

Aufgabe 3:

a)

| Teilchen | I | I_3 |
|---------------|-------|--------|
| p | $1/2$ | $+1/2$ |
| n | $1/2$ | $-1/2$ |
| π^+ | 1 | 1 |
| π^0 | 1 | 0 |
| π^- | 1 | -1 |
| Δ^- | $3/2$ | $-3/2$ |
| Δ^0 | $3/2$ | $-1/2$ |
| Δ^+ | $3/2$ | $1/2$ |
| Δ^{++} | $3/2$ | $3/2$ |

| Kanal | elastisch/total | Wirkungsquerschnitt |
|----------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| $p\pi^+$ | total | $2 \cdot 10^2 \text{ mb}$ |
| $p\pi^+$ | elastisch | $2 \cdot 10^2 \text{ mb}$ |
| $p\pi^-$ | total | 20 mb |
| $p\pi^-$ | elastisch | 60 mb |

(2 Punkte)

b) $\bar{a}_p^+ \rightarrow \Delta^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ p: |1, 1\rangle + |1/2, 1/2\rangle \rightarrow |3/2, 3/2\rangle \rightarrow |1, 1\rangle + |1/2, 1/2\rangle$ elastisch & total

$\bar{a}_p^- \rightarrow \Delta^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 n: |1, -1\rangle + |1/2, 1/2\rangle \rightarrow |3/2, -1/2\rangle \rightarrow |1, 0\rangle + |1/2, -1/2\rangle$ total

$\bar{a}_p^- \rightarrow \Delta^0 \rightarrow \pi^- p: |1, -1\rangle + |1/2, 1/2\rangle \rightarrow |3/2, -1/2\rangle \rightarrow |1, -1\rangle + |1/2, 1/2\rangle$ elastisch

c) $\bar{a}_p^+ \rightarrow \Delta^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ p: \sigma_p^+ \propto CG^2(|1, 1\rangle + |1/2, 1/2\rangle \rightarrow |3/2, 3/2\rangle) \cdot CG^2(|3/2, 3/2\rangle \rightarrow |1, 1\rangle + |1/2, 1/2\rangle)$
 $\propto \sqrt{1}^2 \cdot \sqrt{1}^2 = 1$

$\bar{a}_p^- \rightarrow \Delta^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 n: \sigma_p^0 \propto CG^2(|1, -1\rangle + |1/2, 1/2\rangle \rightarrow |3/2, -1/2\rangle) \cdot CG^2(|3/2, -1/2\rangle \rightarrow |1, 0\rangle + |1/2, -1/2\rangle)$
 $\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}^2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}^2 = \frac{2}{9}$

$\bar{a}_p^- \rightarrow \Delta^0 \rightarrow \pi^- p: \sigma_p^- \propto CG^2(|1, -1\rangle + |1/2, 1/2\rangle \rightarrow |3/2, -1/2\rangle) \cdot CG^2(|3/2, -1/2\rangle \rightarrow |1, -1\rangle + |1/2, 1/2\rangle)$
 $\propto \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}^2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}^2 = \frac{1}{9}$

\Rightarrow relativen Höhen: $\sigma_p^0 / \sigma_p^+ = \frac{2}{9}$, $\sigma_p^- / \sigma_p^+ = \frac{1}{9}$

d) π^0 ist neutral und lässt sich somit nicht durch die spiralförmige Bahn um Ladungen in einem B-Feld identifizieren.

c) Total:

$$\pi_p^0 \rightarrow \Delta^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ n : \sigma_n^+ \propto G^2(\pi_p^0 \rightarrow \Delta^+) G^2(\Delta^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ n) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}^2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}^2 = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$|1, 0\rangle + |1/2, 1/2\rangle \rightarrow |3/2, 1/2\rangle \rightarrow |1, 1\rangle + |1/2, -1/2\rangle$$

Elastisch:

$$\pi_p^0 \rightarrow \Delta^+ \rightarrow \pi^- p : \sigma_p^- \propto G^2(\pi_p^0 \rightarrow \Delta^+) G^2(\Delta^+ \rightarrow \pi^- p) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}^2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}^2 = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$|1, 0\rangle + |1/2, 1/2\rangle \rightarrow |3/2, 1/2\rangle \rightarrow |1, 0\rangle + |1/2, 1/2\rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sigma_p^-}{\sigma_n^+} = 2$$