

# Chapter 7

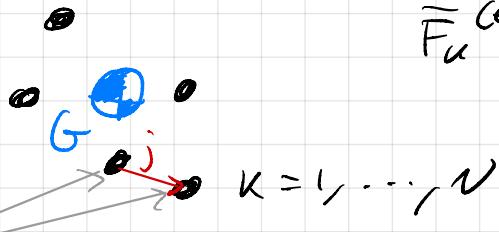
AM & Energy of MPS

10/8/24



recall  
Ch 6

$\pm 1$



$$\bar{F}_k^{(ext)} + \sum_{j=1}^N \bar{F}_{kj,j} = m_k \bar{a}_{k/0}$$

$$\bar{P}_0 = \bar{P}_{G/0}$$

$$\bar{F}_G^{(ext)} = m_G \bar{a}_{G/0}$$

recall  
Ch 4

$$\bar{I}\bar{h}_{k/0} = \bar{r}_{k/0} \times m_k \bar{v}_{k/0}, \quad k=1, \dots, N$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (\bar{I}\bar{h}_{k/0}) = \bar{M}_{k/0} = \bar{r}_{k/0} \times \bar{F}_k$$

$\underline{0 \text{ fm}}$  total angular momentum

$$\bar{I}\bar{h}_0 = \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{I}\bar{h}_{k/0} = \bar{h}_{1/0} + \bar{h}_{2/0} + \dots + \bar{h}_{N/0}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Consider } \frac{d}{dt} (\bar{I}\bar{h}_0) &= \frac{d}{dt} \left( \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{r}_{k/0} \times m_k \bar{v}_{k/0} \right) \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^N \left( \bar{v}_{k/0} \times m_k \bar{v}_{k/0} + \bar{r}_{k/0} \times m_k \bar{a}_{k/0} \right) \\ &\quad \text{by } \cancel{\bar{v}_{k/0} \times m_k \bar{v}_{k/0}} = 0 \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{r}_{k/0} \times \left( \bar{F}_k^{(ext)} + \sum_{j=1}^N \bar{F}_{kj,j} \right) \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{r}_{k/0} \times \bar{F}_k^{(ext)} + \underbrace{\sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \bar{r}_{k/0} \times \bar{F}_{kj,j}}_{\bar{M}_0^{(ext)}} \\ &\quad \text{by assumption } \cancel{\sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \bar{r}_{k/0} \times \bar{F}_{kj,j}} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{d}{dt} (\bar{I}\bar{h}_0) = \bar{M}_0^{(ext)}}$$

$$\text{where } \bar{M}_0^{(ext)} = \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{M}_{k/0}^{(ext)}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{r}_{k/0} \times \bar{F}_k^{(ext)}$$

$\cancel{\bar{I}\bar{h}_0}$  is conserved if  $\bar{M}_0^{(ext)} = 0$

$$\bar{r}_{u/0} = \bar{r}_{j/0} + \bar{r}_{u/j}$$

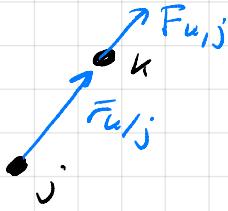
$$\sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \bar{r}_{u/0} \times \bar{F}_{k,j} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \bar{r}_{u/0} \times \bar{F}_{k,j} + \sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \bar{r}_{j/0} \times \bar{F}_{j,k} \right)$$

$$= \bar{r}_{j/0} + \bar{r}_{u/j}$$

(vector triad)

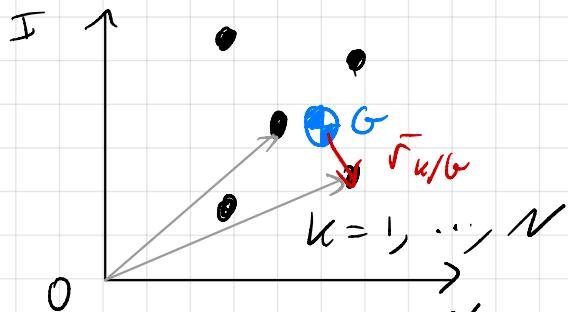
$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \bar{F}_{k/j} \times \bar{F}_{u,j}$$

