## Linear Regression

January 20, 2025

```
[201]: import pandas as pd
       import numpy as np
       import seaborn as sns
       import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
       from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
       from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, MinMaxScaler
       from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, mean_absolute_error, r2_score
[202]: df = pd.read_csv("HousePrices.csv")
       df = df.drop(columns=['rownames'])
       categorical_cols = df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
       encoder = LabelEncoder()
       for col in categorical_cols:
           df[col] = encoder.fit_transform(df[col])
[203]: X = df.drop(columns=['price'])
       y = df[['price']]
       X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.1,_
       →random_state=22051662)
       scalerX = MinMaxScaler()
       scalerY = MinMaxScaler()
       X_train_scaled = scalerX.fit_transform(X_train)
       X_test_scaled = scalerX.transform(X_test)
       y_train_scaled = scalerY.fit_transform(y_train)
       y_test_scaled = scalerY.transform(y_test)
[204]: def regress(model):
           model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train_scaled)
           y_pred_scaled = model.predict(X_test_scaled)
           ypred = scalerY.inverse_transform(y_pred_scaled)
```

```
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test_scaled, y_pred_scaled)
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test_scaled, y_pred_scaled)
mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test_scaled, y_pred_scaled)
r2 = r2_score(y_test_scaled, y_pred_scaled)
rmse = np.sqrt(mse)

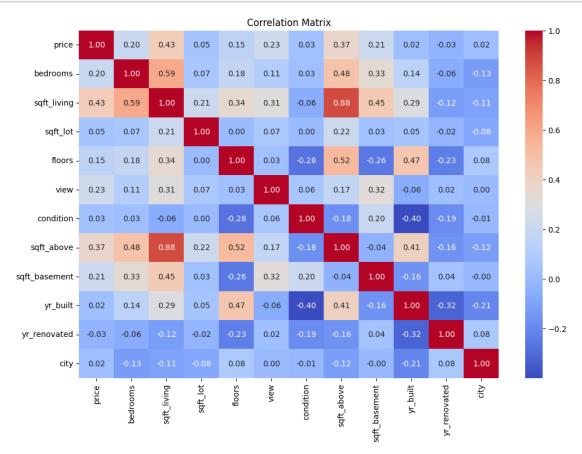
print(f"Mean Squared Error (MSE): {mse}")
print(f"Mean Absolute Error (MAE): {mae}")
print(f"Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): {rmse}")
print(f"R-squared (R²): {r2}")
```

```
[205]: lr_model = LinearRegression()
   regress(lr_model)
```

Mean Squared Error (MSE): 0.009126827641177542 Mean Absolute Error (MAE): 0.07420480167691655 Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): 0.09553443170489655 R-squared (R<sup>2</sup>): 0.6288885076011564

## 0.0.1 Second Dataset

```
[206]: df2 = pd.read_csv("data.csv")
      df2 = df2.drop(columns=['street'])
      categorical_cols = df2.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
      encoder = LabelEncoder()
      for col in categorical_cols:
          df2[col] = encoder.fit_transform(df2[col])
      correlation_matrix = df2.corr()
      plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
      sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap="coolwarm", fmt=".2f")
      plt.title("Correlation Matrix")
      plt.show()
      threshold = 0.9
      correlated_features = set()
      for i in range(len(correlation_matrix.columns)):
          for j in range(i):
               if abs(correlation_matrix.iloc[i, j]) > threshold:
                   colname = correlation matrix.columns[i]
                   correlated features.add(colname)
      df_reduced = df2.drop(columns=correlated_features)
```



```
[207]: lr_model = LinearRegression() regress(lr_model)
```

Mean Squared Error (MSE): 8.180961315107939e-05

Mean Absolute Error (MAE): 0.006190646545142922

Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): 0.009044866674035576

R-squared (R<sup>2</sup>): 0.5120785645385402