Volumeniule grale:

Volumenelement in bel. Koordinalen U, V, W

$$\int := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial \hat{v}} \cdot \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial \hat{v}} \times \frac{\partial w}{\partial \hat{v}} \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial x} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial x}$$

School purps:

Volume mil TIP:
$$\vec{r}_s = \frac{1}{M} \stackrel{\text{N}}{\sim} \vec{r}_i$$
 e; $(\vec{r}_i) \Delta V_i$

Drei Komponeulen:

$$x_8 = \frac{M}{V} \int_{V} x \log_1 q A$$
 $ds = \frac{M}{V} \int_{V} c_{01} dA$ $ds = \frac{M}{V} \int_{V} s \log_1 q A$

8a21 = 5

4 = 6 2 .. 8

Eglisderkoodinale: dV= P de dg de

Holbkopel: x= y=0

Vorlesung 19

Bewegung st. Karper Benezez wies bel. Publis $\vec{\nabla}_i = \vec{V}_8 + (\vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}_{is})$

Robotion um

Schergart