$= \bar{M}_{k/j}$

$$= 0 \text{ by assumption}$$


### Internal Moment Assumption

### Separation Angular Momentum



$$\bar{r}_{u/0} = \bar{r}_{G/0} + \bar{r}_{u/G}$$

$${}^I\bar{r}_{u/0} = {}^I\bar{r}_{G/0} + {}^I\bar{r}_{u/G}$$

$${}^I\bar{h}_0 = \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{r}_{u/0} \times m_k {}^I\bar{v}_{u/0}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^N (\bar{r}_{G/0} + \bar{r}_{u/G}) \times m_k ({}^I\bar{v}_{G/0} + {}^I\bar{v}_{u/G}) \quad \text{F.O.I.L.}$$

$$m_k = \omega = \sum_{k=1}^N m_k = \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{r}_{G/0} \times m_k {}^I\bar{v}_{G/0} + \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{r}_{G/0} \times m_k {}^I\bar{v}_{u/G} +$$

$$= \bar{r}_{G/0} \times M_G {}^I\bar{v}_{G/0} = \bar{h}_{G/0} = \bar{r}_{G/0} \times \left( \sum_{k=1}^N m_k {}^I\bar{v}_{u/G} \right)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^N \bar{r}_{u/G} \times m_k {}^I\bar{v}_{G/0} + \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{r}_{u/G} \times m_k {}^I\bar{v}_{u/G} = 0 \quad \text{COMC}$$

$$= \left( \sum_{k=1}^N m_k \bar{r}_{u/G} \right) \times {}^I\bar{v}_{G/0}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^N {}^I\bar{h}_{u/G} = {}^I\bar{h}_G \neq 0 !!$$

Am relative to G!

$$\overset{I}{\bar{h}_0} = \overset{I}{\bar{h}_{G/0}} + \overset{I}{\bar{h}_G}$$

Recall

$$\overset{I}{\bar{p}_0} = \overset{I}{\bar{p}_{G/0}}$$

Separation of A.M.

describes rotation about the COM

$$\overset{I}{\bar{h}_{G/0}} = \bar{r}_{G/0} \times m_G \overset{I}{\bar{v}_{G/0}} \quad AM \text{ of } G \text{ wrt } O$$

$$\overset{I}{\bar{h}_G} = \sum_{k=1}^N \overset{I}{\bar{h}_{k/G}} \quad AM \text{ of MPS wrt } G$$

$$\overset{I}{\frac{d}{dt}} (\overset{I}{\bar{h}_0}) = \bar{M}_0^{(ext)}$$

$$\overset{I}{\frac{d}{dt}} (\overset{I}{\bar{h}_{G/0}}) = \bar{M}_{G/0}^{(ext)}$$

$$\overset{I}{\frac{d}{dt}} (\overset{I}{\bar{h}_G}) = \bar{M}_G^{(ext)}$$

total AM

translation of G wrt O

rotation wrt to G

$$\bar{M}_{G/0}^{(ext)} = \bar{r}_{G/0} \times \bar{F}^{(ext)} \quad \text{total external moment}$$

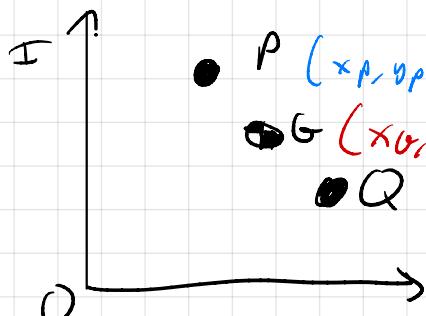
$$\bar{M}_G^{(ext)} = \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{M}_{k/G}^{(ext)}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{r}_{k/G} \times \bar{F}_k^{(ext)}$$

\*  $\overset{I}{\bar{h}_{G/0}}$  (resp.  $\overset{I}{\bar{h}_G}$ ) is conserved if  $\bar{M}_{G/0}^{(ext)} = 0$

(resp.  $\bar{M}_G^{(ext)} = 0$ )

