Exercises: Sets and Dictionaries Advanced

Problems for exercises and homework for the "C# Advanced" course @ SoftUni.

You can check your solutions here: https://judge.softuni.bg/Contests/1466/Sets-and-Dictionaries-Advanced-Exercise

Problem 1. Unique Usernames

Write a program that reads from the console a sequence of **N usernames** and keeps a collection only of the **unique** ones. On the **first** line you will be given an integer **N**. On the next **N** lines you will receive **one** username **per line**. Print the collection on the console in **order** of **insertion**:

Examples

Input	Output
6 Ivan Ivan Ivan Pesho Ivan NiceGuy1234	Ivan Pesho NiceGuy1234

Problem 2. Sets of Elements

Write a program that prints a **set of elements**. On the first line you will receive two numbers - **n** and **m**, which represent the lengths of two separate sets. On the next **n** + **m** lines you will receive **n** numbers, which are the numbers in the **first** set, and **m** numbers, which are in the **second** set. Find all the **unique elements** that appear in **both of them** and **print** them in the order in which they appear in the **first** set - **n**.

For example:
Set with length n = 4: {1, **3**, **5**, 7}
Set with length m = 3: {**3**, 4, **5**}
Set that contains all the **elements** that repeat in **both sets** -> {**3**, **5**}

Examples

Input	Output
4 3 1 3 5 7 3 4	3 5

5	
2 2 1 3 1 5	1

Problem 3. Periodic Table

Write a program that keeps all the **unique** chemical **elements**. On the first line you will be given a number **n** - the **count** of input **lines** that you are going to receive. On the next **n** lines you will be receiving **chemical compounds**, separated by a **single space**. Your task is to print all the **unique ones** in **ascending order**:

Examples

Input	Output
4 Ce O Mo O Ce Ee Mo	Ce Ee Mo O
3 Ge Ch O Ne Nb Mo Tc O Ne	Ch Ge Mo Nb Ne O Tc

Problem 4. Even Times

Write a program that **prints** a **number** from a collection, which appears an **even number** of **times** in it. On the first line, you will be given **n** – the **count** of **integers** you will receive. On the next n lines you will be receiving **the numbers**. It is **guaranteed** that **only one** of them **appears** an **even number** of times. Your task is to **find** that **number** and **print** it in the end.

Examples

Input	Output
3 2 -1 2	2
5 1 2 3 1 5	1

Problem 5. Count Symbols

Write a program that reads some **text** from the console and **counts** the **occurrences** of **each** character in it. Print the results in **alphabetical** (lexicographical) order.

Examples

Input	Output
SoftUni rocks	: 1 time/s S: 1 time/s U: 1 time/s c: 1 time/s f: 1 time/s i: 1 time/s k: 1 time/s n: 1 time/s o: 2 time/s r: 1 time/s s: 1 time/s t: 1 time/s
Did you know Math.Round rounds to the nearest even integer?	: 9 time/s .: 1 time/s ?: 1 time/s D: 1 time/s M: 1 time/s R: 1 time/s a: 2 time/s d: 3 time/s e: 7 time/s g: 1 time/s h: 2 time/s i: 2 time/s k: 1 time/s n: 6 time/s o: 5 time/s r: 3 time/s s: 2 time/s t: 5 time/s u: 3 time/s v: 1 time/s w: 1 time/s y: 1 time/s

Problem 6. Wardrobe

Write a program that helps you decide what **clothes** to wear from your **wardrobe**. You will receive the **clothes**, which are currently in your wardrobe, sorted by their **color** in the following **format**:

"**{color} -> {item1},{item2},{item3}…**"

If you receive a certain color, which already **exists** in your wardrobe, just **add** the clothes to **its records**. You can also receive **repeating items** for a certain **color** and you have to keep their **count**.

