,cnt;
31 dbms_output.put_line
32 ('Budget:$ '||budget||'
                                   Food Type:'||foodType);
33 dbms_output.put_line('Item ID Flavor Food Price');
35 for prod_row in c1 loop
36
        dbms_output.put_line(prod_row.pid||' '||prod_row.flavor||' '||foodType||'
'||prod_row.price);
37 end loop;
38 dbms output.put line('-----');
39 dbms_output.put_line(bestpid||' with '||bestflav||' flavor is the best type in '||foodType||'
type!');
40 num := trunc(budget/bestprice);
41 dbms_output.put_line('You are entitled to purchase '||num||' '||foodType||' chocolates for the
given budget !!!');
43 END;
44 /
```

Procedure created.

```
SQL>
SQL> declare
 2 budg PRODUCTS.price%type;
 3 fooType PRODUCTS.food%type;
 4 BEGIN
 5 fooType := '&food_type';
 6 budg := '&budget';
 7 chooseProd(budg,fooType);
 8 end:
 9 /
Enter value for food_type: Meringue
old 5: fooType := '&food_type';
new 5: fooType := 'Meringue';
Enter value for budget: 10
old 6: budg := '&budget';
new 6: budg := '10';
******************
Budget:$ 10
                       Food Type:Meringue
Item ID
         Flavor
                     Food
                              Price
70-M-CH-DZ Chocolate
                        Meringue
                                     1.25
70-M-VA-SM-DZ Vanilla
                         Meringue
                                     1.15
70-M-CH-DZ with Chocolate flavor is the best type in Meringue type!
You are entitled to purchase 8 Meringue chocolates for the given budget !!!
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

SQL>

SQL> REM 3. Take a receipt number and item as arguments, and insert this information into SQL> REM the Item list. However, if there is already a receipt with that receipt number, then

SQL> REM keep adding 1 to the maximum ordinal number. Else before inserting into the Item

SQL> REM with ordinal as 1, ask the user to give the customer name who placed the order and insert

SQL> REM this information into the Receipts.

SQL>

SQL> alter table receipts

2 drop column amount;

Table altered.

```
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE
 2 insertRow(rec_no IN RECEIPTS.rno%type, item_no IN ITEM_LIST.item%type, o OUT
ITEM_LIST.ordinal%type)
 3
 4 IS
 5
 6 ord ITEM_LIST.ordinal%type;
 7 ordc ITEM_LIST.ordinal%type;
9 cursor c1 is select ordinal
10
             from ITEM_LIST
11
              where rno=rec_no;
12 BEGIN
13
14 ordc:=1;
15 o:=1;
16 open c1;
17 loop
18
         fetch c1 into ord;
         if c1%FOUND then
19
20
               o:=o+1;
21
         else
22
               exit;
23
         end if;
24 end loop;
25
26 END;
27 /
Procedure created.
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> declare rc_no RECEIPTS.rno%type;ite_no ITEM_LIST.item%type;cust_id
CUSTOMERS.cid%type;date_in RECEIPTS.rdate%type;o ITEM_LIST.ordinal%type;
2
 3 BEGIN
4 rc_no:='&Receipt_no';
 5 ite_no:='&Item';
 6 insertRow(rc_no,ite_no,o);
```

```
7 if o = 1 then
                 cust_id := '&customer_id';
 9
                 date_in := '&date';
                 insert into Receipts values(rc_no, date_in, cust_id);
10
11 end if:
12 INSERT into item_list values(rc_no, o, ite_no);
13 dbms_output.put_line('Inserted '||rc_no||' '||o||' '||ite_no);
14 end:
15 /
Enter value for receipt_no: 10001
old 4: rc no:='&Receipt no';
new 4: rc no:='10001';
Enter value for item: 51-BLU
old 5: ite no:='&Item';
new 5: ite_no:='51-BLU';
Enter value for customer id: 2
old 8:
                     cust_id := '&customer_id';
new 8:
                     cust id := '2';
Enter value for date: 15-APR-2007
old 9:
                     date in := '&date';
new 9:
                     date_in := '15-APR-2007';
Inserted 10001 1 51-BLU
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM 4. Write a stored function to display the customer name who ordered
SQL> REM maximum for the given food and flavor.
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> create or replace function maxcustomer(p IN products.pid%type) return varchar2 as c
customers.cid%type;
 2
 3 m int:
 4 n1 customers.fname%type;
 5 n2 customers.lname%type;
 6 name varchar2(40);
 7 BEGIN
 8
          select max(count(*)) into m from receipts r join item_list i on i.rno = r.rno
 9
          where i.item = p
10
          group by r.cid;
11
          select r.cid into c from receipts r join item_list i on i.rno = r.rno
```

```
12
          where i.item = p
13
          group by r.cid
14
          having count(*) = m;
15
          select c1.fname into n1 from customers c1 where c1.cid = c;
16
          select c1.lname into n2 from customers c1 where c1.cid = c;
17
          name := n1||n2;
18
          return name;
19 end maxcustomer;
20 /
Function created.
SQL> declare
 2
          name varchar2(40);
 3
          p products.pid%type;
 4
         fo products.food%type;
 5
         fl products.flavor%type;
 6 BEGIN
 7
         fo:='&food':
 8
         fl:='&flavor';
 9
          select p1.pid into p from products p1 where p1.food = fo and p1.flavor = fl;
10
          name := maxcustomer(p);
11
          dbms_output.put_line('Name: '||name);
12 end;
13 /
Enter value for food: Eclair
old 7:
              fo:='&food':
new 7:
             fo:='Eclair';
Enter value for flavor: Coffee
old 8:
           fl:='&flavor';
new 8:
              fl:='Coffee';
Name: ZEMESTEPHEN
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM 5. Implement Question (1) using stored function to return the amount to be paid
SQL> REM and update the same, for the given receipt number.
SQL>
SQL> alter table RECEIPTS
 2 add amount float default 0;
```

