1 State Parametrization

IMU State at Time k (16×1)

$$\mathbf{X}_{I_{k}} = \begin{bmatrix} I_{k} \bar{q}^{T} \\ G \bar{q}^{T} \\ \mathbf{p}_{k} \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \text{Global to IMU rotation unit quaterion} \\ \leftarrow \text{IMU position in global frame} \\ \mathbf{b}_{g_{k}} \\ \mathbf{b}_{g_{k}} \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \text{IMU velocity in global frame}$$

$$(1)$$

$$\mathbf{b}_{g_{k}} \\ \mathbf{b}_{g_{k}} \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \text{Accelerometer bias}$$

IMU Error State (15×1)

$$\widetilde{\mathbf{X}} = \begin{bmatrix} G\widetilde{\boldsymbol{\theta}} \\ G\widetilde{\mathbf{p}} \\ G\widetilde{\mathbf{v}} \\ G\widetilde{\mathbf{b}}_{g} \\ G\widetilde{\mathbf{b}}_{a} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{\delta}\boldsymbol{\theta}_{I} \\ G\mathbf{p} - G\hat{\mathbf{p}} \\ G\mathbf{p} - G\hat{\mathbf{v}} \\ \mathbf{b}_{g} - \hat{\mathbf{b}}_{g} \\ \mathbf{b}_{a} - \hat{\mathbf{b}}_{a} \end{bmatrix}$$
(2)

where

$$\delta \bar{q} =_G^I \hat{q}^{-1} \otimes_G^I \bar{q} \simeq \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \delta \theta \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (3)

MSCKF State at Time k $((16 + 7N) \times 1)$

$$\hat{\mathbf{X}}_{k} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{X}}_{I_{k}} \\ G^{1} \hat{\bar{q}} \\ G^{2} \hat{\mathbf{p}}_{C_{1}} \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \text{IMU State estimate} \\ \leftarrow \text{Camera pose 1 orientation estimate} \\ \leftarrow \text{Camera pose 1 position estimate} \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \frac{C_{N}}{G} \hat{\bar{q}} \\ G^{2} \hat{\mathbf{p}}_{C_{N}} \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \text{Camera pose N orientation estimate}$$

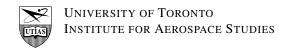
$$\leftarrow \text{Camera pose N position estimate}$$

$$\leftarrow \text{Camera pose N position estimate}$$

MSCKF Error State $((15+6N)\times 1)$

$$\widetilde{\mathbf{X}}_{k} = \begin{bmatrix} \widetilde{\mathbf{X}}_{I_{k}} \\ \delta \boldsymbol{\theta}_{C_{1}} \\ G \widetilde{\mathbf{p}}_{C_{1}} \\ \vdots \\ \delta \boldsymbol{\theta}_{C_{N}} \\ G \widetilde{\mathbf{p}}_{C_{N}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(5)$$



IMU State Estimate Propagation 2

Integrate these with RK5 from t_k to $t_k + T$ where T is the sampling period of the IMU:

$${}_{G}^{I}\dot{\hat{q}} = \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{\Omega}\left(\boldsymbol{\omega}_{m} - \hat{\mathbf{b}}_{a} - \mathbf{C}\left({}_{G}^{I}\hat{\bar{q}}\right)\boldsymbol{\omega}_{G}\right)_{G}^{I}\hat{\bar{q}}$$

$$\tag{6}$$

$$\dot{\hat{\mathbf{b}}}_q = \mathbf{0}_{3 \times 1} \tag{7}$$

$${}^{G}\dot{\hat{\mathbf{v}}}_{I} = \mathbf{C} \begin{pmatrix} {}^{I}_{G}\hat{q} \end{pmatrix}^{T} \left(\mathbf{a}_{m} - \hat{\mathbf{b}}_{a} \right) - 2 \left(\boldsymbol{\omega}_{G}^{\times} \right)^{G} \hat{\mathbf{v}}_{I} - \left(\boldsymbol{\omega}_{G}^{\times} \right)^{2} {}^{G} \hat{\mathbf{p}}_{I} + {}^{G} \mathbf{g}$$

$$(8)$$

$$\dot{\hat{\mathbf{b}}}_a = \mathbf{0}_{3 \times 1} \tag{9}$$

$${}^{G}\dot{\hat{\mathbf{p}}}_{I} = {}^{G}\dot{\mathbf{v}}_{I} \tag{10}$$

$$\dot{\tilde{\mathbf{X}}}_I = \mathbf{F}\tilde{\mathbf{X}}_I + \mathbf{G}\mathbf{n}_I \tag{11}$$

where

$$\mathbf{\Omega}(\boldsymbol{\omega}) = \begin{bmatrix} -\boldsymbol{\omega}^{\times} & \boldsymbol{\omega} \\ -\boldsymbol{\omega}^{T} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ is } 4 \times 4, \tag{12}$$