Eg 7.4 two hockey pucks



$$\begin{aligned} \bar{r}_{G/0} &= \frac{1}{m_G} \sum_{k=1}^N m_k \bar{r}_{k/0} \\ &= \frac{1}{m_p + m_Q} (m_p \bar{r}_{p/0} + m_Q \bar{r}_{Q/0}) \\ &= \frac{1}{m_p + m_Q} ((\underbrace{m_p x_p + m_Q x_Q}_{=x_G}) \hat{e}_1 + (\underbrace{m_p y_p + m_Q y_Q}_{=y_G}) \hat{e}_2) \end{aligned}$$

$$x_G = \frac{m_p x_p + m_Q x_Q}{m_p + m_Q} \quad y_G = \frac{m_p y_p + m_Q y_Q}{m_p + m_Q}$$

$$\overset{I}{\bar{v}}_{G/0} = \frac{\overset{I}{d}}{dt} (\bar{r}_{G/0}) = \frac{\overset{I}{d}}{dt} (x_G \hat{e}_1 + y_G \hat{e}_2) \\ = \dot{x}_G \hat{e}_1 + \dot{y}_G \hat{e}_2$$

$$\overset{I}{\bar{P}}_0 = \overset{I}{\bar{P}}_{p/0} + \overset{I}{\bar{P}}_{Q/0} \\ = m_p \overset{I}{\bar{v}}_{p/0} + m_Q \overset{I}{\bar{v}}_{Q/0} \\ = (m_p \dot{x}_p + m_Q \dot{x}_Q) \hat{e}_1 + (m_p \dot{y}_p + m_Q \dot{y}_Q) \hat{e}_2 \\ \stackrel{\cong}{=} \dot{x}_G m_G \quad \stackrel{\cong}{=} \dot{y}_G m_G \\ \stackrel{\leftarrow}{=} m_G \overset{I}{\bar{v}}_{G/0} = \overset{I}{\bar{P}}_{G/0}$$

$$\overset{I}{\bar{v}}_{p/0} = \dot{x}_p \hat{e}_1 + \dot{y}_p \hat{e}_2$$

$$\overset{I}{\bar{v}}_{Q/0} = \dot{x}_Q \hat{e}_1 + \dot{y}_Q \hat{e}_2$$

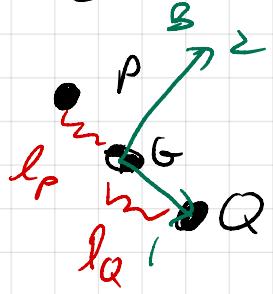
$$\overset{I}{\bar{h}}_0 = \bar{r}_{p/0} \times m_p \overset{I}{\bar{v}}_{p/0} + \bar{r}_{Q/0} \times m_Q \overset{I}{\bar{v}}_{Q/0} \\ = (x_p \hat{e}_1 + y_p \hat{e}_2) \times m_p (\dot{x}_p \hat{e}_1 + \dot{y}_p \hat{e}_2) + \dots \\ = [m_p (x_p \dot{y}_p - y_p \dot{x}_p) + m_Q (x_Q \dot{y}_Q - y_Q \dot{x}_Q)] \hat{e}_3$$

$$\overset{I}{\bar{h}}_{G/0} = \bar{r}_{G/0} \times m_G \overset{I}{\bar{v}}_{G/0} \\ = (x_G \hat{e}_1 + y_G \hat{e}_2) \times m_G (\dot{x}_G \hat{e}_1 + \dot{y}_G \hat{e}_2) \\ = m_G (x_G \dot{y}_G - y_G \dot{x}_G) \hat{e}_3$$

$$\overset{I}{\bar{h}}_G = \overset{I}{\bar{h}}_{p/G} + \overset{I}{\bar{h}}_{Q/G}$$

$$\overset{I}{\bar{h}}_{p/G} = \bar{r}_{p/G} \times m_p \overset{I}{\bar{v}}_{p/G} \\ = [(x_p - x_G) \hat{e}_1 + (y_p - y_G) \hat{e}_2] \times$$

$$[m_p (\dot{x}_p - \dot{x}_G) \hat{e}_1 + (j_p - j_G) \hat{e}_2] = \dots$$



$$\begin{aligned} \bar{r}_{P/G} &= -l_P \hat{b}, \quad \Rightarrow \bar{v}_{P/G} = \dots \\ \bar{r}_{Q/G} &= l_Q \hat{b}, \quad \Rightarrow \bar{v}_{Q/G} = \dots \end{aligned}$$

