Product Brief

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K10 Family Product Brief

Supports all K10 devices



Contents

1 Kinetis Portfolio

Kinetis is the most scalable portfolio of low power, mixed-signal ARM®Cortex™-M4 MCUs in the industry. Phase 1 of the portfolio consists of five MCU families with over 200 pin-, peripheral- and software-compatible devices. Each family offers excellent performance, memory and feature scalability with common peripherals, memory maps, and packages providing easy migration both within and between families.

Kinetis MCUs are built from Freescale's innovative 90nm Thin Film Storage (TFS) flash technology with unique FlexMemory. Kinetis MCU families combine the latest low-power innovations and high performance, high precision mixed-signal capability with a broad range of connectivity, human-machine interface, and safety & security peripherals. Kinetis MCUs are supported by a market-leading enablement bundle from Freescale and numerous ARM 3rd party ecosystem partners.

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Family	Program Flash	Packages	Key Features
K60 Family	256KB-1MB	100-256pin	□ **** + 品 □ □□
K50 Family	128-512KB	64-144pin	□ *
K40 Family	64-512KB	64-144pin	
K30 Family	64-512KB	64-144pin	<u> </u>
K20 Family	32KB-1MB	32-144pin	
K10 Family	32KB-1MB	32-144pin	
Low p	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Detect \$ Operational & transimpedance amplifiers DDR

Figure 1. Kinetis MCU portfolio

All Kinetis families include a powerful array of analog, communication and timing and control peripherals with the level of feature integration increasing with flash memory size and the number of inputs/outputs. Features common to all Kinetis families include:

· Core:

- ARM Cortex-M4 Core delivering 1.25 DMIPS/MHz with DSP instructions (floating-point unit available on certain Kinetis families)
- Up to 32-channel DMA for peripheral and memory servicing with minimal CPU intervention
- Broad range of performance levels rated at maximum CPU frequencies of 50 MHz, 72 MHz, 100 MHz, 120 MHz, and 150 MHz

• Ultra-low power:

- 10 low power operating modes for optimizing peripheral activity and wake-up times for extended battery life.
- Low-leakage wake-up unit, low power timer, and low power RTC for additional low power flexibility
- Industry-leading fast wake-up times

• Memory:

- Scalable memory footprints from 32 KB flash / 8 KB RAM to 1 MB flash / 128 KB RAM. Independent flash banks enable concurrent code execution and firmware updates
- Optional 16 KB cache memory for optimizing bus bandwidth and flash execution performance. Offered on K10, K20, and K60 family devices with CPU performance of up to 150 MHz.
- FlexMemory with up to 512 KB FlexNVM and up to 16 KB FlexRAM. FlexNVM can be partitioned to support additional program flash memory (ex. bootloader), data flash (ex. storage for large tables), or EEPROM backup. FlexRAM supports EEPROM byte-write/byte-erase operations and dictates the maximum EEPROM size.
- EEPROM endurance capable of exceeding 10 million cycles
- EEPROM erase/write times an order of magnitude faster than traditional EEPROM

- Multi-function external bus interface capable of interfacing to external memories, gate-array logic
- NAND flash controller
- Mixed-signal analog:
 - Fast, high precision 16-bit ADCs, 12-bit DACs, programmable gain amplifiers, high speed comparators and an
 internal voltage reference. Powerful signal conditioning, conversion and analysis capability with reduced system
 cost
- Human Machine Interface (HMI):
 - · Capacitive Touch Sensing Interface with full low-power support and minimal current adder when enabled
- Connectivity and Communications:
 - UARTs with ISO7816 and IrDA support, I2S, CAN, I2C and DSPI
- Reliability, Safety and Security:
 - Hardware cyclic redundancy check engine for validating memory contents/communication data and increased system reliability
 - · Independent-clocked COP for protection against code runaway in fail-safe applications
 - External watchdog monitor
 - Secure storage and tamper detect
- Timing and Control:
 - Powerful FlexTimers which support general purpose, PWM, and motor control functions
 - Carrier Modulator Transmitter for IR waveform generation
 - Programmable Interrupt Timer for RTOS task scheduler time base or trigger source for ADC conversion and programmable delay block
- System:
 - 5 V tolerant GPIO with pin interrupt functionality
 - Wide operating voltage range from 1.71 V to 3.6 V with flash programmable down to 1.71 V with fully functional flash and analog peripherals
 - Ambient operating temperature ranges from -40 °C to 105 °C

2 K10 Family Introduction

The K10 family is the entry point into the Kinetis portfolio. Devices start from 32 KB of flash in a small-footprint 5 x 5 mm 32 QFN package extending up to 1 MB in a 144MAPBGA package with a rich suite of analog, communication, timing and control peripherals. High memory density K10 family devices include a single precision floating point unit and NAND flash controller. Additionally, pin compatibility, flexible low-power capabilities and innovative FlexMemory help to solve many of the major pain points for system implementation.

3 K10 Block Diagram

The below figure shows a superset block diagram of the K10 device. Other devices within the family have a subset of the features.

