

# 1.

In order to show that  $S$  is a field, we'll need to prove the following **binary operator** properties:

1. In  $S$ , there are two members, zero -  $0_S$  and one -  $1_S$
2.  $S$  supports the addition and multiplication binary operators
3. Every member in  $S$  can be negated, i.e. for every  $x$  there is  $-x$
4. For every member in  $S$  that is not  $0_S$ ,  $\exists x^{-1} \in S$ , it is called the multiplicative inverse of  $x$

In addition, the mentioned binary operators should satisfy the following properties, referred to as **field axioms**:

1. Associativity of addition and multiplication:

$$a + (b + c) = (a + b) + c$$

$$a \cdot (b \cdot c) = (a \cdot b) \cdot c$$

2. Commutativity of addition and multiplication:

$$a + b = b + a$$

$$a \cdot b = b \cdot a$$

3. Additive and multiplicative identity

$$a + 0 = a$$

$$a \cdot 1 = a$$

4. Additive and multiplicative inverses

$$a + (-a) = 0$$

$$a \cdot a^{-1} = 1$$

5. Distributivity

$$a(b + c) = (a \cdot b) + (a \cdot c)$$

**2.**