

Results of Distance Sampling and Spatial Capture Recapture Integration

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14 / 01 / 2022

1 Distance Sampling

Load results without plotting the posterior distribution.

```
print(outputDS)
```

Abundance of bottlenose dolphins estimated via the point process.

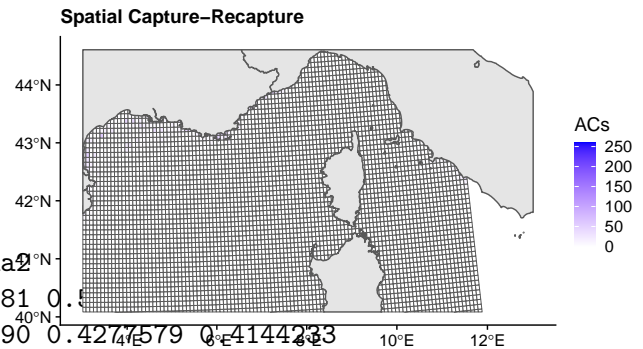
```
## [1] 90000      7

##           EN Ntot    alpha0    alpha1    alpha2
## [1,] 8071.570 2633 -8.269235 0.6455697 0.08875981 0.5
## [2,] 7298.361 2548 -7.760064 0.5996129 0.18291590 0.4277579 0.4144233
## [3,] 9660.461 3250 -8.067746 0.6087669 0.07284574 0.7252146 0.3723751
## [4,] 8880.706 3008 -8.348667 0.6394080 0.08010980 0.6435484 0.3658292
## [5,] 9336.861 3099 -7.847976 0.5912082 0.17914948 0.7332164 0.2390006
## [6,] 7670.311 2577 -8.093646 0.6332298 0.10246350 0.5292068 0.2261272

##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##      6444   8023   8462   8479   8926  10832
```

Map of Activity Centers

```
## [1] 13000 5000
```



2 Spatial Integrated Pop. Model

Load results without posterior distribution

Abundance predicted via the point process λ

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##      1643   1791   1823   1824   1858   2021
```

2 Spatial Capture Recapture

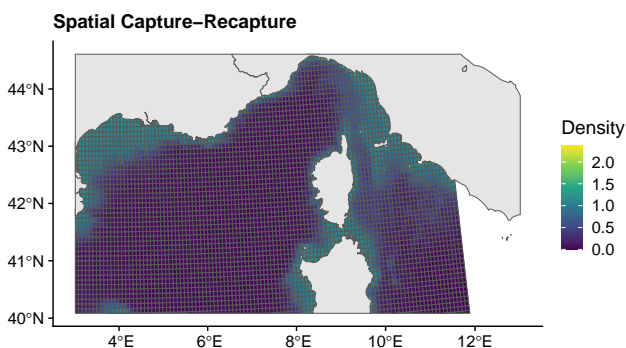
Load results without posterior distribution

Abundance predicted via the point process λ

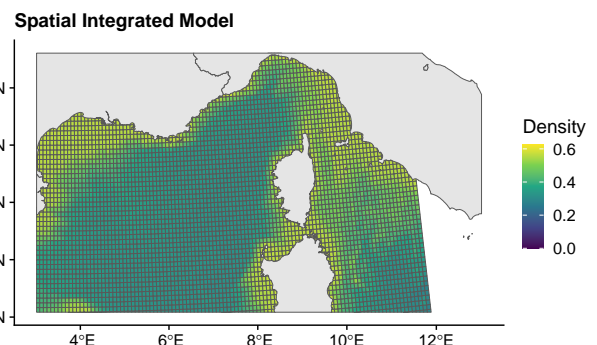
```
## [1] 39000 10008

##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##      1308   1454   1485   1487   1520   1688
```

Map of the density surface λ .



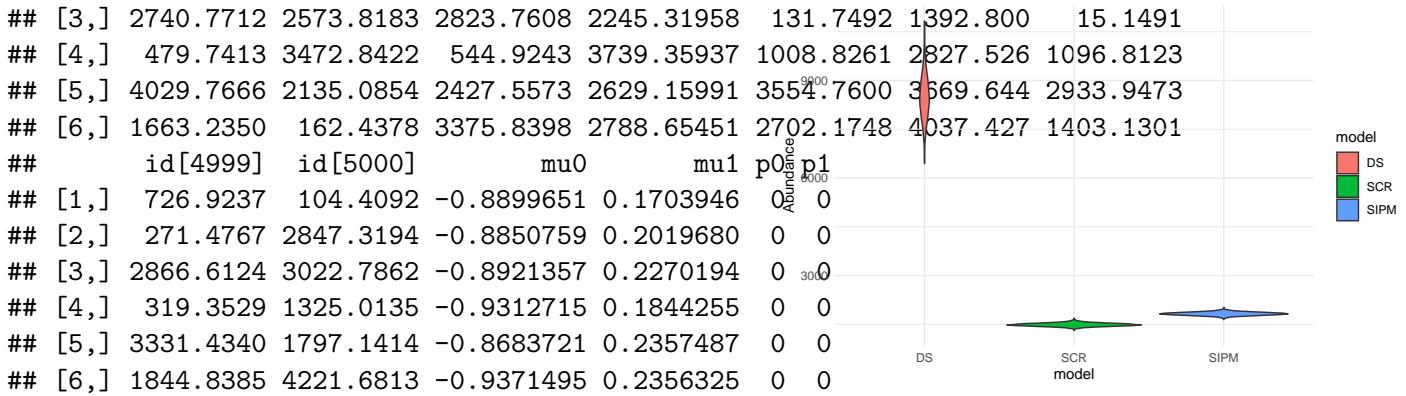
Map of the density of bottlenose dolphins.



Map of Activity Centers

