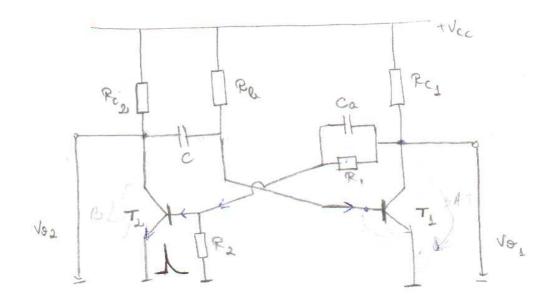
## Circuitul leasculant momesteliil



#### · Functionary.

In stane stabile, transvitanul 7, est saturat, ian 72 est biloci da aplicaria umui impuls di diclamorari positir pi hasea transvitanului 72, transvitanul 72 true in RAM, timouumua din colidanul lui 72 ocadi si suanta scadure este transmissa prin copacitatia c pi hasea transvitanului 72 prin casi il suate din saturatii. Timoiumua di colida sa lui 72 cuista, crustur e este transmissa prin capacitatia ca pi luaza transvitanului 72, prin casi transvitanului 72, prin casi transvitanului 72, » ) 72 intra in saturati

I'm stano exasi stalilà, capacitatia C ai incasco di la sursa di alimentari ve grim intristante Per si prim transistand Te salurat si ditermina renstena tempienii pe lave lui Te pana si atinge tempiene di dischidene pe scentura. Im mome dischidene transpistorului Te, Te isi si il din saturati si se surini la stano si mitialà.

- Conditu de saturatie - pentru tronzistorul T2: 182> 18512

$$\frac{1}{16} \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{16} \frac{1}{16} = \frac{$$

- pentru tranzistorul 7,!

$$i_{B_1} = \frac{J_{CC} - V_{BE}}{R_{Q_1}}$$

$$i_{B_3} = \frac{J_{CC} - V_{BE}}{R_{Q_2}}$$

$$i_{B_3} = \frac{1}{\beta_0} \left( \frac{J_{CC} - J_{CE_3ol}}{R_{C_1}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\beta_0} \frac{J_{CC} - J_{CE_3ol}}{R_{C_1}}$$

· Blocario tranzistocular este asigurato

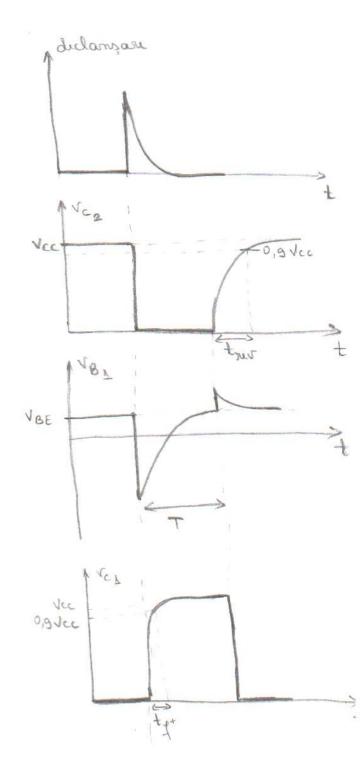
- pentru transcitorul 71: - prim salt di tempicare migatira din colictorul lui 72 ] - pentru transcitorul 72:

· Amplitudinia tensumi de cision

· Obra il reliment polistem sua para ministra

- rolido and luit ( 
$$r_0$$
,  $t_1^*$ ):

 $r_0(t) = r_0(r_0) + [r_0(0) - r_0(r_0)] e^{-t/r}$ 
 $r_0(t) = r_0(r_0) + [r_0(r_0) - r_0(r_0)] e^{-t/r}$ 

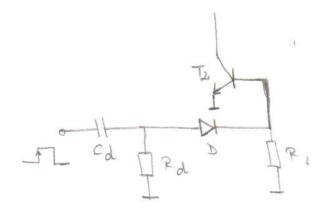


- baxe lui 
$$T_{1}$$
 ( $T$ )

