Cornigé 3 A00 2 [ Déc 2016 ] ER 2 Exol i) ondes (c=2) ii) On chardre la sol. u(\*, t) = X(\*) T(t) L'EDP (2) dévient: XT" = 4 X"T |: 4XT

=>  $\frac{T''}{4T} = \frac{X''}{X} = -\lambda = \frac{X'' + \lambda X = 00}{T'' + 4\lambda X = 0}$ 

Cars  $\lambda \leq 0$ : Soit  $\lambda = -\beta^2$ ① devient:  $\chi'' - \beta^2 \chi = 0$ 

et X(x) = A cosh(Bx) + B simh(Bx)

De plus X'(0) = X'(1) = 0

(=) BA simh (BO) + BB cosh (BO) = 0

et  $\beta A = 0$  (=) B = 0. et  $\beta A = 0$  (=) B = 0 denc A = 0 =) since A = 0 sol. triviale A = 0. Sol . triviale u = 0.

impossible!

Cas X=0: X =0 (=) X(x)=Ax+B X'(1)=0 (=) A=0 Done X(x)=B X'(1)=0 (=) A=0 Sol. const sol. constande.

Cas >>0 : Soit > = B Sol. X (x) = A cos (B\*) + B sim (Bx) X(0) = 0 (=) BB = 0 (=) B=07 X1(1) = 0 (=) - 13 A sim(13) = 0 (=) Sim(B) = 0 (=) B=MI A +0 Sinon sol. triviale Done la font propre sera:  $X_m(x) = A_m \cos(m\pi x), \forall m = 1, 2,$ ii) La rol de l'EDO (3) est:  $T_m(t) = C_m \cos(m\pi t) + D_m \sin(m\pi t)$ La sol par supérposition est:  $U(x,t) = \sum_{m=0}^{+\infty} \cos(m\pi x) \left( C_m \cos(m\pi t) + D_m \sin(m\pi t) \right)$ (Ocume  $u(x,0) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi x)$  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi x) = \frac{2}{5} \cos(\pi x) \times C_m$ Par idéntification on a  $C_0 = \frac{1}{2}$ et  $C_2 = \frac{1}{2}$  $C_{m} = 0$  ,  $\forall m = 1, 3, 4, 5, ...$ 

De plus on a la vitesse initiale:

Donc = - mTI Cm cos (mTix) sim(mTi.0) + Dm mTi cos (mTix)2

$$n = \frac{1}{4} \cos \left( \frac{1}{1} \cos \left($$

(=)  $\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} m \pi D_m \cos(m \pi x) = \frac{1}{4} \cos(\pi x) - \frac{1}{4} \cos(3\pi x)$ 

Par idémbification, les seuls termes \$0 sont pour m=1 et m=3.

On a alones:

$$\pi D_{\lambda} \cos (\pi x) = \frac{1}{4} \cos (\pi x) = \frac{1}{4\pi}$$

et  $3\pi D_{3\cos(3\pi x)} = -\frac{1}{4}\cos(3\pi x)$ 

$$D_3 = -\frac{1}{12\pi}$$
 et  $D_m = 0$ ,  $\forall m \neq 1,3$ 

Sol. gémérale:

$$u(x,t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4\pi} \cos(\pi x) \sin(\pi t) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi t)$$

$$\cos(2\pi t) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{12\pi}\cos(3\pi x)\sin(3\pi t)$$

iii) Les fet. propres  $X_m(x)$  sont des stries en sin

i) ut = Kuxx

 $u(x,0) = \begin{cases} To & si & 0 < x \leq \frac{\ell}{2} \\ 0 & si & \frac{\ell}{2} < x < \ell \end{cases}$ 

u(o,t)=u(l,t)=0.

On peut écrire directement la sol par superposition :  $u(x,t) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} B_m \sin\left(\frac{m\pi x}{e}\right) e^{-\frac{m^2\pi^2}{e^2}} kt$ 

ou alors la caluler:

on pose ulx, t) = X(x) T(t). On a:

XT'=kX''T |: kXT  $\Rightarrow \frac{T'}{kT} = \frac{X''}{X} = -\lambda, \quad \lambda > 0; \quad \lambda = \beta^{2}$ 

$$|X'' + \lambda X = 0 \quad \text{de sol.} \quad X(x) = C \cos(\beta x) + D \sin(\beta x)$$

$$|X'' + \lambda X = 0 \quad \text{de sol.} \quad T(t) = B e^{-\beta xt}$$

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Ex3) On résond:  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \Delta u = 0$   $\int_{0}^{\infty} u(1,\theta) = 1 + \cos(2\theta) - 2\cos(3\theta).$ Sur le disque  $\int_{0}^{\infty} = \frac{1}{2}(\pi,\theta) | \pi \leq 1$ .

La sol. par séparation de var. est:

 $u(x, \theta) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{m=1}^{+\infty} x^m (a_m \cos(m\theta) + b_m \sin(m\theta))$ 

Comme

 $u(1,0) = 1 + \cos(20) - 2\cos(30)$  on a:

 $\frac{a_o}{2} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left[ a_m \cos(m\theta) + b_m \sin(m\theta) \right] = 1 + \cos(2\theta) - 2\cos(2\theta)$ 

Par idéndification: [5m=0] (on m'a pas de termes en sin

 $\frac{a_0}{2} = 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{a_0 = 2}$ 

et  $[a_2 = 1]$  et  $[a_3 = -2]$   $[a_m = 0, \forall m \neq 2 \text{ et } 3]$ 

La sol générale:

 $u(n, \theta) = 1 + n^2 \cos(2\theta) - 2n^3 \cos(3\theta)$ .