

T-409-TSAM-2017: Computer Networks

Programming Assignment 1 – Trivial File Transfer Protocol

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Submission Deadline

You must submit the solutions to this assignment through Canvas until 12:00:00 GMT on September 11, 2017.

Intended Learning Outcomes

You should be able to:

- Use the BSD socket API
- Understand the trivial file transfer protocol
- Write a server application

Question:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Points:	1	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	20	5	50
Score:											

1 Instructions

Implement a TFTP server, a program that serves files using the TFTP protocol (see below).

Your hand-in *must* conform to the following to be graded:

- All necessary files must be stored in a compressed archive (zip, zipped tar) that is not larger than 100 KiB.
 - Include a file `./AUTHORS` that includes the name of each group member followed by the e-mail address *at ru.is* enclosed in angle brackets (see example) on separate lines.
 - Include a file `./README` that gives an overview of the structure of your implementation.
 - You must **not** include the data files in `data/`.
 - You must **not** include the file `pa1.pdf`.
 - The unpacked archive should have a directory called `./src` that includes only the necessary source files and a `Makefile`.
 - Do not have those files nested deeper in subdirectories.
- The default rule in `Makefile` shall compile the `tftpd` program.
- Do not forget to comment your code and use proper indentation.

We will test your project on a standard RedHat Enterprise Linux Server Version 7.3 (probably `skel.ru.is`). It is a good idea to test your project on such a machine.

2 Requirements

Your task for this assignment is to program an TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol) server in the C programming language. You **must** use the socket API as specified in POSIX.1-2008.

The TFTP protocol is defined in RFC 1350, to which your server must conform to. TFTP is a protocol used to transfer files. It is considerably easier to implement than FTP. This makes it possible to implement it for example in the BIOS which allows to boot disk-less machines by downloading the boot loader from some TFTP server.

You will have to read RFC 1350 to understand the protocol. Your particular server shall allow to download files, but must not allow uploading.

1. (1 point) The source code should be in a file named `src/tftpd.c`. Use functions to structure the code.
2. (2 points) Take care of a consistent indentation style, meaningful comments, and meaningful variable names.
3. (2 points) Write a Makefile to compile the server.
4. (2 points) Make sure it compiles *without warnings* if using `gcc` using the flags `-O2 -Wall -Wextra -Wformat=2`.
5. (3 points) Make sure that memory is managed correctly by your server. We will use `valgrind` to see if your server allocates memory without deallocating it, or contains any other memory-related errors.
6. (5 points) The server needs to accept two command line argument — the port to listen on and the directory containing the files to serve.

It needs to be possible to run the server using this command:

```
[student14@skel pa1]$ make -C ./src
[student14@skel pa1]$ ./src/tftpd 2000 data
```

For testing, use a random port in the range 49152 to 65535. Note that ports may be used by other applications, and especially by other groups TFTP servers if you work on the same machine.

The output of the server should list which file is requested from which IP and port:

```
file "example_data1" requested from 127.0.0.1:37242
```

7. (5 points) For security reasons, the server should only send files that are inside the directory given as command line argument. The names of all requested files should be treated as being under the named directory (even if the filename contains a path). Downloading files outside of this directory must not be allowed.
8. (5 points) The RRQ and WRQ have a mode string. Carefully explain and document the meaning of the mode. Explain how you handle modes in your implementation and carefully justify your decision.
9. (20 points) A TFTP client is installed on skel and can be used for testing, e.g.,

```
[student14@skel pal]$ tftp 127.0.0.1 2000 -c get example_data1
[student14@skel pal]$ ls
Makefile answers data example_data1
```

should download the file `example_data1` from the TFTP server into the current working directory. The downloaded copy must be identical to the original on the server. Compare the files using “diff”! Use “man tftp” to learn about different commands of the client. Try them and see if your server is handling the requests correctly.

10. (5 points) Explain how your server handles attempts of uploading files.