Kinetis K10 Family

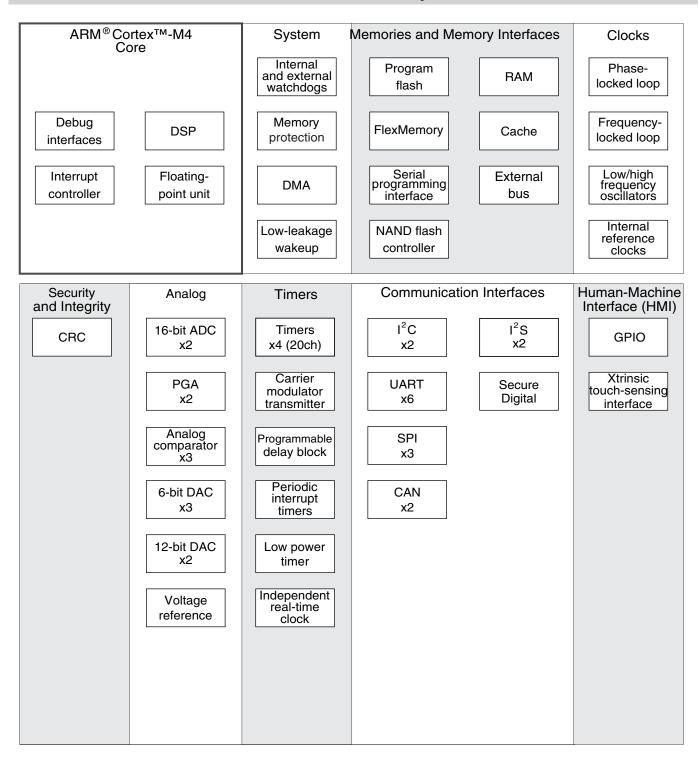


Figure 2. K10 Block Diagram

4 Features

4.1 Common features among the K10 family

All devices within the K10 family features the following at a minimum:

Table 1. Common features among all K10 devices

Operating characteristics	 Voltage range 1.71V - 3.6V Flash memory programming down to 1.71V Temperature range (T_A) -40 to 105°C Flexible modes of operation
Core features	Next generation 32-bit ARM Cortex-M4 core Supports DSP instructions Nested vectored interrupt controller (NVIC) Asynchronous wake-up interrupt controller (AWIC) Debug & trace capability 2-pin serial wire debug (SWD) IEEE 1149.1 Joint Test Action Group (JTAG) IEEE 1149.7 compact JTAG (cJTAG) Trace port interface unit (TPIU) Flash patch and breakpoint (FPB) Data watchpoint and trace (DWT) Instrumentation trace macrocell (ITM)
System and power management	 Software and hardware watchdog with external monitor pin DMA controller Low-leakage wake-up unit (LLWU) Power management controller with 10 different power modes Non-maskable interrupt (NMI) 128-bit unique identification (ID) number per chip
Clocks	Multi-purpose clock generator PLL and FLL operation Internal reference clocks 3MHz to 32MHz crystal oscillator 32kHz to 40kHz crystal oscillator Internal 1kHz low power oscillator DC to 50MHz external square wave input clock
Memories and Memory Interfaces	 FlexMemory consisting of FlexNVM (non-volatile flash memory that can execute program code, store data, or backup EEPROM data) or FlexRAM (RAM memory that can be used as traditional RAM or as high-endurance EEPROM storage, and also accelerates flash programming) Flash security and protection features Serial flash programming interface (EzPort)
Security and integrity	Cyclic redundancy check (CRC)

Features

Table 1. Common features among all K10 devices (continued)

Analog	 16-bit SAR ADC Programmable voltage reference (VREF) High-speed Analog comparator (CMP) with 6-bit DAC
Timers	1x8ch motor control/general purpose/PWM flexible timer (FTM) 1x2ch quadrature decoder/general purpose/PWM flexible timer (FTM) Carrier modulator timer (CMT) Programmable delay block (PDB) 1x4ch programmable interrupt timer (PIT) Low-power timer (LPT)
Communications	SPI I ² C with SMBUS support UART (w/ ISO7816, IrDA and hardware flow control)
Human-machine interface	 GPIO with pin interrupt support, DMA request capability, digital glitch filter, and other pin control options Capacitive touch sensing inputs

4.1.1 Memory and package options

The following table summarizes the memory and package options for the K10 family. All devices which share a common package are pin-for-pin compatible.

Table 2. K10 family summary

			Mer	nory							Pac	kage					
Sub-Family	Performance (MHz)	Flash (KB)	FIexNVM (KB)	SRAM (KB)	EEPROM/ FIexRAM (KB)	32 QFN (5x5)	48 QFN (7x7)	48 LQFP (7x7)	64 LQFN (9x9)	64 LQFP (10x10)	80 LQFP (12x12)	81 BGA (8x8)	100 LQFP (14x14)	104BGA (8x8)	121 BGA (8x8)	144 LQFP (20x20)	144 BGA (13x13)
K10	50	32	_	8	_	+	+	+	+	+	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
N	50	64	_	16	_	+	+	+	+	+	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	50	96	_	16	_	+	+	+	+	+	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	100	512	_	128	_	_	_	_	_	_	+	+	+	_	+	+	+
	120	1024	_	128	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_		_	+	+

+

+

+

+

Memory **Package** Performance (MHz) 100 LQFP (14x14) 144 LQFP (20x20) 64 LQFP (10x10) 80 LQFP (12x12) BGA (13x13) **Sub-Family EEPROM/ FIexRAM** FlexNVM (KB) 48 LQFP (7x7) 64 LQFN (9x9) 121 BGA (8x8) 18 QFN (7x7) 32 QFN (5x5) 81 BGA (8x8) 104BGA (8x8) SRAM (KB) Flash (KB) 144 2 K10 + + + Χ 50 2 64 32 16 + + + 50 128 32 16 2 72 64 32 16 2 + + + + 72 128 32 2 32 + + + + + + 72 256 32 64 4 + + + + + +

Table 2. K10 family summary (continued)

4.2 FlexMemory

128

256

512

128

256

512

32

64

128

4

4

16

100

100

120

Freescale's new FlexMemory technology provides an extremely versatile and powerful solution for designers seeking onchip EEPROM and/or additional program or data flash memory. As easy and as fast as SRAM, it requires no user or system intervention to complete programming and erase functions when used as high endurance byte-write/byte-erase EEPROM. EEPROM array size can also be configured for improved endurance to suit application requirements. FlexMemory can also provide additional flash memory (FlexNVM) for data or program storage in parallel with the main program flash.

