Montag, 7. November 2022 12:30

0

a) 
$$m_k = 32 \log 3$$
,  $m_s = 16 \log 3$ 
 $m_0 = n_0 + m_s$ 
 $m_1 = 32 \log + 16 \log 3$ 
 $m_2 = 48 \log 3$ 
 $m_3 = 32 \log + 16 \log 3$ 
 $m_4 = 32 \log + 16 \log 3$ 
 $m_5 = 32 \log + 16 \log 3$ 
 $m_6 = 32 \log + 16 \log 3$ 
 $m_6 = 32 \log + 16 \log 3$ 
 $m_7 = 48 \log 3$ 

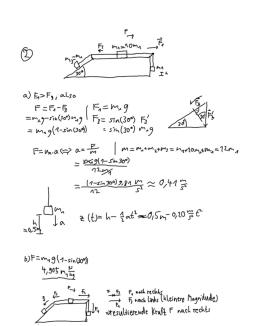
Dec blind was not give Walt you 470.800 solve

Das Wind was nit eine Wast von 470,880 ziehen,

um Stationia zu bleiben.

b) Die Rolle odätort die gleiche Urakt, die durch die Masse trzegó wird. Also 470, 88N.

d) Die Rolle erfahrt immernach 470,8PN, da sich um die Pasition der Masse voundet, und nicht die Uralt, die aut die Rolle wirlt. Die Walt, die vormeindlich aint die Rolle wirlt, wird auf das Wind zwidgeführt.



c) 
$$= (\frac{1}{2}) = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$$
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text{ at}$ 
 $0 = 0.5 \text{ m} - \frac{1}{4} \text$ 

(3) = 600hg; K=3'; V=110hm/l= 100m/s; s=2,5m p=m.v.sin(2)=600ly. 100 n/s. sin(70) = 1046,72 Ns t = 5 / (30) = 15 mb. (01(3)) = 0,0755 Da die Walt über dem gosomten Zeitraum, mithrend des Wandhontohts, gleichnichtig auf die Wond nicht, gilt: F= P= 1046,7245 = 13846 NDade Bob wicht war abgebrennet, sondern auch relidiet wird , gilt: #=2pt =>27 852 N. die Wond nicht, gilt: F= + = 1000 = 1 3846 N Dader Bob wicht wer abgebrennet, sonden auch rekellist wird 19.

$$\vec{Q} = \frac{\vec{L}}{24.10^{7}N}$$

$$\vec{V}_{au} = \frac{34.10^{7}N}{131.60^{3}ky^{2}}$$

$$a = \frac{\overline{F}}{m}$$

$$a = \frac{3,4.60^{2} N}{3.85 \cdot 10^{6} l_{3}}$$

$$a = \frac{F}{m}$$

## e)

$$(a) a(t) = \frac{dv}{dt}$$

(a) 
$$dv = (\frac{x}{-60} - g) dt = \frac{x}{m(4)} dt - g dt = \frac{x}{m_0 - it} = \frac{x}{n} - g dt$$

$$dv = \frac{1}{m} \frac{1}{m}$$

(2) 
$$v_4 = \frac{f}{12} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} du - gt_7 = \frac{f}{12} \ln(u_4) - \ln(u_6) - gt_7 = \frac{f}{12} \ln(\frac{m}{m_6}) - gt_7$$