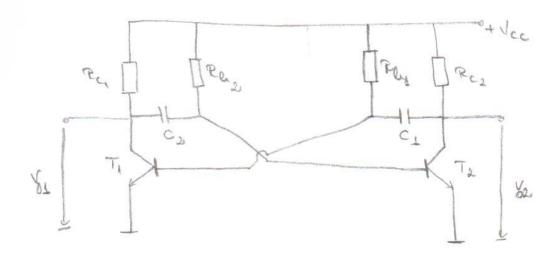
 $V_{0}(t) = V_{0}(t) + [V_{0}(t) - V_{0}(t)] e^{-t/T}$ 
 $V_{0}(T) = V_{0}(t) + [V_{0}(t) - V_{0}(t)] e^{-t/T}$ 

$$V_{02}(t) = V_{02}(\infty) + [V_{04}(0) - V_{04}(\infty)]e^{-t(t)}$$
 $V_{02}(t) = V_{02}(\infty) + [V_{04}(0) - V_{04}(\infty)]e^{-t(t)}$ 
 $V_{02}(t) = V_{02}(0) + [V_{04}(0) - V_{04}(\infty)]e^{-t(t)}$ 
 $V_{02}(t) = V_{04}(0) + [V_{04}(0) - V_{04}(\infty)]e^{-t(t)}$ 
 $V_{04}(t) = V_{04}(0) + [V_{04}(0) - V$ 

· Declarizario CBM se poote face prim aplicarea uma impulsiva de declarizare postitise pe harsa lui T2 folosind um reicuid de derisare ri limitare:



# Chiacital hasculant astabil



#### · Lundiomare.

Bircutul leasculant astoliil mu au micie stau stoliile. Al presenta dans stari wasistoliile inter rase comente la intervole de timp determinate mumoi de elementele sicciatelor de temposissase condinute.

Unitial, ambul team xis toan aunt im RAH, dan la o foarte uspara misimelui a evolutii ruentilor prin rele dana transistaane,

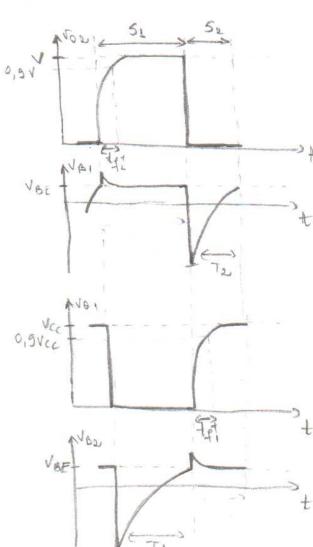
xiraidul tuce inter-uno din ale dono stari avasistalile,

Ja presupurum xà ic, rough => tenseume din coledoud lui 7, Deade. Xôdere este transmissò prin c, pe hare lui 7, custe, 18, seade => ic, seade => tenseume din role topul lui 7, custe, construe este transmissò prin c, pe hare lui 7, => ib, custe => -> ic, rough, inchixandu-re luclo de reatie. => T, re saluraroro ai 7, re blochesto. (store 51)

coopacitatio C2 a Emcarco de la seuse de rolimentare Vec prim restistanta Pa si prim T1, rue a dua la centera tempiumi de pi lassa lui T2 pomo se atinge tempiume de deschidere a acestura. Se imitiazo un proces de comuntatio, la ofairidal cârnico, circuital tuce in stana Se cu T, lelocat si T2 paturat.

=) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{cc-VBE}}{Re_i} > \frac{1}{\beta_{0i}} \left( \frac{Vcc}{Rc_i} + \frac{2Vcc}{Re_2} - \frac{VBE}{Re_2} \right)$$

- · Conditie de belocase:
  - realizate prim salture de temperione din coledoor spre leatele celuitalt transister.
- o Determinare parametrilor formular de mado.



$$V_{B_1}(t) = V_{B_1}(\infty) + \left[V_{B_1}(0) - V_{B_1}(\infty)\right] e^{-\frac{t}{2}}$$
,  $T = C_1 Re_1$ ,  $V_{CC}$ 
 $V_{CC}$ 
 $V_{CC}$ 
 $V_{CC}$ 
 $V_{CC}$ 
 $V_{CC}$ 

$$VBE - VCC = (VBE - 2VCC) e^{-\frac{1}{2}t^2}$$

$$E = \frac{VBE - VCC}{VBE - 2VCC}$$

#### - colidoral luite.

$$V_{02}(t) = V_{02}(\infty) + [V_{02}(0) - V_{02}(\infty)] e^{-\frac{t}{2}}$$
,  $\pi = C$ ,  $R_{C2}$ 
 $V_{CL}$ 
 $V_{02}(t) = V_{02}(\infty) + [V_{02}(0) - V_{02}(\infty)] e^{-\frac{t}{2}}$ 
 $V_{CL}$ 
 $V_{02}(t) = V_{02}(\infty) + [V_{02}(0) - V_{02}(\infty)] e^{-\frac{t}{2}}$ 
 $V_{02}(t) = V_{02}(\infty) + [V_{02}(\infty) - V_{02}(\infty)] e^{-\frac{t}{2}}$ 