The key features of FlexMemory include:

- Configurability for designer:
 - EEPROM array size and number of write/erase cycles
 - Program or data flash size
- EEPROM endurance of 10M write/erase cycles possible over full voltage and temperature range
- Seamless EEPROM read/write operations: simply write or read a memory address
- High-speed byte, 16-bit, and 32-bit write/erase operations to EEPROM
- Eliminates the costs associated with external EEPROM ICs, and the software headaches and resource (CPU/flash/RAM) impact of EEPROM emulation schemes
- · Storage for large data tables or bootloader
- Read-while-write operation with main program flash memory
- Minimum write voltage 1.71V

4.2.1 Programmable Trade-Off

FlexMemory lets you fully configure the way FlexNVM and FlexRAM blocks are used to provide the best balance of memory resources for their application.

The user can configure several parameters, including EEPROM size, endurance, write size, and the size of additional program/data flash.

In addition to this flexibility, FlexMemory provides superior EEPROM performance, endurance, and low-voltage operation when compared to traditional EEPROM solutions.

- Enhanced EEPROM Combines FlexRAM and FlexNVM to create byte-write/erase, high-speed, and high-endurance EEPROM
- FlexNVM Can be used as:
 - part of the EEPROM configuration,
 - additional program or data flash, or
 - a combination of the above. For example, a portion can be used as flash while the rest is used for enhanced EEPROM backup.
- FlexRAM Can be used as part of the EEPROM configuration or as additional system RAM

4.2.2 Use Case Example

The MCU has 128 KB program flash, 32 KB SRAM, and FlexMemory has 128 KB FlexNVM and 4 KB FlexRAM (maximum EEPROM size). The application requires 8 KB additional program flash for a bootloader and 256 bytes of highendurance EEPROM. The user allocates 8 KB of FlexNVM for the additional program flash and the remaining 120 KB for EEPROM backup.

The user defines 256 bytes of EEPROM size from the FlexRAM. In this example, the EEPROM endurance results in a minimum of 2.32M write/erase cycles.

4.3 Part Numbers and Packaging

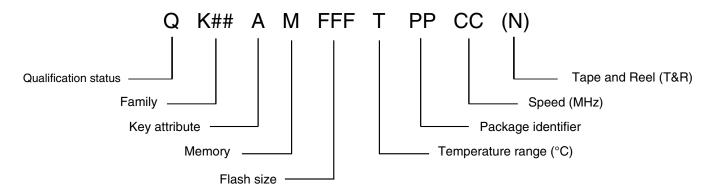


Figure 3. Part numbers diagrams

Field	Description	Values
Q	Qualification status	 M = Fully qualified, general market flow P = Prequalification

Field	Description	Values
K##	Kinetis family	• K10
A	Key attribute	 D = Cortex-M4 w/ DSP F = Cortex-M4 w/ FPU
М	Flash memory type	 N = Program flash only X = Program flash and FlexMemory
FFF	Program flash memory size	 32 = 32 KB 64 = 64 KB 128 = 128 KB 256 = 256 KB 512 = 512 KB 1M0 = 1 MB
Т	Temperature range (°C)	 V = -40 to 105 C = -40 to 85
PP	Package identifier	 FM = 32 QFN (5 mm x 5 mm) FT = 48 QFN (7 mm x 7 mm) LF = 48 LQFP (7 mm x 7 mm) EX = 64 QFN (9 mm x 9 mm) LH = 64 LQFP (10 mm x 10 mm) LK = 80 LQFP (12 mm x 12 mm) MB = 81 MAPBGA (8 mm x 8 mm) LL = 100 LQFP (14 mm x 14 mm) MC = 121 MAPBGA (8 mm x 8 mm) LQ = 144 LQFP (20 mm x 20 mm) MD = 144 MAPBGA (13 mm x 13 mm) MF = 196 MAPBGA (15 mm x 15 mm) MJ = 256 MAPBGA (17 mm x 17 mm)
СС	Maximum CPU frequency (MHz)	 5 = 50 MHz 7 = 72 MHz 10 = 100 MHz 12 = 120 MHz 15 = 150 MHz
N	Packaging type	R = Tape and reel(Blank) = Trays

4.4 K10 family features

The following sections list the differences among the various devices available within the K10 family. The sections are split by levels of performance.

The features listed below each part number specify the maximum configuration available on that device. The signal multiplexing configuration determines which modules can be used simultaneously.

4.4.1 K10 family features (50MHz Performance) 1

Table 3. K10 50MHz Performance Table 1

MC Partnumber	MK10DN32VFM5(R)	MK10DX32VFM5(R)	MK10DN64VFM5(R)	MK10DX64VFM5(R)	MK10DN128VFM5(R)	MK10DX128VFM5(R)	MK10DN32VLF5(R)	MK10DX32VLF5(R)	MK10DN64VLF5(R)	MK10DX64VLF5(R)	MK10DN128VLF5(R)	MK10DX128VLF5(R)	MK10DN32VFT5(R)	MK10DX32VFT5(R)	MK10DN64VFT5(R)	MK10DX64VFT5(R)
						G	eneral									
CPU Frequency	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz
Pin Count	32	32	32	32	32	32	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48
Package	QFN	QFN	QFN	QFN	QFN	QFN	LQF P	LQF P	LQF P	LQF P	LQF P	LQF P	QFN	QFN	QFN	QFN
				Ме	emorie	s and	Memo	ry Inte	erfaces	;		•	•	•	•	
Total Flash Memory	32K B	64K B	64K B	96K B	128 KB	160 KB	32K B	64K B	64K B	96K B	128 KB	160 KB	32K B	64K B	64K B	96K B
Flash	32K B	32K B	64K B	64K B	128 KB	128 KB	32K B	32K B	64K B	64K B	128 KB	128 KB	32K B	32K B	64K B	64K B
FlexNVM	-	32K B	-	32K B	-	32K B	-	32K B	-	32K B	-	32K B	-	32K B	-	32K B
EEPROM/FlexRAM	-	2KB	-	2KB	-	2KB	-	2KB	-	2KB	-	2KB	-	2KB	-	2KB
SRAM	8KB	8KB	16K B	16K B	16K B	16K B	8KB	8KB	16K B	16K B	16K B	16K B	8KB	8KB	16K B	16K B
Serial Programming Interface	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
External Bus Interface (FlexBus), Addr/Data/CS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Muxed External Bus Interface (Flexbus), Addr/Data/CS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DDR Controller	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NAND Flash Controller	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cache	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						Core	Modu	les								
DSP	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
SPFPU	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3. K10 50MHz Performance Table 1 (continued)

