IT 8761 NETWORK SECURITY LABORATORY

SEMESTER PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

QUESTION:

Develop a java program to implement the Rail fence Cipher with depth 5 and reapply the same algorithm with depth 3 on the intermediate cipher and generate the final cipher text.

(D. 21-12-20 Security Laboratory IT 8761 - Network Semester Practical Examination NAME: VAISHALI, R REG-NO: 312217104181 DATE: 21-12-2020 SESSION: AN To develop a Java program to implement the Aim: Rail fence lipher with aupth 5 and reapply the same algorithm with depth 3 on the intermediate cipher and generale the eigher text. Algorithm: ii) Initialize a matrix and with no. of now! equal to the depth 5 and no. of columns equal to length of the plaintent. characters in the downward diagonal olirection. iv) On reaching the last now, me fill in the appeared diagonal ord (iv) until all the v) Repeat steps (iii) and (iv) until all the plaintent characters have been filled into the matrix.

- (vi) Read the matrix entries from wise and contatenate with each entry with the cipher text.
- (vii) The cipner tent (with depth 3) is obtained.
- (viii) Initialize another matrix arrz with no. Of sows equal to 3 and no. of columns equal to the length of the intermediate cipher text
- ix) Fill the matrix 'over 2' in the downward diagonal discelion using the inturnediate cipher text.
- x) On reaching the last now, more word diagonally upword.
- xi) Repeat steps (viii) and (ix) till the entire matrix is filled.
- xi) Read the entries of the matrix are 2' from-wise and concatenate each entry with the cipher text.
- xiii) Display the final cipher coblained with olepth 3).

Methods used:

- i) initializeMatinx (char[][] matint row, int col)
- mat : 20 char array matrix row: no. of rows in matrix col: no. of columns in matrix
- This method is used to initialize a given matrix with dummy entries (y'-').

```
ii) String everypt (char (767 mat, int r, int c, String plaintixt)
- mat: 20 character array
  o: 100. of rows in the matrix
- C: no. of columns in the matrix
- plaintest: The plaintent to be encrypted
Return type : String
 - returns the encrypted string (cipher text)
This method: 6
      · Fills the matin'x with the plaintext
          dir-down + true
          row - 0
          for col = 0 to c
                 mat[row][iol]= plainText [col]
                 if row is last row
                         dir-doun - false
                  else if now is first row
                          dir-down & Pulse true
                  if dir-down
                       row ++
                       row - -
      Read the cipher text
             i; o for
         or
              for j: o to c
                   if mat [i][j]!= '-
```

eipher Text += mat [i][i]

Sample imput and output:

RAIL-FENCE CIPHER

The intermediate cipher text after encrypting with depth 5 is! HLERDLOLWO

Encrypting intermediali cipner text using depth 3....
The wathin of depth 3 is:

The final eigher text is HDWLRLLOEO

Result:

Thus the given message has been encrypted vising rail fence cipher with depth 5 and then again encrypted with olepth 3 to get the final righer text.

CODE:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Main {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
 String plainText;
 String cipherText1,cipherText2;
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
 System.out.println("\nRAIL-FENCE CIPHER");
 System.out.println("-----");
 System.out.print("\nEnter the plaintext: ");
 plainText=sc.nextLine();
 int len=plainText.length();
 char arr1[][] = new char[5][len];
 char arr2[][] = new char[3][len];
 initializeMatrix(arr1,5,len);
 initializeMatrix(arr2,3,len);
 System.out.println("\nEncrypting using depth 5...");
 cipherText1=encrypt(arr1,5,len,plainText);
 System.out.println("\nThe intermediate cipher text after encrypting with depth 5 is:
"+cipherText1);
 System.out.println("\nEncrypting intermediate cipher text using depth 3...");
 cipherText2=encrypt(arr2, 3, len, cipherText1);
 System.out.println("\nThe final cipher text is: "+cipherText2);
 }
 static void initializeMatrix(char[][] mat,int row,int col){
  for(int i=0;i<row;i++){</pre>
   for(int j=0;j<col;j++){}
    mat[i][j]='-';
 }
```

```
static String encrypt(char[][]mat,int r,int c,String plainText){
  boolean dir_down=true;
  int row=0;
for(int col=0;col<c;col++){</pre>
   mat[row][col]=plainText.charAt(col);
   if(row==r-1){
    dir_down=false;
   else if(row==0){
    dir_down=true;
   if(dir_down){
    row++;
   else{
    row--;
   }
  String cipherText="";
  System.out.println("The matrix of depth "+r+" is \n");
  for(int i=0;i<r;i++){</pre>
   for(int j=0;j<c;j++){</pre>
    System.out.print(mat[i][j]+" ");
    if(mat[i][j]!='-'){
      cipherText+=mat[i][j];
   System.out.println();
  return cipherText;
 }
}
```

OUTPUT:

Example1:

PLAINTEXT: DECODE ZIGZAG

CIPHERTEXT: DGOGIZCZEDE A

RAIL-FENCE CIPHER

Enter the plaintext: DECODE ZIGZAG

Encrypting using depth 5...

The matrix of depth 5 is

The intermediate cipher text after encrypting with depth 5 is: DIEZGC ZOEADG

Encrypting intermediate cipher text using depth 3...

The matrix of depth 3 is

The final cipher text is: DGOGIZCZEDE A

Example 2:

PLAINTEXT: HELLOWORLD

CIPHERTEXT: HDWLRLLOEO

RAIL-FENCE CIPHER

Enter the plaintext: HELLOWORLD

Encrypting using depth 5...

The matrix of depth 5 is

H-----L-

- E ----- R - D

--L---O---

---L-W----

----0----

The intermediate cipher text after encrypting with depth 5 is: HLERDLOLWO

Encrypting intermediate cipher text using depth 3...

The matrix of depth 3 is

H - - - D - - - W -

- L - R - L - L - O

--E---O---

The final cipher text is: HDWLRLLOEO