 $\mathbf{C}(\bar{q})$ is the rotation matrix form of the quaternion \bar{q} ,

$$\mathbf{F} = \begin{bmatrix} -\hat{\omega}^{\times} & -\mathbf{1}_{3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} \\ \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} \\ -\mathbf{C} \begin{pmatrix} I \\ G \hat{q} \end{pmatrix}^{T} \hat{\mathbf{a}}^{\times} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & -2\omega_{G}^{\times} & -\mathbf{C} \begin{pmatrix} I \\ G \hat{q} \end{pmatrix}^{T} & -(\omega_{G}^{\times})^{2} \\ \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} \\ \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} \end{bmatrix} \text{ is } 15 \times 15,$$

$$\mathbf{G} = \begin{bmatrix} -\mathbf{1}_{3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} \\ \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{1}_{3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} \\ \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} \\ \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{1}_{3} \\ \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times 3} \end{bmatrix} \text{ is } 15 \times 12,$$

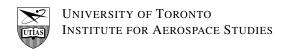
$$(14)$$

$$\mathbf{G} = \begin{bmatrix} -\mathbf{1}_{3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} \\ \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{1}_{3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} \\ \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & -\mathbf{C} \begin{pmatrix} I & \hat{\mathbf{q}} \\ G & \hat{\mathbf{q}} \end{pmatrix} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} \\ \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{1}_{3} \\ \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} \\ \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} \end{bmatrix}$$
 is 15 × 12, (14)

and

$$\mathbf{n}_{I} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{n}_{g} \\ \mathbf{n}_{wg} \\ \mathbf{n}_{a} \\ \mathbf{n}_{wa} \end{bmatrix} \tag{15}$$

is the system noise whose covariance matrix \mathbf{Q}_I is computed offline during calibration. Note, $\boldsymbol{\omega}_G$ is the angular velocity of the spinning Earth in our global frame. The magnitude (i.e. rotational speed) is equal to $7.292 \times 10^5 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$.



For the covariance,

$$\mathbf{P}_{k+1|k} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{P}_{II_{k+1|k}} & \mathbf{\Phi}(t_k + T, t_k) \mathbf{P}_{IC_{k|k}} \\ \mathbf{P}_{IC_{k|k}}^T \mathbf{\Phi}(t_k + T, t_k)^T & \mathbf{P}_{CC_{k|k}} \end{bmatrix} \text{ is } (15 + 6N) \times (15 + 6N)$$

$$(16)$$

where:

- ullet $\mathbf{P}_{CC_{k|k}}$ is the $6N \times 6N$ covariance matrix of the camera pose estimates (see section on State Augmentation),
- ullet $\mathbf{P}_{IC_{k|k}}$ is the correlation between the errors in the IMU state and the camera pose estimates,
- the state transition matrix $\Phi(t_k + T, t_k)$ is computed by integrating (with RK5)

$$\dot{\mathbf{\Phi}}\left(t_{k}+\tau,t_{k}\right) = \mathbf{F}\mathbf{\Phi}\left(t_{k}+\tau,t_{k}\right), \qquad \qquad \tau \in [0,T] \tag{17}$$

with initial condition $\Phi(t_k, t_k) = \mathbf{1}_{15}$, and

• $\mathbf{P}_{II_{k+1|k}}$ is obtained by integrating (with RK5)

$$\dot{\mathbf{P}}_{II} = \mathbf{F}\mathbf{P}_{II} + \mathbf{P}_{II}\mathbf{F}^T + \mathbf{G}\mathbf{Q}_I\mathbf{G}^T$$
(18)

over the interval $(t_k, t_k + T)$.

3 State Augmentation

3.1 Camera Poses

For the $\left(N+1\right)^{\text{th}}$ image, the camera pose is estimated as

$${}_{G}^{C}\hat{\bar{q}} = {}_{I}^{C}\bar{q} \otimes {}_{G}^{I}\hat{\bar{q}} \tag{19}$$

$${}^{G}\hat{\mathbf{p}}_{C} = {}^{G}\hat{\mathbf{p}}_{I} + \mathbf{C} \left({}^{I}_{G}\hat{q} \right)^{T} {}^{I}\mathbf{p}_{C}$$

$$(20)$$

and the EKF covariance matrix is augmented according to

$$\mathbf{P}_{k|k} \leftarrow \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{1}_{15+6N} \\ \mathbf{J} \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{P}_{k|k} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{1}_{15+6N} \\ \mathbf{J} \end{bmatrix}^T \tag{21}$$

where the Jacobian

$$\mathbf{J} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{C} \begin{pmatrix} C_I \hat{q} \end{pmatrix} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times9} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times3} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times6N} \\ \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{C} \begin{pmatrix} I_G \hat{q} \end{pmatrix}^T & \mathbf{p}_C \end{pmatrix}^{\times} & \mathbf{0}_{3\times9} & \mathbf{I}_3 & \mathbf{0}_{3\times6N} \end{bmatrix} \text{ is } 6 \times (15 + 6N)$$
(22)