	5(R)	M5(R) M5(R) M5(R) M5(R) F5(R) F5(R) F5(R) T5(R) T5(R) T5(R)														
MC Partnumber	MK10DN32VFM5(R)	MK10DX32VFM5(R)	MK10DN64VFM5(R)	MK10DX64VFM5(R)	MK10DN128VFM5(R)	MK10DX128VFM5(R)	MK10DN32VLF5(R)	MK10DX32VLF5(R)	MK10DN64VLF5(R)	MK10DX64VLF5(R)	MK10DN128VLF5(R)	MK10DX128VLF	MK10DN32VFT5(R)	MK10DX32VFT5(R)	MK10DN64VFT5(R)	MK10DX64VFT5(R)
Debug	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D
Trace	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB	TPI U, FPB
	DW T,	DW T,	DW T,	DW T,	DW T, ITM	DW T,	DW T,	DW T, ITM	DW T, ITM	DW T, ITM	DW T,	DW T,	DW T,	DW T,	DW T,	DW T,
NMI	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
						Syster	n Mod	ules								
Software Watchdog	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Hardware Watchdog	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
PMC	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
MPU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
DMA	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch
						Clock	Modu	iles								
MCG	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
OSC (32-40kHz/ 3-32MHz)	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
RTC (32KHz Osc, Vbat)	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
					Se	curity	and In	tegrity								
Hardware Encryption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tamper Detect	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CRC	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
						A	nalog									

Table 3. K10 50MHz Performance Table 1 (continued)

	/FM5(R)	/FM5(R)	/FM5(R)	/FM5(R)	VFM5(R)	VFM5(R)	VLF5(R)	VLF5(R)	VLF5(R)	VLF5(R)	VLF5(R)	VLF5(R)	VFT5(R)	VFT5(R)	VFT5(R)	VFT5(R)
MC Partnumber	MK10DN32VFM5(R)	MK10DX32VFM5(R)	MK10DN64VFM5(R)	MK10DX64VFM5(R)	MK10DN128VFM5(R)	MK10DX128VFM5(R)	MK10DN32VLF5(R)	MK10DX32VLF5(R)	MK10DN64VLF5(R)	MK10DX64VLF5(R)	MK10DN128VLF5(R)	MK10DX128VLF5(R)	MK10DN32VFT5(R)	MK10DX32VFT5(R)	MK10DN64VFT5(R)	MK10DX64VFT5(R)
ADC0 (SE:single- ended, DP:differential pair)	7ch SE	7ch SE	7ch SE	7ch SE	7ch SE	7ch SE	12ch SE + 1ch DP									
ADC1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADC2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADC3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADC DP	-	-	-	-	-	-	1ch									
ADC SE	7ch	7ch	7ch	7ch	7ch	7ch	10ch									
PGA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12-bit DAC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Analog Comparator	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Analog Comparator Inputs	2/ 2/ 0/0	2 / 2 / 0 / 0	2/ 2/ 0/0	2/ 2/ 0/0	2/ 2/ 0/0	2/ 2/ 0/0	3/ 3/ 0/0									
OPAMP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TRIAMP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vref	-	-	-	-	-	-	YES									
						Т	imers	!	!			!				•
Motor Control/ General purpose/ PWM	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h
Quad decoder/ General purpose/ PWM	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h	1x2c h
FTM External CLK	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Low Power Timer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
PIT	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h
PDB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CMT(Carrier Module Transmitter)	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
					Com	munic	ation I	nterfa	ces							

Table 3. K10 50MHz Performance Table 1 (continued)

MC Partnumber	MK10DN32VFM5(R)	MK10DX32VFM5(R)	MK10DN64VFM5(R)	MK10DX64VFM5(R)	MK10DN128VFM5(R)	MK10DX128VFM5(R)	MK10DN32VLF5(R)	MK10DX32VLF5(R)	MK10DN64VLF5(R)	MK10DX64VLF5(R)	MK10DN128VLF5(R)	MK10DX128VLF5(R)	MK10DN32VFT5(R)	MK10DX32VFT5(R)	MK10DN64VFT5(R)	MK10DX64VFT5(R)
SDHC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
High Baudrate UART w/ ISO7816	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
High Baudrate UART	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
UART	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
SPI chip selects per module	4 / 0 / 0	5/ 0/0	5 / 0 / 0	5/ 0/0	5/ 0/0	5/ 0/0	5 / 0 / 0	5/ 0/0	5/ 0/0	5/ 0/0	5 / 0 / 0					
I2C	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
I2S	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB OTG LS/FS w/ on-chip xcvr	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB OTG HS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB DCD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB 120mAReg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ethernet w /1588	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IEEE1588 Timer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
					Hum	an-Ma	chine	Interfa	ice							
Segment LCD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Graphic LCD	-	-	-	-	ı	1	-	ı	-	-	ı	1	-	-	ı	-
TSI(Capacitive Touch)	16 input															
GPIO (w interrupt)	24	24	24	24	24	24	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
					Oper	ating	Chara	cterist	ics							
5V Tolerant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Voltage Range	1.71 -3.6 V															
Flash Write V	1.71 V															

Table 3. K10 50MHz Performance Table 1 (continued)

MC Partnumber	MK10DN32VFM5(R)	MK10DX32VFM5(R)	MK10DN64VFM5(R)	MK10DX64VFM5(R)	MK10DN128VFM5(R)	MK10DX128VFM5(R)	MK10DN32VLF5(R)	MK10DX32VLF5(R)	MK10DN64VLF5(R)	MK10DX64VLF5(R)	MK10DN128VLF5(R)	MK10DX128VLF5(R)	MK10DN32VFT5(R)	MK10DX32VFT5(R)	MK10DN64VFT5(R)	MK10DX64VFT5(R)
Temp Range	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40
	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to
	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105
	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C

