

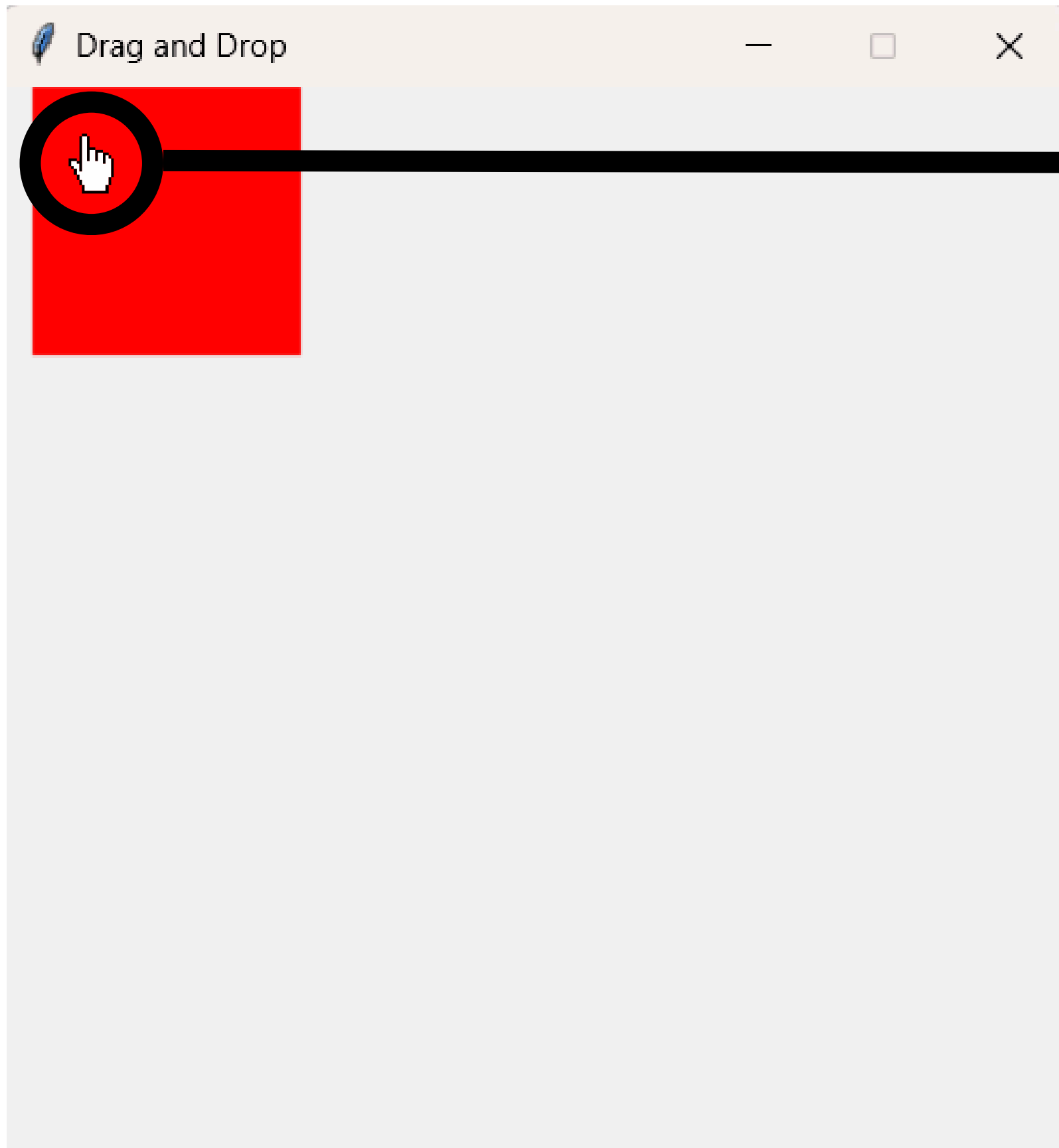
User clicks on the widget
to start the dragging

Relative coordinates
(relative to the widget) are
calculated.

In this case, the cursor is at
the following coordinates:

$x = 20;$

$y = 14$



User drags the mouse.
Every slight movement of
the mouse calls `on_drag()`
method.

Example: the first slight
movement consists of a
displacement of 1 pixel on
the x-axis.

```
Widget: x = 0; y = 0
```

```
Event: x = 21; y = 14
```

```
New x=1; y=0
```

Here's what happens during the first movement.

Widget is at the initial position, which is (0; 0)

The cursor is now at position (21; 14).

Considering that the start coordinates (given by the first of the mouse) were (20; 14), new coordinates are calculated in the following way:

$$\text{new_x} = 0 + 21 - 20 = 1$$

$$\text{new_y} = 0 + 14 - 14 = 0$$



Widget is placed at (1; 0)