#### - haxa hi T2:

$$V_{B_2}(A) = V_{B_2}(\infty) + [V_{B_2}(\infty) - V_{B_2}(\infty)] e^{-\frac{1}{2}(T)}$$
 $V_{CC}$ 
 $V_{CC}$ 
 $V_{CC}$ 
 $V_{CC}$ 
 $V_{CC}$ 
 $V_{CC}$ 

#### · Periocodo impulsarios

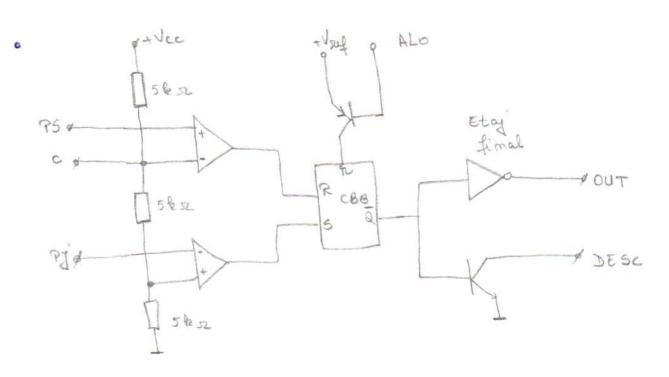
· Frecente impulsion

$$f = \frac{1}{T_0} = \frac{1}{2 \, C \, R_L \, lm2} \, (pt \, CBA \, simultic)$$

· Factorul de simples

$$\begin{cases}
\frac{T_1}{T_0} = \frac{C_1 R_{0,1}}{C_1 R_{0,1} C_2 R_{0,2}}
\end{cases}$$

#### Circuit de temporizon ru integrabel 555



### · Structura interno

Este un riscuit de temponizone integrat, momolitic, lupolar, poste versatil! momostalui, astalui, generator de diferite forme de unda

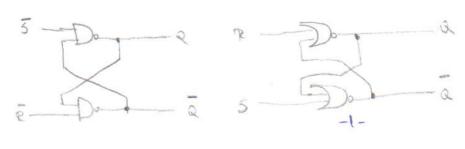
obside modului de ronted al tensuimila din ndique, externo de lumo ralido, prim romparatore de lump ralido, prim romparatore de lump ralido, principal esta constitui de de lumperatura par la principal de lumperatura par in tenso, este poste lumo.

## · Componentele riscuitulini

- romparator "sus" -75- ru prajul 1/PH = 3/4cc
- comparator "jos" 9j ru prajul VpL = 1 vcc

(praquile sunt prices determinate de désistant format din 3 visitante de 5 les prin ran révulé un revent must moi mon decot rive mbul de intran al romparatarelles)

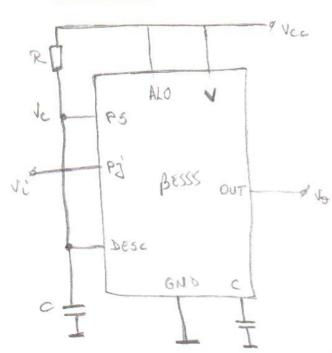
- un viraid CBB de tip 25 au tolula de adusor.

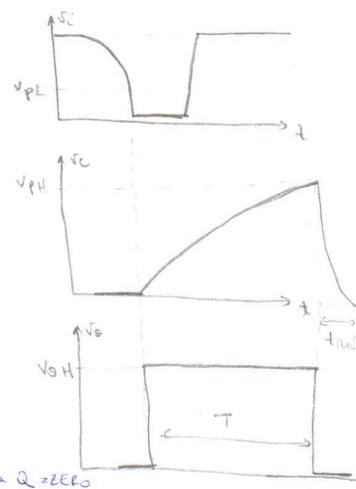


Ē	5	al	ā	
75	7	0	1	1
1	TI	11	10	
TVC	175	1?	10	
1	1	1	15	COLL

- un transister de discarcare, romedat la résure CBB.
- un etaj final, de tip intersor, cometat la résina CBB, capalul sa asiguse resunt mon en sorcina (pomo la 200 mA)
- un riscuit de aducer la tero, ALO, prim rare se poale intrumpe ricle monmal al times-ului

#### · CBM M 555





- pand la aplicana impulsalii migatio, COB este in stana ru a 22EEE

trantistorul de discorcon est soturat ri rapocitate de temporizon este dexorcato.