In the end, you will receive a **color** and a piece of **clothing**, which you will **look for** in the wardrobe, separated by a space in the following format:

"{color} {clothing}"

Your task is to print all the **items** and their **count** for **each color** in the following format**:**

"{color} clothes:
* **{item1}** - **{count}**
* **{item2}** - **{count}**
* **{item3}** - **{count}**
…
* **{itemN}** - **{count}"**

If you find the **item** you are **looking for**, you need to print **"(found!)"** next to it:

"* **{itemN}** - **{count}** **(found!)"**

Input

- On the **first line**, you will receive **n** – the **number of lines** of clothes, which you will receive.
- On the next **n** lines, you will receive the **clothes** in the **format described** above.

Output

- Print the **clothes** from your wardrobe in the **format described** above.

Examples

Input	Output
4 Blue -> dress,jeans,hat Gold -> dress,t-shirt,boxers White -> briefs,tanktop Blue -> gloves Blue dress	Blue clothes: * dress - 1 (found!) * jeans - 1 * hat - 1 * gloves - 1 Gold clothes: * dress - 1 * t-shirt - 1 * boxers - 1 White clothes: * briefs - 1 * tanktop - 1
4 Red -> hat Red -> dress,t-shirt,boxers White -> briefs,tanktop Blue -> gloves White tanktop	Red clothes: * hat - 1 * dress - 1 * t-shirt - 1 * boxers - 1 White clothes: * briefs - 1 * tanktop - 1 (found!) Blue clothes: * gloves - 1

5 Blue -> shoes Blue -> shoes,shoes,shoes Blue -> shoes,shoes Blue -> shoes Blue -> shoes,shoes Red tanktop	Blue clothes: * shoes - 9

Problem 7. *The V-Logger

Create a program that keeps information about **vloggers** and their **followers**. The **input** will come as e sequence of strings, where each string will represent a **valid** command. The commands will be presented in the following format:

- "**{vloggername}**" **joined The V-Logger** – keep the vlogger in your records.
  - Vloggernames **consist of only one word**.
  - If the **given vloggername** already **exists, ignore** that command**.**
- "**{vloggername} followed {vloggername}**" – The first vlogger followed the second vlogger.
  - If **any** of the **given vlogernames does not exist** in you collection, **ignore** that command**.**
- **"Statistics" -** Upon receiving this command, you have to print a statistic about the vloggers.

Each vlogger has an unique **vloggername**. **Vloggers** can **follow other vloggers** and a vlogger **can follow as many other vloggers as he wants**, but he **cannot** follow **himself** or follow someone he is **already a follower of**. You need to print the **total count** of **vloggers** in your collection. Then you have to print the **most famous vlogger** – the one with the most followers, with **his followers.** If more than one vloggers have the **same number** of **followers**, print the one **following less** people and his **followers** should be printed in **lexicographical order (**in case the vlogger has **no followers**, print just the first line, which is described **below**). Lastly, print the **rest vloggers**, ordered by the **count** of followers in **descending** order, then by the number of vloggers he follows in **ascending order.** The **whole output must be** in the following format:

"The V-Logger has a total of {registered vloggers} vloggers in its logs.

1. {mostFamousVlogger} : {followers} followers, {followings} following

*** {follower1}**

*** {follower2} …**

{No}. {vlogger} : {followers} followers, {followings} following

{No}. {vlogger} : {followers} followers, {followings} following…"

Input

- The input will come in the format described above.

Output

- On the first line, print **the total count of vloggers** in the format described above.
- On the second line, print the **most famous** vlogger in the format described above.
- On the **next** lines, print all of the **rest** vloggers in the format described above.

Constraints

- There will be **no invalid** input.
- There will be no situation where **two vloggers** have **equal** count of **followers** and **equal** count of **followings**
- Allowed time/memory: **100ms/16MB**.