## Work & Energy for mps

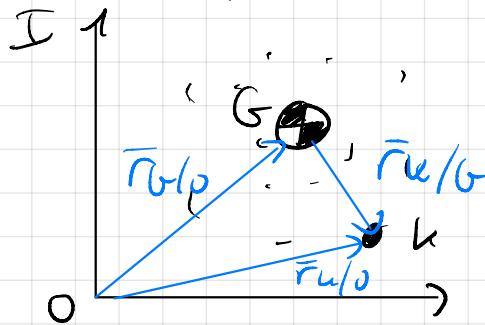
Dfn

total kinetic energy

$$T_0 = \sum_{k=1}^N T_{k/0}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^N m_k \|\bar{v}_{k/0}\|^2$$

## Separation of total K.E.



$$\begin{aligned} \bar{v}_{k/0} &= \bar{r}_{G/k} + \bar{v}_{k/G} \\ \bar{v}_{k/0} &= \bar{v}_{G/k} + \bar{v}_{k/G} \end{aligned}$$

$$T_0 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^N m_k \|\bar{v}_{G/k} + \bar{v}_{k/G}\|^2 \quad \text{F.O.I.L}$$

$$T_0 = \frac{1}{2} \left( \sum_{k=1}^N m_k \|\bar{v}_{G/k}\|^2 + 2 \sum_{k=1}^N m_k \bar{v}_{G/k} \cdot \bar{v}_{k/G} + \sum_{k=1}^N m_k \|\bar{v}_{k/G}\|^2 \right)$$

$\underbrace{\quad\quad\quad}_{=0} \quad \underbrace{\quad\quad\quad}_{=T_G}$

$$T_0 = T_{G/0} + T_G \quad \boxed{\text{trans KE} + \text{rot. KE}}$$

where  $T_{G/0} = \frac{1}{2} m_G \|\vec{v}_{G/0}\|^2$

$$T_G = \sum_{k=1}^N T_{k/G} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^N m_k \|\vec{v}_{k/G}\|^2$$

$$+ 2 \sum_{k=1}^N m_k \vec{v}_{G/0} \cdot \vec{v}_{k/G} = 2 \vec{v}_{G/0} \cdot \left( \sum_{k=1}^N m_k \vec{v}_{k/G} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \sum_{k=1}^N m_k \vec{r}_{k/G} \right)$$

$= 0$  by CONC

Recall WET#1  $T_{k/0}(t_2) = T_{k/0}(t_1) + W_k^{(\text{tot})}, k=1, \dots, N$

$$\boxed{T_0(t_2) = T_0(t_1) + W^{(\text{tot})}}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^N W_k^{(\text{tot})}$$

Recall  $W_k^{(\text{tot})} = \int_{F_k} \bar{F}_k \cdot \vec{dr}_{k/0}$ , where  $\bar{F}_k$  is total force

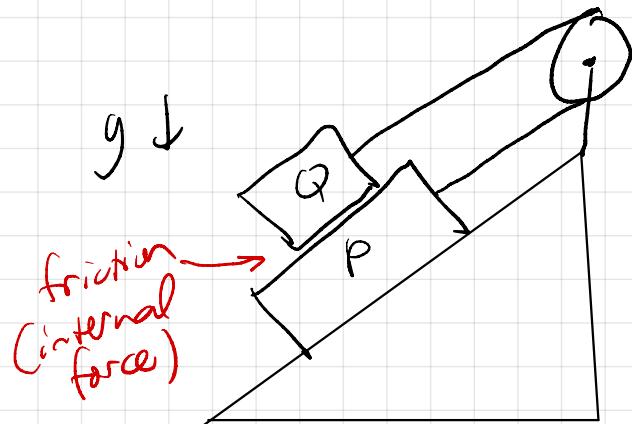
$$\bar{F}_k = \bar{F}_k^{(\text{ext})} + \sum_{j=1}^N \bar{F}_{k,j}$$