- la aplicana impulsului di comando, pe indiana PJ,.

la tricina prin 1PL = 3 Vcc, CBB trice in stana Q = UHU.

=> transistand de discorcan se blachesso si usina et quilli
final true in UHU

- rapacitates de temponizon re incarco prim essistente de la reuse de alimenton dupé leges:

$$V_{c}(T) = V_{pH} = \frac{2}{3} V_{cc}$$

$$= \int \frac{2}{3} V_{pc} (1 - e^{-\frac{1}{3}T^{2}}) V_{pc}$$

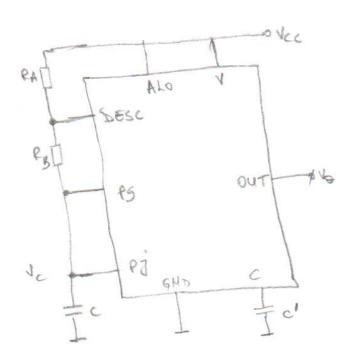
$$= \frac{1}{3} = \int T = r L m_{3}$$

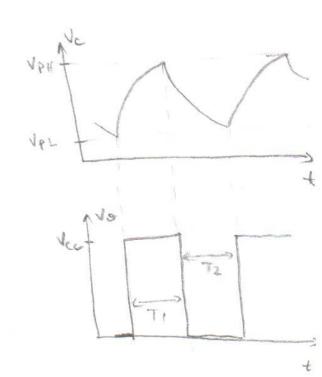
$$= T = \frac{1}{3} = \int T = r L m_{3}$$

$$= T = r L m_{3}$$

- timpul de revenire este foosh mie si est dat de transeritarul de descarcare care merge you saturatie.

#### · CBA au 555





~ pe durata T₁, Q=UHU => transistanul de discorcare este blacat capacitatea se incarca de la Vpe catu Vcc

$$V_{c}(A) = V_{c}(A) + \left(V_{c}(A) - V_{c}(A)\right) e - \frac{1}{2} e$$

$$V_{c}(A) = V_{cc} + \left(V_{pl} - V_{cc}\right) e$$

$$V_{c}(A) = V_{cc} + \left(V_{pl} - V_{cc}\right) e$$

$$V_{c}(A) = V_{cc} + \left(\frac{1}{3}V_{cc} - V_{cc}\right) e$$

$$V_{c}(A) = V_{cc} +$$

- pr durate T2, Q = XERO => transistand de discorcar este saturat si rapocitable se discorca de la VPH raturo.

$$v_{c}(t) = v_{c}(\infty) + \left[v_{c}(0) - v_{c}(\infty)\right] e^{-t/\tau}$$
,  $\tau = cRB$ 

$$V_{c}(t) = J_{PH} e^{-\frac{t}{2}tc}$$

$$V_{c}(t_{2}) = J_{PL} = \frac{1}{3}V_{cc} \qquad = \frac{2}{3}V_{cc} = \frac{2}{3}V_{cc} = \frac{1}{3}V_{cc} =$$

- periodo impulsandos.

- fuccienta empulsarilor:

- factorul de simplere.

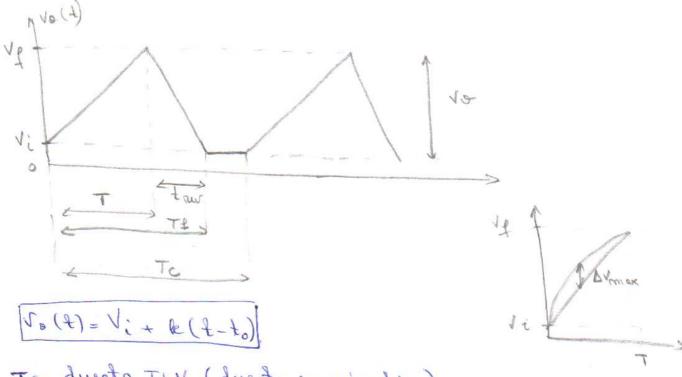
$$8 = \frac{\pi}{\tau_0} = \frac{\cancel{(R_{A} + 2f_B) lon2}}{\cancel{(R_{A} + f_B) lon2}} = \frac{\cancel{R_{A} + 2R_B}}{\cancel{R_{A} + 4R_B}} = \frac{\cancel{R_{A} + 4R_B}}{\cancel{R_{A} + 2R_B}}$$

#### Generato ou de tenseume Liniar variabelo

- realiteatà inte-o saccinà data a tensiume (t) a rasii variatii in ramumiti interde de timp, se fea liniar.