4.4.2 K10 family features (50MHz Performance) 2

Table 4. K10 50MHz Performance Table 2

MC Partnumber	MK10DN128VFT5(R)	MK10DX128VFT5(R)	MK10DN32VLH5(R)	MK10DX32VLH5(R)	MK10DN64VLH5(R)	MK10DX64VLH5(R)	MK10DN128VLH5(R)	MK10DX128VLH5(R)	MK10DN32VEX5(R)	MK10DX32VEX5(R)	MK10DN64VEX5(R)	MK10DX64VEX5(R)	MK10DN128VEX5(R)	MK10DX128VEX5(R)
					G	eneral								
CPU Frequency	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz	50 MHz
Pin Count	48	48	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
Package	QFN	QFN	LQF P	LQF P	LQF P	LQF P	LQF P	LQF P	LQF N	LQF N	LQF N	LQF N	LQF N	LQF N
	•		ı	l emori	es and	Memo	ry Inter	faces			•	•		
Total Flash Memory	128K B	160K B	32KB	64KB	64KB	96KB	128K B	160K B	32KB	64KB	64KB	96KB	128K B	160K B
Flash	128K B	128K B	32KB	32KB	64KB	64KB	128K B	128K B	32KB	32KB	64KB	64KB	128K B	128K B
FlexNVM	-	32KB	-	32KB	-	32KB	-	32KB	-	32KB	-	32KB	-	32KB
EEPROM/FlexRAM	-	2KB	-	2KB	-	2KB	-	2KB	-	2KB	-	2KB	-	2KB
SRAM	16KB	16KB	8KB	8KB	16KB	16KB	16KB	16KB	8KB	8KB	16KB	16KB	16KB	16KB
Serial Programming Interface	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
External Bus Interface (FlexBus), Addr/Data/ CS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4. K10 50MHz Performance Table 2 (continued)

				i		1		i	ı —		i	1	ı	
MC Partnumber	MK10DN128VFT5(R)	MK10DX128VFT5(R)	MK10DN32VLH5(R)	MK10DX32VLH5(R)	MK10DN64VLH5(R)	MK10DX64VLH5(R)	MK10DN128VLH5(R)	MK10DX128VLH5(R)	MK10DN32VEX5(R)	MK10DX32VEX5(R)	MK10DN64VEX5(R)	MK10DX64VEX5(R)	MK10DN128VEX5(R)	MK10DX128VEX5(R)
Non-Muxed External Bus Interface (Flexbus), Addr/Data/ CS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DDR Controller	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NAND Flash Controller	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cache	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
				•	Core	Modu	es					!		
DSP	YES													
SPFPU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debug	JTA G, cJTA G, SWD													
Trace	TPIU , FPB, DWT , ITM													
NMI	YES													
				•	Syste	m Mod	ules	•		1	•	•	•	1
Software Watchdog	YES													
Hardware Watchdog	YES													
PMC	YES													
MPU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DMA	4ch													
					Clock	k Modu	les							
MCG	YES													
OSC (32-40kHz/ 3-32MHz)	YES													
RTC (32KHz Osc, Vbat)	YES													
				S	ecurity	and In	tegrity							

Table 4. K10 50MHz Performance Table 2 (continued)

	l	1		1	l	1				1				1
MC Partnumber	MK10DN128VFT5(R)	MK10DX128VFT5(R)	MK10DN32VLH5(R)	MK10DX32VLH5(R)	MK10DN64VLH5(R)	MK10DX64VLH5(R)	MK10DN128VLH5(R)	MK10DX128VLH5(R)	MK10DN32VEX5(R)	MK10DX32VEX5(R)	MK10DN64VEX5(R)	MK10DX64VEX5(R)	MK10DN128VEX5(R)	MK10DX128VEX5(R)
Hardware Encryption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tamper Detect	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CRC	YES													
					Α	nalog								
ADC0 (SE:single- ended, DP:differential pair)	12ch SE + 1ch DP	12ch SE + 1ch DP	15ch SE + 2ch DP											
ADC1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADC2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADC3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADC DP	1ch	1ch	2ch											
ADC SE	10ch	10ch	11ch											
PGA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12-bit DAC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Analog Comparator	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Analog Comparator Inputs	3/3/0/0	3/3/0/0	6/4/ 0/0											
OPAMP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TRIAMP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vref	YES													
					Т	imers								
Motor Control/General purpose/PWM	1x8c h													
Quad decoder/ General purpose/ PWM	1x2c h													
FTM External CLK	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Low Power Timer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
PIT	1x4c h													
PDB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Table 4. K10 50MHz Performance Table 2 (continued)