```
## [1] 10000 5012
```

```
##           id[4992] id[4993] id[4994] id[4995] id[4996]
## [1,] 3132.2264 3561.2460 2969.1853 2391.44795 1864.1272
## [2,] 234.6664 214.4663 2816.3623 91.10765 3042.1272
```

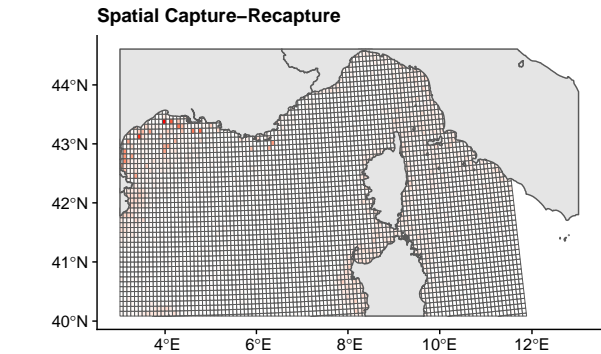


4.2 Models estimates

##	EN	NtotDS	NtotSCR	alpha0	alpha1	alpha2	beta0	beta1	
## [1,]	1815.498	682	1731	-6.143953	0.6285671	0.9562125	-0.2865216	0.9256039	
## [2,]	1835.431	676	1729	-4.990560	0.5072868	0.7831457	0.04150282	0.8086911	
## [3,]	1832.616	714	1724	-5.212337	0.5218893	0.8642299	0.0422910	0.731774	SCR
## [4,]	1746.485	676	1733	-5.153924	0.5508027	1.1567269	0.6918993	0.865746	<chr>
## [5,]	1880.592	727	1761	-5.417408	0.5395063	0.7445414	-1.2953433	0.9827951	1761:1888)
## [6,]	1755.548	697	1719	-4.859171	0.4807884	0.7134999	-0.9531076	0.9702891	(-0.93:-0.8~ -2.04
##	id[1]	id[2]		##	3	"	"_1"	0.21 (0.16:0.27)	1.44 (
## [1,]	512.2013	101.6425		##	4	"	"beta0"	-0.28 (-1.46:0.8)	-0.65
## [2,]	3380.9390	102.0502		##	5	"	"beta1"	0.9 (0.79:1.03)	0.92
## [3,]	140.7827	102.4733		##	6	"	" p0"	0 (0:0)	0 (0:
## [4,]	1595.5428	102.3482		##	7	"	"p1"	0 (0:0)	0 (0:
## [5,]	3154.7955	101.8235		##	8	"	"alpha0"	-5.2 (-6.21:-4.24)	<NA>
## [6,]	840.1652	102.2968		##	9	"	"alpha1"	0.51 (0.42:0.61)	<NA>
				##	10	"	"alpha2"	0.77 (0.48:1.04)	<NA>
## [1]	10000	5000							

4.3 Maps

## [1]	4356								
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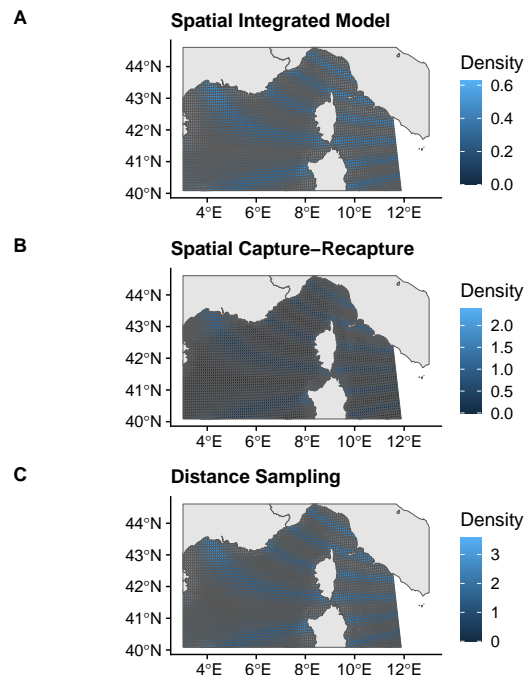
4 Comparison between DS, SCR, and integrated model

4.1 About population size

Posterior distributions of population size calculated as the integration of the point process: $\sum \lambda$

4.3 Maps

Density maps are from the point process λ derived from the estimated parameters μ_0 and μ_1 .



Comparison zone par zone

```
## [1] 1315.387
## [1] 435.764
## [1] 376.3915
## [1] 488.3953
## [1] 248.3848
## [1] 7163.966
## [1] 1051.484
## [1] 1575.971

##      5%      95%
## 7403.564 9594.235

## # A tibble: 3 x 4
##   Waters      DS    SCR    SIM
##   <chr>    <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Coastal  1315    436    248
## 2 Pelagic  7164   1051   1576
## 3 Total    8479   1487   1824
```