- aplicatii: telesiziem, osciloscopie, aparaturo digitalo, comsentose AID, AID, all pendru calculator.

### Journa de unda pentre un 71 / 2i parametri ei



· T\_ durata TLV (durata cursu active)

)- valori intre za de mes porro la zeci de minute

- valocua minimo este limitata de rapacitațile parazde, putrue disupata maxima

- valoane maximo usu limitato de valoana maximo e rapacitati con potenti fi folosito, nexistente maximo, suruntin exiduali

-trus-timpul de reservire, su oculosi limitàri 1-trului sa fir mai mic decat T

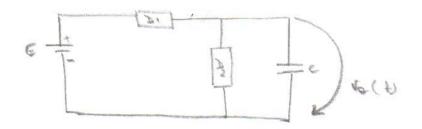
- Vo = Vg - Vi - amplitudeme TLV

-Te = T+ trus - periodo impulsarilos doco lucrato ce escilatos.

-Tc - perioada impulsivilla de comando.

201 > : liter; itativa ind a la lini aritate; will: < 1%

## · Schema de principie



- C a incarca pain dipolul de incarcare s, ru poste fi redixat:

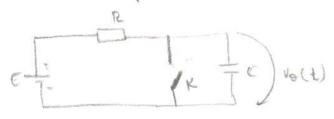
L' dinter-o rexistenté fixa romatata la o acusa de alimentare

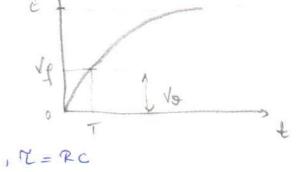
dinter-un generator de rurent semple sau rompens d

- C ou discorcé prin dipolul de discorcon de su nuxistante echivolenté mice:

( igloristo mi loutiners) inburbmax mi 9187]

- rel mai simplu model: incarcous rapacitatie printe-se suristante fixe de la o susse de lenseum fixo:





$$V_0(t) = V_0(\infty) + [V_0(0) - V_0(\infty)] = t R$$

$$V_0(t) = V_0(\infty) + [V_0(0) - V_0(\infty)] = t R$$

$$V_0(t) = V_0(\infty) + [V_0(0) - V_0(\infty)] = t R$$

$$V_0(t) = V_0(\infty) + [V_0(0) - V_0(\infty)] = t R$$

Coeficiental de reliminations:

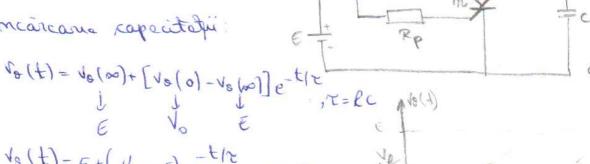
Rentou EL 106 => TKRC

Imhumatativa performantilor

introducina rapacitatio in lucla de matri migativa e unui ramplificator ru amplifican de tensum migative, -A, ara a determino, prin efed Miller, multiplicare repositation de (1-A) où => missonous lui E; GTLV de tip Miller introducina axistentii in luda de readii poxitisis sa unui amplificator ou amplifican de tensium paritire, A, sulumite morino prin hodstropou de \_ = => are de determina, 2) micronoria lui E; GTLV de tip hootstrap - incarcare rapocitati printer un generator de revent constant relitat on TBIP, TEC, pan AO.

## · GTLV au livister

- incarcano capacitati



Vo (T) = Va, Vaz tens de amonson

-) 
$$V_{a} = E + (V_{o} - E) e^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$e^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{V_{a} - E}{V_{o} - E}$$

$$T = V ln \frac{V_{o} - E}{V_{a} - E}$$

- discorcorio respectabili:

$$\Gamma_{0}(t) = V_{s}(\varphi) + \left[V_{0}(\varphi) - V_{0}(\varphi)\right] e^{-t/\tau}, \quad \tau = C. (RM)$$

$$V_{0}(t) = V_{0} e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$\Gamma_{T} = \frac{E - V_{0}}{R + R} + \frac{V_{0} - V_{0}}{R} e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{t_{nus}}{t_{nus}}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{t_{nus}}{R}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{t_{n$$

Conficiental de melimioistale:

E = T

REC %