

Course - Section

Title: Subtitle

Due on Due Date at 11:59 PM

Instructor, Time

Author

February 4th, 2026

Problem 1: Introducing Problems

Homework problems are placed on individual pages.

Solution

Solutions are placed below the problem statement, and can be split

Part A

into

Part B

different parts.

Problem 2: Defining Features

Problems can include **inline math**: $F_P = -b\dot{x}^2$ and **display math**:

$$\Delta E_{12} = Q_{12} + W_{12} \therefore W_{12} = Q_{12}.$$

Solution

And so can solutions. Personally, I like to use `align*` environments (though you can use `gather*` environments) for multi-line math.

$$\begin{aligned} m_P \frac{d\dot{x}}{dt} &= F_P \\ m_P \frac{d\dot{x}}{dt} &= -b\dot{x}^2 \\ \frac{d\dot{x}}{\dot{x}^2} &= -\frac{b}{m_P} dt \\ \left[-\frac{1}{\dot{x}} \right]_{v_0}^{\dot{x}} &= -\frac{b}{m_P} (t - t_0) \\ \dot{x} &= \left[v_0^{-1} + \frac{b}{m_P} (t - t_0) \right] \quad \square. \end{aligned}$$

Code

We can also display code blocks using `minted` environments.

```

1 minutes_to_convert = 122
2
3 hours = int(minutes_to_convert / 60)
4 minutes = minutes_to_convert % 60
5
6 convert_label = " Minutes "
7 if minutes_to_convert == 1:
8     convert_label = " Minute "
9
10 hour_label = " Hours, "
11 if hours == 1:
12     hour_label = " Hour, "
13
14 minute_label = " Minutes"
15 if minutes == 1:
16     minute_label = " Minute"
17
18 print(
19     str(minutes_to_convert)
20     + convert_label
21     + "is the same as:\n"
22     + str(hours)
23     + hour_label
24     + str(minutes))
```

```
25 |     + minute_label  
26 | )
```

Problem 3: File insertion

We can also insert files at will. As we can see here, the problem statement provides code for us.

```
1 | α = rand(10)
2 |
3 | @show α
```

Solution

I like to use the filepath convention `./code/pXX.jl` for code used in problem statements, `./code/sXX.jl` for code used in solutions, and solution program output in `./code/sXX.txt`. (This convention can be extended to problems with multiple parts by appending the part number to the filename: `./code/{s03a.jl, s03b.jl, etc}`.)

```
1 | using Plots
2 |
3 | α = rand(10)
4 | β = rand(10)
5 |
6 | @show α
7 | @show β
8 |
9 | scatter(α, β)
10 | savefig("./images/s03.png")
11 | gui()
```



```
1 | α = [0.7854313695123665, 0.5418600809065995, 0.3932797715417473, 0.07292701205128227,
2 |   ↵ 0.9830814788972285, 0.05727320963460092, 0.679204187601832, 0.33258718643784635,
2 |   ↵ 0.6212173497203207, 0.01750154068356402]
2 | β = [0.767442608013935, 0.15189153412786238, 0.0923009409886506, 0.13252612177695922,
2 |   ↵ 0.7067053536510514, 0.15395513872178057, 0.9238424646379806, 0.8877099471621314,
2 |   ↵ 0.3425775926068372, 0.2894157129885663]
```

As you can see, our code outputs an image. I like to save them in `./images/sXX.png` (following the filepath naming convention we used for our code files). Let's display it here to finish off our solution. To display images, we use a combination of a `figure` environment and a `center` environment.

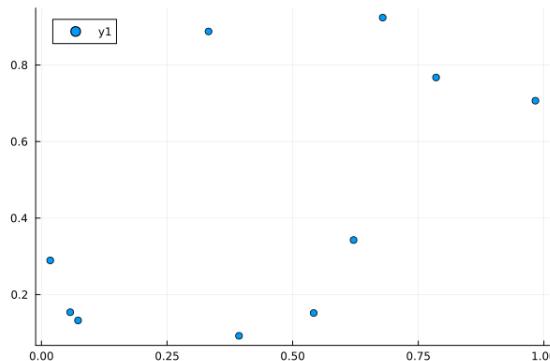


Figure 1: Data Plot

Author

Course - Section (Instructor, Time): Title

Problem Write number here: Write name of problem here

Write problem statement here.

Solution

Write solution here.