Examples

Input	Output
EmilConrad joined The V-Logger VenomTheDoctor joined The V-Logger Saffrona joined The V-Logger Saffrona **followed** EmilConrad Saffrona **followed** VenomTheDoctor EmilConrad **followed** VenomTheDoctor VenomTheDoctor **followed** VenomTheDoctor Saffrona **followed** EmilConrad Statistics	The V-Logger has a total of 3 vloggers in its logs. 1. VenomTheDoctor : 2 followers, 0 following * EmilConrad * Saffrona 2. EmilConrad : 1 followers, 1 following 3. Saffrona : 0 followers, 2 following
JennaMarbles joined The V-Logger JennaMarbles followed Zoella AmazingPhil joined The V-Logger JennaMarbles followed AmazingPhil Zoella joined The V-Logger JennaMarbles followed Zoella Zoella followed AmazingPhil Christy followed Zoella Zoella followed Christy JacksGap joined The V-Logger JacksGap followed JennaMarbles PewDiePie joined The V-Logger Zoella joined The V-Logger Statistics	The V-Logger has a total of 5 vloggers in its logs. 1. AmazingPhil : 2 followers, 0 following * JennaMarbles * Zoella 2. Zoella : 1 followers, 1 following 3. JennaMarbles : 1 followers, 2 following 4. PewDiePie : 0 followers, 0 following 5. JacksGap : 0 followers, 1 following

Problem 8. *Ranking

Write a program that **ranks** candidate-interns, depending on the **points** from the **interview tasks** and their **exam results** in SoftUni. You will receive some lines of **input** in the format **"{contest}:{password for contest}"** until you receive **"end of contests"**. Save that data because **you will need it later**. After that you will receive other type of inputs in format **"{contest}=>{password}=>{username}=>{points}"** until you receive **"end of submissions"**. Here is what you need to do:

- Check if the **contest is valid (if you received it in the first type of input)**
- Check if the **password is correct for the given contest**
- Save the user with the **contest** they take part in **(a user can take part in many contests)** and the points the user has in the **given contest**. If you receive the **same**

contest and the **same user, update** the **points only if the new ones** are **more than** the **older ones.**

At the end you have to print the info for the user with the **most points** in the format:

"Best candidate is {user} with total {total points} points.". After that print **all students ordered** by their **names**. For **each** user, print **each contest** with the **points** in **descending** order in the following format:

"{user1 name}

 # {contest1} -> {points}

 # {contest2} -> {points}

{user2 name}

..."

Input

- You will be receiving strings in formats described above, until the appropriate commands, also described above, are given.

Output

- On the **first** line print the best user in the format **described** above.
- On the **next** lines print all students ordered as mentioned above in format.

Constraints

- There will be **no** case with two **equal contests**.
- The **strings** may contain any ASCII character except from **(:, =, >).**
- The **numbers** will be in range **[0 - 10000]**.
- The **second** input is always **valid**.
- There will be no case with **2** or **more** users with **same total points**.

Examples

Input	Output
Part One Interview:success Js Fundamentals:Pesho C# Fundamentals:fundPass Algorithms:fun end of contests C# Fundamentals=>fundPass=>Tanya=>350 Algorithms=>fun=>Tanya=>380 Part One Interview=>success=>Nikola=>120 Java Basics Exam=>pesho=>Petkan=>400	Best candidate is Tanya with total 1350 points. Ranking: Nikola # C# Fundamentals -> 200 # Part One Interview -> 120 Tanya # Js Fundamentals -> 400 # Algorithms -> 380 # C# Fundamentals -> 350 # Part One Interview -> 220

Part One Interview=>success=>Tanya=>220 OOP Advanced=>password123=>BaiIvan=>2 31 C# Fundamentals=>fundPass=>Tanya=>250 C# Fundamentals=>fundPass=>Nikola=>20 0 Js Fundamentals=>Pesho=>Tanya=>400 end of submissions	
Java Advanced:funpass Part Two Interview:success Math Concept:asdasd Java Web Basics:forrF end of contests Math Concept=>ispass=>Monika=>290 Java Advanced=>funpass=>Simona=>400 Part Two Interview=>success=>Drago=>120 Java Advanced=>funpass=>Petyr=>90 Java Web Basics=>forrF=>Simona=>280 Part Two Interview=>success=>Petyr=>0 Math Concept=>asdasd=>Drago=>250 Part Two Interview=>success=>Simona=>200 end of submissions	Best candidate is Simona with total 880 points. Ranking: Drago # Math Concept -> 250 # Part Two Interview -> 120 Petyr # Java Advanced -> 90 # Part Two Interview -> 0 Simona # Java Advanced -> 400 # Java Web Basics -> 280 # Part Two Interview -> 200