$$W^{(\text{tot})} = \sum_{k=1}^N \int_{\delta_k} \left( \bar{F}_k^{(\text{ext})} + \sum_{j=1}^N \bar{F}_{k,j} \right) \cdot \vec{dr}_{k/0}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^N \int_{\delta_k} \bar{F}_k^{(\text{ext})} \cdot \vec{dr}_{k/0} + \sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \int_{\delta_k} \bar{F}_{k,j} \cdot \vec{dr}_{k/0}$$

$$W_k^{(\text{ext})}$$

internal work  $\neq 0$



$$W^{(tot)} = W^{(ext)} + W^{(int)}$$

$$W^{(ext)} = \sum_{k=1}^N W_k^{(ext)}$$

$$= -\bar{F}_{kj}$$

$$W^{(int)} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \int_{\delta_k} \bar{F}_{kj} \cdot \bar{d}\bar{r}_{kj} + \sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \int_{\delta_j} \bar{F}_{kj} \cdot \bar{d}\bar{r}_{kj} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \int_{\delta_k} \bar{F}_{kj} \cdot \underbrace{\left( \bar{d}\bar{r}_{kj} - \bar{d}\bar{r}_{jk} \right)}_{= \bar{d}\bar{r}_{kj}}$$

$$W^{(int)} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \int_{\delta_k} \bar{F}_{kj} \cdot \bar{d}\bar{r}_{kj}$$

$$= \bar{v}_{kj} \bar{d}t$$

Dfn

total potential energy

$$U_0 = \sum_{k=1}^N U_k/0$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^N U_k^{(ext)}/0 + \sum_{k=1}^N U_k^{(int)}/0$$

$$U_0^{(ext)} \quad U_0^{(int)}$$

$$U_0 = U_0^{(ext)} + U_0^{(int)}$$

Recall  
WE #2

$$\frac{+ U_{\text{kin/o}}(t_2) = U_{\text{kin/o}}(t_1) - W_{\text{c}}^{(c)}, k=1 \dots N}{U_o(t_2) = U_o(t_1) - W^{(c)}}$$
$$U_o(t_2) = U_o(t_1) - W^{(c, \text{ext})}$$
$$U_o(t_2) = U_o(t_1) - W^{(c, \text{int})}$$

therefore

$$T_o(t_2) = T_o(t_1) + W^{(\text{tot})}$$

$$+ U_o(t_2) = U_o(t_1) - W^{(c)}$$

$$\boxed{WE \#3 \quad E_o(t_2) = E_o(t_1) + W^{(nc)}}$$

$$E_o = \sum_{k=1}^N E_{\text{kin/o}} = \sum_{k=1}^N T_{\text{kin/o}} + U_{\text{kin/o}}$$

total  
total  
energy

$$W^{(nc)} = W^{(nc, \text{ext})} + W^{(nc, \text{int})}$$

\*  $E_o$  is conserved if  $W^{(nc, \text{ext})} + W^{(nc, \text{int})} = 0$

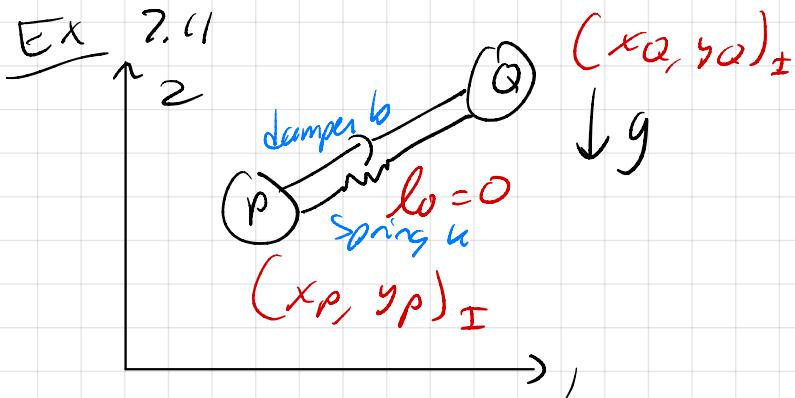
$$W^{(nc, \text{int})} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \int_{\Omega_k} \bar{F}_{\alpha,j} \cdot d\bar{r}_{\alpha,j}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N \int_{\Omega_k} \bar{F}_{\alpha,j} \cdot \bar{d}\bar{r}_{\alpha,j}$$

