Aim:
To develop a java program to implement
SHA-I algorithm.

Algorithm:

- is SHA-I is a cryptographic hash function. It takes the given message as input and produce hash value (message digest) as output.
- in It involves appending the padding bits. Padding bits consists of a single 1 bit followed by necessary number of 0 bits.
- iii) A 64 bit representation of the length of Message is appended.
- iv) 5 MD bytes A, B, C, D, E are initialized and the message is processed as 512 bit blocks.
- 7) After all 512 bit blocks have been processed, the output of 160 bit message digest is produced.
- vi) It is then converted into hexadecimal of 40 digits long.

Program:

```
import java.math.BigInteger;
import java.security.MessageDigest;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import java.util.*;
class Main {
 public static String encrypt(String input) {
     MessageDigest md= MessageDigest.getInstance("SHA-1");
     byte[] messageDigest= md.digest(input.getBytes());
     BigInteger no=new BigInteger(1, messageDigest);
     String hashtext=no.toString(16);
     while(hashtext.length() < 32){</pre>
       hashtext= "0" + hashtext;
    return hashtext;
   catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException e) {
     throw new RuntimeException(e);
   }
 }
 public static void main(String[] args) throws
NoSuchAlgorithmException {
    String s1;
    Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in) ;
    System.out.println("Enter the string: ");
    s1=s.nextLine();
```

```
System.out.println("\nHashcode generated by SHA1 :
"+encrypt(s1));
}
```

Output: