ASSIGNMENT 1 - PART 1

Jan-May 2021 CS6370: Natural Language Processing Release Date: 3/03/2021

Deadline: 10/03/2021

The goal of the assignment is to build a search engine from scratch, which is an example of an information retrieval system. In the class, we have seen the various modules that serve as the building blocks of a search engine. We will be progressively building the same as the course progresses. The first part of this assignment is to build a basic text processing module that implements sentence segmentation, tokenization, stemming/lemmatization and stopword removal. The Cranfield dataset will be used for this purpose, which has been uploaded separately on Moodle.

- 1. What is the simplest and obvious top-down approach to sentence segmentation for English texts?
- 2. Does the top-down approach (your answer to the above question) always do correct sentence segmentation? If Yes, justify. If No, substantiate it with a counter example.
- 3. Python NLTK is one of the most commonly used packages for Natural Language Processing. What does the Punkt Sentence Tokenizer in NLTK do differently from the simple top-down approach? You can read about the tokenizer here.
- 4. Perform sentence segmentation on the documents in the Cranfield dataset using:
 - (a) The top-down method stated above
 - (b) The pre-trained Punkt Tokenizer for English

State a possible scenario along with an example where:

- (a) the first method performs better than the second one (if any)
- (b) the second method performs better than the first one (if any)
- 5. What is the simplest top-down approach to word tokenization for English texts?
- 6. Study about NLTK's Penn Treebank tokenizer here. What type of knowledge does it use
 Top-down or Bottom-up?
- 7. Perform word tokenization of the sentence-segmented documents using
 - (a) The simple method stated above
 - (b) Penn Treebank Tokenizer

State a possible scenario along with an example where:

(a) the first method performs better than the second one (if any)

Assignment Part 1 Page 1

- (b) the second method performs better than the first one (if any)
- 8. What is the difference between stemming and lemmatization?
- 9. For the search engine application, which is better? Give a proper justification to your answer. This is a good reference on stemming and lemmatization.
- 10. Perform stemming/lemmatization (as per your answer to the previous question) on the word-tokenized text.
- 11. Remove stopwords from the tokenized documents using a curated list of stopwords (for example, the NLTK stopwords list).
- 12. In the above question, the list of stopwords denotes top-down knowledge. Can you think of a bottom-up approach for stopword removal?

Submission Instructions:

- 1. The template for the code (in python) is provided in a separate zip file and you are expected to fill in the template wherever instructed to. Note that any python library, such as nltk, stanfordcorenlp, spacy, etc can be used.
- 2. A folder named 'RollNo1_RollNo2.zip' that contains a zip of the code folder and a PDF of the answers to the above questions **must be uploaded on Moodle by 10/03/2021.**
- 3. Please include the names and roll numbers of each member of the team in the document.
- 4. All sources of material must be cited. The institute's academic code of conduct will be strictly enforced.

Assignment Part 1 Page 2