Task Sheet

The Complexity Class P

Proseminar Theoretische Informatik WiSe 2020-21 Institut für Informatik Freie Universität Berlin

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Due to December 10, 2020 (12 AM)

1. TIME Classes (5 pt.)

Given the definition of the TIME class, give equivalent definitions for the class SPACE. How can nondeterminism play a role at analyzing complexity?

2. Problems in P (15 pt.)

- (a) Research further problems in P. Is the problem PRIMES := { $\langle x \rangle \mid x \text{ is prime } \}$ in P?
- (b) Prove whether the following problems are in P or SPACE (Check both).

 $\mathbf{H} \coloneqq \{ \langle M, w \rangle \mid M \text{ is a TM that will halt on the input } w \}$

TREES := $\{ \langle G \rangle \mid G \text{ is an undirected graph and a tree } \}$

 $HOARE := \{ \langle w \rangle \mid w \text{ is a correctly functioning iterative program } \}$

 $\text{BINOMIALCOEFF} \coloneqq \left\{ \; \langle x \rangle \; | \; \text{There are natural numbers} \; n, \, k \; \text{so that} \; x = \binom{n}{k} \; \right\}$

LINES₃ := { $\langle L_1, ..., L_k \rangle \mid L_1, ..., L_n \subset \mathbb{R}^3$ are lines that pairwise intersect }

(c) Update the landscape of languages according to your new knowledge.

3. Reducibility in the Context of P

(10 pt.)

Consider the following problem for any fixed $n \in \mathbb{N}$:

$$PLANES_n := \{ \langle P_1, ..., P_m \rangle \mid P_1, ..., P_m \subset \mathbb{R}^n \text{ are planes that pairwise intersect } \}$$

Perform a reduction to another problem that seems suitable, so that you can show that:

 $PLANES_n \in P$