									1					
MC Partnumber	MK10DN128VFT5(R)	MK10DX128VFT5(R)	MK10DN32VLH5(R)	MK10DX32VLH5(R)	MK10DN64VLH5(R)	MK10DX64VLH5(R)	MK10DN128VLH5(R)	MK10DX128VLH5(R)	MK10DN32VEX5(R)	MK10DX32VEX5(R)	MK10DN64VEX5(R)	MK10DX64VEX5(R)	MK10DN128VEX5(R)	MK10DX128VEX5(R)
CMT(Carrier Module Transmitter)	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
				Con	munic	ation I	nterfac	es						
SDHC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
High Baudrate UART w/ ISO7816	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
High Baudrate UART	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
UART	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
SPI chip selects per module	5/0/ 0	5/0/ 0	5/0/ 0	5/0/ 0	5/0/ 0	5/0/ 0	5/0/ 0	5/0/ 0	5/0/ 0	5/0/ 0	5/0/ 0	5/0/ 0	5/0/ 0	5/0/
I2C	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
I2S	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB OTG LS/FS w/ on-chip xcvr	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB OTG HS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB DCD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB 120mAReg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ethernet w /1588	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IEEE1588 Timer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
				Hun	nan-Ma	chine	nterfac	e						
Segment LCD	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Graphic LCD	-	ı	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TSI(Capacitive Touch)	16 input	16 input	16 input	16 input	16 input	16 input	16 input	16 input	16 input	16 input	16 input	16 input	16 input	16 input
GPIO (w interrupt)	33	33	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44
				Ope	rating	Charac	teristic	cs						
5V Tolerant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Voltage Range	1.71- 3.6V	1.71- 3.6V	1.71- 3.6V	1.71- 3.6V	1.71- 3.6V	1.71- 3.6V	1.71- 3.6V	1.71- 3.6V	1.71- 3.6V	1.71- 3.6V	1.71- 3.6V	1.71- 3.6V	1.71- 3.6V	1.71- 3.6V
Flash Write V	1.71 V	1.71 V	1.71 V	1.71 V	1.71 V	1.71 V	1.71 V	1.71 V	1.71 V	1.71 V	1.71 V	1.71 V	1.71 V	1.71 V

Table 4. K10 50MHz Performance Table 2 (continued)

MC Partnumber	MK10DN128VFT5(R)	MK10DX128VFT5(R)	MK10DN32VLH5(R)	MK10DX32VLH5(R)	MK10DN64VLH5(R)	MK10DX64VLH5(R)	MK10DN128VLH5(R)	MK10DX128VLH5(R)	MK10DN32VEX5(R)	MK10DX32VEX5(R)	MK10DN64VEX5(R)	MK10DX64VEX5(R)	MK10DN128VEX5(R)	MK10DX128VEX5(R)
Temp Range	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40	-40
	to 105C	to 105C	to 105C	to 105C	to 105C	to 105C	to 105C	to 105C	to 105C	to 105C	to 105C	to 105C	to 105C	to 105C

4.4.3 K10 family features (72MHz Performance)

Table 5. K10 72MHz Performance Table

MC Partnumber	MK10DX64VLH7(R)	MK10DX128VLH7(R)	MK10DX256VLH7(R)	MK10DX64VEX7(R)	MK10DX128VEX7(R)	MK10DX256VEX7(R)	MK10DX64VLK7(R)	MK10DX128VLK7(R)	MK10DX256VLK7(R)	MK10DX64VMB7(R)	MK10DX128VMB7(R)	MK10DX256VMB7(R)	MK10DX128VLL7(R)	MK10DX256VLL7(R)	MK10DX128VML7(R)	MK10DX256VML7(R)
						G	eneral									
CPU Frequency	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz									
Pin Count	64	64	64	64	64	64	80	80	80	81	81	81	100	100	104	104
Package	LQF	LQF	LQF	LQF	LQF	LQF	LQF	LQF	LQF	MAP	MAP	MAP	LQF	LQF	MAP	MAP
	P	P	P	N	N	N	P	P	P	BGA	BGA	BGA	P	P	BGA	BGA
		•	•	Ме	emorie	s and	Memo	ry Inte	erfaces	\$	•				•	
Total Flash Memory	96K	160	288	160	288	160	288									
	B	KB	KB	KB	KB	KB	KB									
Flash	64K	128	256	128	256	128	256									
	B	KB	KB	KB	KB	KB	KB									
FlexNVM	32K	32K	32K	32K	32K	32K	32K									
	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
EEPROM/FlexRAM	2KB	2KB	2KB	2KB	2KB	2KB	2KB									
SRAM	16K	32K	32K	16K	32K	32K	16K	32K	64K	16K	32K	64K	32K	64K	32K	64K
	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
Serial Programming Interface	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES									

Table 5. K10 72MHz Performance Table (continued)

			1				1		1	1			1			
MC Partnumber	MK10DX64VLH7(R)	MK10DX128VLH7(R)	MK10DX256VLH7(R)	MK10DX64VEX7(R)	MK10DX128VEX7(R)	MK10DX256VEX7(R)	MK10DX64VLK7(R)	MK10DX128VLK7(R)	MK10DX256VLK7(R)	MK10DX64VMB7(R)	MK10DX128VMB7(R)	MK10DX256VMB7(R)	MK10DX128VLL7(R)	MK10DX256VLL7(R)	MK10DX128VML7(R)	MK10DX256VML7(R)
External Bus Interface (FlexBus), Addr/Data/CS	18/1 6/2	18/1 6/2	18/1 6/2	18/1 6/2	18/1 6/2	18/1 6/2	20/1 6/4	20/1 6/4	20/1 6/4	20/1 6/4	20/1 6/4	20/1 6/4	21/1 6/5	21/1 6/5	32/3 2/6	32/3 2/6
Non-Muxed External Bus Interface (Flexbus), Addr/Data/CS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21/8 /5	21/8 /5	30/1 6/6, 30/8 /6	30/1 6/6, 30/8 /6
DDR Controller	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NAND Flash Controller	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cache	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						Core	Modu	les								
DSP	YES															
SPFPU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debug	JTA G, cJT AG, SW D															
Trace	TPI U, FPB , DW T, ITM															
NMI	YES															
	ı	1		1		 Syster	n Mod	ules	1				1	1		1
Software Watchdog	YES															
Hardware Watchdog	YES															
PMC	YES															
MPU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DMA	16ch															
						Clock	Modu	iles								

Table 5. K10 72MHz Performance Table (continued)

