## 1BM19CS176

## **SELECTION SORT**

```
#include <stdio.h>
void swap(int *xp, int *yp)
  int temp = *xp;
  *xp = *yp;
  *yp = temp;
}
void selectionsort(int list[], int size)
  int i, j, min;
  // One by one move boundary of unsorted subarray
  for (i = 0; i < size-1; i++)
     // Find the minimum element in unsorted array
     min = i;
     for (j = i+1; j < size; j++)
      if (list[j] < list[min])</pre>
        min = j;
     // Swap the found minimum element with the first element
     swap(&list[min], &list[i]);
  }
}
/* Function to print an array */
void printArray(int list[], int size)
{
  int i;
  for (i=0; i < size; i++)
     printf("%d ", list[i]);
  printf("\n");
// Driver program to test above functions
int main()
{
  int size, list[25];
  printf("Enter the size of the list: ");
  scanf("%d",&size);
```

```
printf("Enter the elements of the list: ");
  for(int i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
  {
    scanf("%d",&list[i]);
  selectionsort(list, size);
  printf("After selection sort: \n");
  printArray(list, size);
  return 0;
}
   Enter the size of the list: 7
   Enter the elements of the list: 89
    12
   75
   902
   8
   45
   30
   After selection sort:
   8 12 30 45 75 89 902
```

## **BUBBLE SORT**

```
printf("Enter the size of the list: ");
  scanf("%d",&size);
  printf("Enter the elements: ");
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
  {
    scanf("%d",&list[i]);
  }
  bubblesort(list,size);
  printf("List after bubblesort: ");
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
  {
    printf("%d ",list[i]);
 }
  printf("\n");
}
 Enter the size of the list: 5
 Enter the elements: 78
 90
 131
 1
348
List after bubblesort: 1 78 90 131 348
```