$\bar{P}_0$  is conserved if  $\bar{F}^{(ext)} = 0$

$\bar{h}_0$  " " "  $\bar{M}^{(ext)} = 0$

$E_0$  " " "  $W^{(int, ext)} + \underline{W^{(int, int)}} = 0$



$$T_0 = T_{p/0} + T_{Q/0}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m_p \|\dot{\bar{r}}_{p/0}\|^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_Q \|\dot{\bar{r}}_{Q/0}\|^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_{p/0} &= \frac{1}{2} m_p \|\dot{x}_p \hat{e}_1 + \dot{y}_p \hat{e}_2\|^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} m_p (\dot{x}_p^2 + \dot{y}_p^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$T_{Q/0} = \frac{1}{2} m_Q (\dot{x}_Q^2 + \dot{y}_Q^2)$$

$$U_0 = U_{p/0} + U_{Q/0}$$

$$= U_0^{(ext)} + U_0^{(int)}$$

$$= U_{p/0}^{(ext)} + U_{Q/0}^{(ext)} + U_0^{(int)}$$

$$= m_p y_p + m_Q y_Q + \frac{1}{2} k \left[ \frac{(x_p - x_Q)^2 + (y_p - y_Q)^2}{\frac{\Delta x}{\bar{r}_{p/0}}} \right]$$

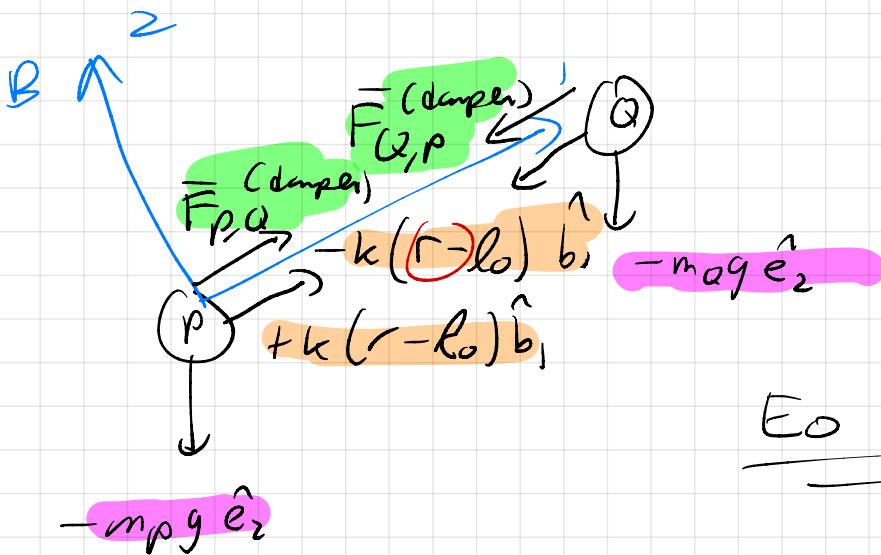
$$\left( \sqrt{(x_p - x_Q)^2 + (y_p - y_Q)^2} - l_0 \right)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 E_0 &= T_0 + U_0 \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} m_p (\dot{x}_p^2 + \dot{y}_p^2) + \frac{1}{2} m_Q (\dot{x}_Q^2 + \dot{y}_Q^2) \\
 &\quad + m_p g y_p + m_Q g y_Q + \frac{1}{2} \epsilon (\Delta x^2 + \Delta y^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