Table altered.

```
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION
 2 discountCalc(rid IN item_list.rno%type) return PRODUCTS.price%type as final_amt
PRODUCTS.price%type;
 3
 4 cfname customers.fname%type;
 5 clname customers.Iname%type;
 6 rpt dt date;
 7 prod_row products%rowtype;
 8 total_amt float(10);
 9 discount_cent number(2);
10 discount_amt float(10);
11 no_of_items number(3);
12
13 cursor c1 is select pid,flavor,food,price
14 from item list join products on item=pid
15 where rno=rid;
16
17 BEGIN
18
19 no_of_items:=1;
20 select fname, Iname into cfname, clname
21 from customers natural join receipts
22 where rno=rid;
23
24 select rdate into rpt_dt from receipts where rno=rid;
25
26 select sum(price) into total_amt
27 from item_list join products on item=pid
28 where rno=rid;
29
30 if total_amt>10 and total_amt<=25 then
31 discount cent:=5;
32 elsif total_amt>25 and total_amt<=50 then
33 discount_cent:=10;
34 elsif total_amt>50 then
35 discount_cent:=20;
36 end if;
37
```

```
38 discount_amt:=(total_amt*discount_cent)/100;
40 dbms_output.put_line
41 ('Receipt Number: '||rid||' Customer Name: '||cfname||' '||clname);
42 dbms_output.put_line('Receipt Date:'||rpt_dt);
44 dbms_output.put_line('S.no Flavor Food Price');
45 for prod row in c1 loop
46 dbms_output.put_line(no_of_items||' '||prod_row.flavor||' '||prod_row.food||'
'||prod_row.price);
47 no_of_items:=no_of_items+1;
48 end loop;
49 dbms_output_line('-----');
50 dbms_output.put_line(' '||'Total = '||total_amt);
51 dbms_output.put_line('-----');
52 dbms_output.put_line('Total Amount :$ '||total_amt);
53 dbms_output.put_line('Discount('||discount_cent||'%) :$ '||discount_amt);
54 dbms_output_line('-----'):
55 final_amt:=total_amt-discount_amt;
56 dbms_output.put_line('Amount to be paid :$ '||final_amt);
58 dbms_output.put_line('Great Offers! Discount up to 25% on DIWALI Festival Day...');
60 return final_amt;
61 END;
62 /
Function created.
SQL>
SQL> declare
2 ono item_list.rno%type;Amount PRODUCTS.price%type;
3 BEGIN
4 ono:='&Reciept no';
5 Amount:=discountCalc(ono);
6 update RECEIPTS set amount = Amount where RECEIPTS.rno = ono;
7 end:
8 /
Enter value for reciept_no: 51991
old 4: ono:='&Reciept_no';
new 4: ono:='51991':
******************
Receipt Number: 51991 Customer Name: SOPKO RAYFORD
```

Receipt	Date	: 17	-OCT-0	7
---------	------	------	--------	---

S.no	Flavor	Food	Price	
1 -	Truffle	Cake	15.95	
2 /	Apple	Pie	5.25	
3 /	Apple	Tart	3.25	
4 (Chocolate	Tart	3.75	

Total = 28.2

Total Amount :\$ 28.2 Discount(10%) :\$ 2.82

Amount to be paid: \$25.38

Great Offers! Discount up to 25% on DIWALI Festival Day...

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> spool off;