4 Correction Equations

Residuals

$$\mathbf{r}_n = \mathbf{T}_H \widetilde{\mathbf{X}} + \mathbf{n}_n \tag{23}$$

where T_H (an upper-triangular matrix) is obtained from the QR decomposition of H_o (H_x in the original tech report, but I think that's an error...)

$$\mathbf{H}_{o} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{H}_{o}^{(1)} \\ \vdots \\ \mathbf{H}_{o}^{(L)} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{Q}_{1} & \mathbf{Q}_{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{T}_{H} \\ \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix}. \tag{24}$$

Each $\mathbf{H}_o^{(j)}$ is the projection of $\mathbf{H}_\mathbf{x}^{(j)}$ onto the left nullspace of $\mathbf{H}_f^{(j)}$

 T_H and \mathbf{r}_n can be computed in $O(r^2d)$ time using Givens rotations without having to form \mathbf{Q}_1 explicitly. [FIGURE OUT HOW TO DO THIS]

Each $\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{x}}^{(j)}$ is a stack of Jacobians $\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{x}_i}^{(j)}$ of the i^{th} measurement of feature j with respect to the state (only the entries corresponding to pose i are non-zero):

$$\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{x}_{i}}^{(j)} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{0}_{2\times15} & \mathbf{0}_{2\times6} & \dots & \mathbf{J}_{i}^{(j)} \begin{pmatrix} C_{i} \hat{\mathbf{X}}_{f_{j}} \end{pmatrix}^{\times} & -\mathbf{J}_{i}^{(j)} \mathbf{C} \begin{pmatrix} C_{i} \hat{q} \\ G \end{pmatrix} & \dots & \mathbf{0}_{2\times6} \end{bmatrix} \text{ is } 2 \times (15+6N)$$

$$(25)$$

Each $\mathbf{H}_f^{(j)}$ is a stack of Jacobians $\mathbf{H}_{f_i}^{(j)}$ of the i^{th} measurement of feature j with respect to the feature position:

$$\mathbf{H}_{f_i}^{(j)} = \mathbf{J}_i^{(j)} \mathbf{C} \begin{pmatrix} C_i \hat{q} \\ G \end{pmatrix} \text{ is } 2 \times 3$$
 (26)

In both equations,

$$\mathbf{J}_{i}^{(j)} = \frac{1}{C_{i}\hat{Z}_{j}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{C_{i}\hat{X}_{j}}{C_{i}\hat{Z}_{j}} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{C_{i}\hat{Y}_{j}}{C_{i}\hat{Z}_{j}} \end{bmatrix}$$
(27)

where

$$\begin{bmatrix} C_i \hat{X}_j \\ C_i \hat{Y}_j \\ C_i \hat{Z}_j \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{C} \begin{pmatrix} C_i \hat{\mathbf{q}} \\ G \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} G \hat{\mathbf{p}}_{f_j} - G \hat{\mathbf{p}}_{C_i} \end{pmatrix}$$
(28)

are the 3D coordinates of feature j in the frame of image i.

 \mathbf{n}_n is a noise vector with covariance matrix

$$\mathbf{R}_n = \sigma_{\rm im}^2 \mathbf{1}_r \tag{29}$$

where r is the number of columns in \mathbf{Q}_1 .

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Kalman Gain

$$\mathbf{K} = \mathbf{P}_{k+1|k} \mathbf{T}_{H}^{T} \left(\mathbf{T}_{H} \mathbf{P}_{k+1|k} \mathbf{T}_{H}^{T} + \mathbf{R}_{n} \right)^{-1}$$
(30)

State Vector Correction

$$\Delta \mathbf{X} = \mathbf{K} \mathbf{r}_n \tag{31}$$

State Covariance Correction

$$\mathbf{P}_{k+1|k+1} = (\mathbf{1}_{15+6N} - \mathbf{K}\mathbf{T}_H) \, \mathbf{P}_{k+1|k} \, (\mathbf{1}_{15+6N} - \mathbf{K}\mathbf{T}_H)^T + \mathbf{K}\mathbf{R}_n \mathbf{K}^T$$
(32)