1BM19CS176

TOPOLOGICAL ORDERING OF VERTICES

```
#include<stdio.h>
int temp[10],k=0;
void topo(int n,int indegree[10],int a[10][10])
  int i,j;
  for(i=1;i\leq n;i++)
  {
     if(indegree[i]==0)
        indegree[i]=1;
        temp[++k]=i;
        for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
          if(a[i][j]==1&&indegree[j]!=-1)
           indegree[j]--;
        }
        i=0;
     }
  }
}
 int main()
  int i,j,n,indegree[10],a[10][10];
  printf("Enter the number of vertices:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  for(i=1;i\leq n;i++)
  indegree[i]=0;
  printf("\nEnter the adjacency matrix\n");
  for(i=1;i\leq n;i++)
  for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
     scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
     if(a[i][j]==1)
     indegree[j]++;
  topo(n,indegree,a);
  if(k!=n)
  printf("Topological ordering is not possible.\n");
```

```
else
{
  printf("\nTopological ordering is :\n");
  for(i=1;i<=k;i++)
  printf("v%d\t",temp[i]);
printf("\n");
return 0;
Enter the number of vertices:4
Enter the adjacency matrix
0 1 1 0
0001
0001
0000
Topological ordering is:
v1 v2
                   v3
                         v4
```