ADC0 (SE:single-ended, DP:differential pair) ADC1 10ch 10ch					1		ī	1		1		1	ı	ı		l	
OSC (32-40kHz/ YES	MC Partnumber	MK10DX64VLH7(R)	MK10DX128VLH7(R)	MK10DX256VLH7(R)	MK10DX64VEX7(R)	MK10DX128VEX7(R)	MK10DX256VEX7(R)	MK10DX64VLK7(R)	MK10DX128VLK7(R)	MK10DX256VLK7(R)	MK10DX64VMB7(R)	MK10DX128VMB7(R)	MK10DX256VMB7(R)	MK10DX128VLL7(R)	MK10DX256VLL7(R)	MK10DX128VML7(R)	MK10DX256VML7(R)
3-32MHz 3-32MHz 3-4	MCG	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES									
Noath Noat		YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES									
Hardware Encryption		YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES									
Encryption Tamper Detect Color						Se	curity	and Ir	tegrity	/							
ADC0 (SE:single-ended, DP:differential pair) 15ch 15		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADC0 (SE:single-ended, DP:differential pair) ADC1 10ch 10ch	Tamper Detect	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADC0 (SE:single-ended, DP:differential pair) ADC1 15ch 15ch	CRC	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES									
SE SE SE SE SE SE SE SE							Α	nalog									
ADC1 10ch 10ch SE SE SE SE SE SE SE S	ended,	SE + 2ch	SE + 2ch	SE + 2ch	SE + 3ch	SE + 3ch	SE + 3ch	+ 3ch									
ADC3	ADC1	SE + 2ch	SE + 2ch	SE + 2ch	SE + 3ch	SE + 3ch	SE + 3ch	+ 3ch									
ADC DP 2ch	ADC2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADC SE 17ch 17ch 17ch 17ch 17ch 17ch 17ch 17ch	ADC3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PGA 2	ADC DP	2ch	2ch	2ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch									
12-bit DAC 1	ADC SE	17ch	17ch	17ch	17ch	17ch	17ch	20ch	20ch	20ch	20ch	20ch	20ch	23ch	23ch	25ch	25ch
Analog Comparator 3	PGA	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Analog Comparator 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6	12-bit DAC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Inputs	Analog Comparator	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
TRIAMP		4 /	4 /	4 /	4 /	4 /	4 /	4/	4 /	4 /	4 /	4 /	4 /	4/	4 /	4 /	4 /
	OPAMP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vref YES	TRIAMP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Vref	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES									
Timers							Т	imers									

Table 5. K10 72MHz Performance Table (continued)

	· ·															
MC Partnumber	MK10DX64VLH7(R)	MK10DX128VLH7(R)	MK10DX256VLH7(R)	MK10DX64VEX7(R)	MK10DX128VEX7(R)	MK10DX256VEX7(R)	MK10DX64VLK7(R)	MK10DX128VLK7(R)	MK10DX256VLK7(R)	MK10DX64VMB7(R)	MK10DX128VMB7(R)	MK10DX256VMB7(R)	MK10DX128VLL7(R)	MK10DX256VLL7(R)	MK10DX128VML7(R)	MK10DX256VML7(R)
Motor Control/ General purpose/ PWM	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h	1x8c h									
Quad decoder/ General purpose/ PWM	2x2c h	2x2c h	2x2c h	2x2c h	2x2c h	2x2c h	2x2c h									
FTM External CLK	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Low Power Timer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
PIT	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h	1x4c h									
PDB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CMT(Carrier Module Transmitter)	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES									
					Com	munic	ation I	nterfac	ces							
SDHC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
High Baudrate UART w/ ISO7816	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
High Baudrate UART	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
UART	1	1	1	1	1	1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	3	3	3	3
SPI chip selects per module	5 / 1 / 0	5 / 1 / 0	5 / 1 / 0	5 / 1 / 0	5 / 1 / 0	5 / 1 / 0	5/ 3/0	5/ 3/0	5/ 3/0	5/ 3/0	5/ 3/0	5/ 3/0	6 / 4 / 0			
I2C	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
I2S	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CAN	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
USB OTG LS/FS w/ on-chip xcvr	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB OTG HS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB DCD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB 120mAReg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ethernet w /1588	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IEEE1588 Timer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
					Hum	an-Ma	chine	Interfa	ce							

Table 5. K10 72MHz Performance Table (continued)

MC Partnumber	MK10DX64VLH7(R)	MK10DX128VLH7(R)	MK10DX256VLH7(R)	MK10DX64VEX7(R)	MK10DX128VEX7(R)	MK10DX256VEX7(R)	MK10DX64VLK7(R)	MK10DX128VLK7(R)	MK10DX256VLK7(R)	MK10DX64VMB7(R)	MK10DX128VMB7(R)	MK10DX256VMB7(R)	MK10DX128VLL7(R)	MK10DX256VLL7(R)	MK10DX128VML7(R)	MK10DX256VML7(R)
Segment LCD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Graphic LCD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-
TSI(Capacitive Touch)	16 input															
GPIO (w interrupt)	44	44	44	44	44	44	56	56	56	56	56	56	72	72	90	90
	•	•	•	•	Ope	rating	Chara	cterist	ics	•			•		•	
5V Tolerant	YES															
Voltage Range	1.71 -3.6 V															
Flash Write V	1.71 V															
Temp Range	-40 to 105 C															

4.4.4 K10 family features (100MHz Performance)

Table 6. K10 100MHz Performance Table

MC Partnumber	MK10DX128ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DX128ZVMD10(R)	MK10DX256ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DX256ZVMD10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLK10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMB10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLL10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMC10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMD10(R)
			(General						
CPU Frequency	100 MHz									
Pin Count	144	144	144	144	80	81	100	121	144	144
Package	LQFP	MAPB GA								