WE #3  $E_0(t_2) = E_0(t_1) + W^{(nc, ext)} + W^{(nc, int)}$

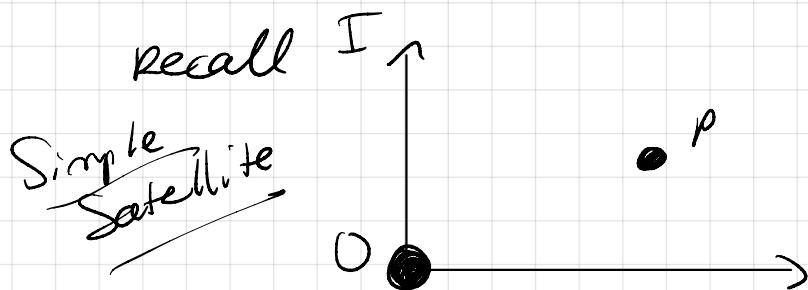
$\neq 0$

because of damps



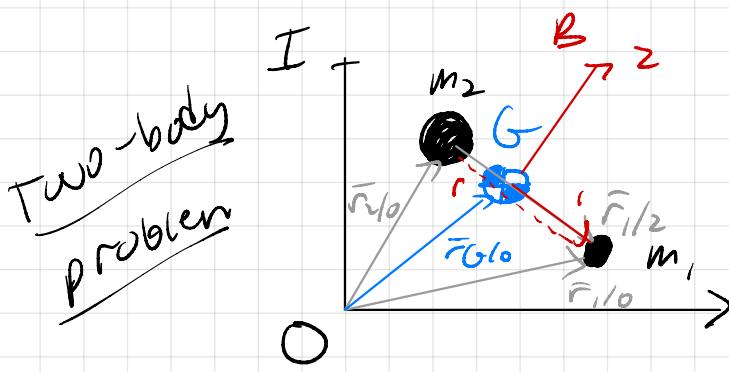
$E_0$  not conserved!!  
due to damps

## Tutorial 7.1 Two-body problem



$$M = 3 - 1 = 2$$

$$m_0 \gg m_p$$



$$M = 3 \cdot 2 - 2 = 4$$

$$m_2 > m_1$$

$$r = \| \bar{r}_{1/2} \|$$

$$\cos \theta = \hat{b}_1 \cdot \hat{e}_2$$



$$\bar{F}_1 = m_1 \bar{a}_{1/0} \quad \bar{F}_2 = m_2 \bar{a}_{2/0} \quad \bar{F}_G^{(ext)} = m_G \bar{a}_{G/0}$$

~~$\bar{F}_1 = \bar{F}_1^{(ext)} + \bar{F}_{1,2}$~~   ~~$\bar{F}_2 = \bar{F}_2^{(ext)} + \bar{F}_{2,1}$~~

$$\frac{d}{dt} (\bar{P}_{G/0}) = \bar{F}_G^{(ext)} = 0 \Rightarrow \bar{P}_{G/0} = \bar{P}_0 \text{ is conserved}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (\bar{h}_{G/0}) = \bar{M}_G^{(ext)} = 0 \Rightarrow \bar{h}_{G/0} \text{ is conserved}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (\bar{h}_G) = \bar{M}_G^{(ext)} = 0 \Rightarrow \bar{h}_G \text{ is conserved}$$

$$E_0(t_2) = E_0(t_1) + W^{(cav, ext)} + W^{(cav, h)} = 0$$

$\Rightarrow E_0$  is conserved

$$\bar{F}_1 = \bar{F}_{1,2} = -\frac{GM_1m_2}{r^2} \hat{b}_1$$

$$\bar{r}_{1/0} = \bar{r}_{G/0} + \bar{r}_{1/G}$$

$$\bar{r}_{2/0} = \bar{r}_{G/0} + \bar{r}_{2/G}$$

$\vdots$

$$\bar{a}_{1/0} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{a}_{1/2}, \quad M_2 = \frac{m_2}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$\bar{r}_{1/2} = r \hat{b}_1$$

$$\bar{\omega}_{1/2} = \dot{r} \hat{b}_1 + r \dot{\theta} \hat{b}_2$$

$$\bar{a}_{1/2} = \dots$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} \ddot{r}^* = \dots \\ \ddot{\theta} = \dots \end{array}}$$

Same eq. no. as simple satellite  
 $\Rightarrow$  Sol's are conic sections.