

Lab: Encapsulation

Problems for exercises and homework for the ["C# OOP" course @ SoftUni](#).

You can check your solutions here: <https://judge.softuni.bg/Contests/1497/Encapsulation-Lab>

1. Sort Persons by Name and Age

NOTE: You need a public **Startup** class with the namespace **PersonsInfo**.

Create a class **Person**, which should have **public** properties with **private** setters for:

- **FirstName: string**
- **LastName: string**
- **Age: int**
- **ToString(): string - override**

You should be able to use the class like this:

Startup.cs

```
public static void Main()
{
    var lines = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
    var persons = new List<Person>();
    for (int i = 0; i < lines; i++)
    {
        var cmdArgs = Console.ReadLine().Split();
        var person = new Person(cmdArgs[0], cmdArgs[1], int.Parse(cmdArgs[2]));
        persons.Add(person);
    }

    persons.OrderBy(p => p.FirstName)
        .ThenBy(p => p.Age)
        .ToList()
        .ForEach(p => Console.WriteLine(p.ToString()));
}
```

Examples

| Input | Output |
|---|--|
| 5 Asen Ivanov 65 Boiko Borisov 57 Ventsislav Ivanov 27 Asen Harizanoov 44 Boiko Angelov 35 | Asen Harizanoov is 44 years old. Asen Ivanov is 65 years old. Boiko Angelov is 35 years old. Boiko Borisov is 57 years old. Ventsislav Ivanov is 27 years old. |

Solution

Create a **new class** and ensure **proper naming**. Define the **public** properties:

Person.cs



```
public class Person
{
    public string FirstName { get; private set; }

    public string LastName { get; private set; }

    public int Age { get; private set; }
}
```

Create a constructor for Person, which takes 3 parameters firstName, lastName, age:

Person.cs

```
public Person(string firstName, string lastName, int age)
{
    this.FirstName = firstName;
    this.LastName = lastName;
    this.Age = age;
}
```

Override **ToString()** method:

Person.cs

```
public override string ToString()
{
    return $"{this.FirstName} {this.LastName} is {this.Age} years old.";
}
```

2. Salary Increase

NOTE: You need a public **StartUp** class with the namespace **PersonsInfo**. **Refactor the project from the last task.**

Read a **Person** with their **names**, **age** and **salary**. Read the percentage of the bonus to every **Person salary**. People younger than 30 **get half the increase**. Expand **Person** from the previous task.

New **properties** and **methods**:

- **Salary: decimal**
- **IncreaseSalary(decimal percentage)**

You should be able to use the class like this:

StartUp.cs

```

var lines = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
var persons = new List<Person>();
for (int i = 0; i < lines; i++)
{
    var cmdArgs = Console.ReadLine().Split();
    var person = new Person(cmdArgs[0],
                            cmdArgs[1],
                            int.Parse(cmdArgs[2]),
                            decimal.Parse(cmdArgs[3]));

    persons.Add(person);
}
var percentage = decimal.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
persons.ForEach(p => p.IncreaseSalary(percentage));
persons.ForEach(p => Console.WriteLine(p.ToString()));

```

Examples

| Input | Output |
|--|---|
| 5 Asen Ivanov 65 2200 Boiko Borisov 57 3333 Ventsislav Ivanov 27 600 Asen Harizanoov 44 666.66 Boiko Angelov 35 559.4 20 | Asen Ivanov receives 2640.00 leva. Boiko Borisov receives 3999.60 leva. Ventsislav Ivanov receives 660.00 leva. Asen Harizanoov receives 799.99 leva. Boiko Angelov receives 671.28 leva. |

Solution

Add a new **public** property for **salary** and **refactor constructor**. Add a new **method**, which will **update salary** with a bonus:

| Person.cs |
|---|
| <pre> public void IncreaseSalary(decimal percentage) { if(this.Age > 30) { this.Salary += this.Salary * percentage / 100; } else { this.Salary += this.Salary * percentage / 200; } } </pre> |

Refactor the **ToString()** method for this task.

3. Validation of Data

NOTE: You need a public **StartUp** class with the namespace **PersonsInfo**.

Expand **Person** with proper validation for every field:

- Names must be at least 3 symbols
- Age must not be zero or negative
- Salary can't be less than 460.0

Print proper messages to the user:

- "Age cannot be zero or a negative integer!"
- "First name cannot contain fewer than 3 symbols!"
- "Last name cannot contain fewer than 3 symbols!"
- "Salary cannot be less than 460 leva!"

Use **ArgumentException** with the listed message.

Examples

| Input | Output |
|---|---|
| 5 Asen Ivanov -6 2200 B Borisov 57 3333 Ventsislav Ivanov 27 600 Asen H 44 666.66 Boiko Angelov 35 300 20 | Age cannot be zero or a negative integer! First name cannot contain fewer than 3 symbols! Last name cannot contain fewer than 3 symbols! Salary cannot be less than 460 leva! Ventsislav Ivanov gets 660.00 leva. |

Solution

Add validation to all of the setters in **Person**. Validation may look like this or something similar:

| Person.cs |
|---|
| <pre>public decimal Salary { get { return this.salary; } private set { if (value < 460) { throw new ArgumentException("Salary cannot be less than 460 leva!"); } } }</pre> |

4. First and Reserve Team

NOTE: You need a public **StartUp** class with the namespace **PersonsInfo**.

Create a **Team** class. Add to this team all of the people you have received. Those who are younger than 40 go to the first team, others go to the reverse team. At the end print the sizes of the first and the reserved team.

The class should have **private fields** for:

- **name: string**
- **firstTeam: List<Person>**
- **reserveTeam: List<Person>**

The class should have **constructors**:

- **Team(string name)**

The class should also have **public properties** for:



- **FirstTeam: List<Person> (read only!)**
- **ReserveTeam: List<Person> (read only!)**

And a method for adding players:

- **AddPlayer(Person person): void**

You should be able to use the class like this:

| Startup.cs |
|--|
| <pre>Team team = new Team("SoftUni"); foreach (Person person in persons) { team.AddPlayer(person); }</pre> |

You **should NOT** be able to use the class like this:

| Startup.cs |
|--|
| <pre>Team team = new Team("SoftUni"); foreach (Person person in persons) { if(person.Age < 40) { team.FirstTeam.Add(person); } else { team.ReserveTeam(person); } }</pre> |

Examples

| Input | Output |
|--|--|
| 5 Asen Ivanov 20 2200 Boiko Borisov 57 3333 Ventsislav Ivanov 27 600 Grigor Dimitrov 25 666.66 Boiko Angelov 35 555 | First team has 4 players. Reserve team has 1 players. |

Solution

Add a new class Team. Its fields and **constructor** should look like

| Team.cs |
|---------|
|---------|

```

private string name;
private List<Person> firstTeam;
private List<Person> reserveTeam;

public Team(string name)
{
    this.name = name;
    this.firstTeam = new List<Person>();
    this.reserveTeam = new List<Person>();
}

```

Properties for **FirstTeam** and **ReserveTeam** have only getters:

Team.cs

```

public IReadOnlyCollection<Person> FirstTeam
{
    get { return this.firstTeam.AsReadOnly(); }
}

public IReadOnlyCollection<Person> ReserveTeam
{
    get { return this.reserveTeam.AsReadOnly(); }
}

```

There will be only one method, which adds players to teams:

Team.cs

```

public void AddPlayer(Person person)
{
    if (person.Age < 40)
    {
        firstTeam.Add(person);
    }
    else
    {
        reserveTeam.Add(person);
    }
}

```