Table 6. K10 100MHz Performance Table (continued)

				l .	1	· ·		<u>, </u>	ı	
MC Partnumber	MK10DX128ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DX128ZVMD10(R)	MK10DX256ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DX256ZVMD10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLK10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMB10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLL10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMC10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMD10(R)
	•	Mem	ories and	Memory	Interfac	es				
Total Flash Memory	256KB	256KB	512KB	512KB	512KB	512KB	512KB	512KB	512KB	512KB
Flash	128KB	128KB	256KB	256KB	512KB	512KB	512KB	512KB	512KB	512KB
FlexNVM	128KB	128KB	256KB	256KB	-	-	-	-	-	-
EEPROM/FlexRAM	4KB	4KB	4KB	4KB	-	-	-	-	-	-
SRAM	32KB	32KB	64KB	64KB	128KB	128KB	128KB	128KB	128KB	128KB
Serial Programming Interface	YES	YES	YES							
External Bus Interface (FlexBus), Addr/Data/CS	32/32/6	32/32/6	32/32/6	32/32/6	20/16/4	20/16/5	21/16/5	32/32/6	32/32/6	32/32/6
Non-Muxed External Bus Interface (Flexbus), Addr/ Data/CS	30/16/6 , 30/8/6	30/16/6 , 30/8/6	30/16/6 , 30/8/6	30/16/6 , 30/8/6	-	-	21/8/5	30/16/6 , 30/8/6	30/16/6 , 30/8/6	30/16/6 , 30/8/6
DDR Controller	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NAND Flash Controller	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cache	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Core	e Module	S					
DSP	YES	YES	YES							
SPFPU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debug	JTAG, cJTAG, SWD	JTAG, cJTAG, SWD	JTAG, cJTAG, SWD							
Trace	TPIU, FPB, DWT, ITM, ETM, ETB	TPIU, FPB, DWT, ITM, ETM, ETB	TPIU, FPB, DWT, ITM, ETM, ETB							
NMI	YES	YES	YES							
			Syste	m Modul	es					
Software Watchdog	YES	YES	YES							
Hardware Watchdog	YES	YES	YES							
PMC	YES	YES	YES							
MPU	YES	YES	YES							

Table 6. K10 100MHz Performance Table (continued)

MC Partnumber	MK10DX128ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DX128ZVMD10(R)	MK10DX256ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DX256ZVMD10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLK10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMB10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLL10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMC10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMD10(R)
DMA	16ch									
	•		Cloc	k Module	es	•	•	•		Į.
MCG	YES									
OSC (32-40kHz/3-32MHz)	YES									
RTC (32KHz Osc, Vbat)	YES									
		Į.	Security	and Inte	grity		l		l .	
Hardware Encryption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tamper Detect	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CRC	YES									
				Analog						
ADC0 (SE:single-ended, DP:differential pair)	23ch SE + 3ch DP	23ch SE + 3ch DP	23ch SE + 3ch DP	23ch SE + 3ch DP	15ch SE + 2ch DP	15ch SE + 2ch DP	19ch SE + 3ch DP	19ch SE + 3ch DP	23ch SE + 3ch DP	23ch SE + 3ch DP
ADC1	21ch SE + 3ch DP	21ch SE + 3ch DP	21ch SE + 3ch DP	21ch SE + 3ch DP	13ch SE + 2ch DP	13ch SE + 2ch DP	16ch SE + 3ch DP	19ch SE + 3ch DP	21ch SE + 3ch DP	21ch SE + 3ch DP
ADC2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADC3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADC DP	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	2ch	2ch	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch
ADC SE	27ch	27ch	27ch	27ch	20ch	17ch	19ch	21ch	27ch	27ch
PGA	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
12-bit DAC	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2
Analog Comparator	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Analog Comparator Inputs	6/5/ 4/0	6/5/ 4/0	6/5/ 4/0	6/5/ 4/0	6/4/ 2/0	6/4/ 2/0	6/4/ 2/0	6/4/ 3/0	6/5/ 4/0	6/5/ 4/0
OPAMP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TRIAMP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vref	YES									
	•	•		Timers		•	•	•	•	•
Motor Control/General purpose/PWM	1x8ch									

Table 6. K10 100MHz Performance Table (continued)

		ı —	1			i				
MC Partnumber	MK10DX128ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DX128ZVMD10(R)	MK10DX256ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DX256ZVMD10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLK10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMB10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLL10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMC10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMD10(R)
Quad decoder/General purpose/PWM	2x2ch									
FTM External CLK	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Low Power Timer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
PIT	1x4ch									
PDB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CMT(Carrier Module Transmitter)	YES									
	'	С	ommuni	cation Int	erfaces	•	•	1	l.	l-
SDHC	8-bit, CLKIN	8-bit, CLKIN	8-bit, CLKIN	8-bit, CLKIN	4-bit	4-bit	4-bit	8-bit, CLKIN	8-bit, CLKIN	8-bit, CLKIN
High Baudrate UART w/ ISO7816	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
High Baudrate UART	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
UART	4	4	4	4	1/1	1/1	3	4	4	4
SPI chip selects per module	6/4/2	6/4/2	6/4/2	6/4/2	5/3/0	5/3/0	6/4/1	6/4/2	6/4/2	6/4/2
I2C	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
I2S	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CAN	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
USB OTG LS/FS w/ on-chip xcvr	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB OTG HS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB DCD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USB 120mAReg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ethernet w /1588	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IEEE1588 Timer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		H	luman-M	achine In	terface					
Segment LCD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Graphic LCD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TSI(Capacitive Touch)	16 input									

Table 6. K10 100MHz Performance Table (continued)

MC Partnumber	MK10DX128ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DX128ZVMD10(R)	MK10DX256ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DX256ZVMD10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLK10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMB10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLL10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMC10(R)	MK10DN512ZVLQ10(R)	MK10DN512ZVMD10(R)
GPIO (w interrupt)	104	104	104	104	56	56	70	90	104	104
		C	perating	Charact	eristics					
5V Tolerant	YES									
Voltage Range	1.71-3. 6V									
Flash Write V	1.71V									
Temp Range	-40 to 105C									

4.4.5 K10 family features (120MHz Performance)

Table 7. K10 120MHz Performance Table

MC Partnumber	MK10FX512VLQ12(R)	MK10FN1M0VLQ12(R)	MK10FX512VMD12(R)	MK10FN1M0VMD12(R)
	General			
CPU Frequency	120 MHz	120 MHz	120 MHz	120 MHz
Pin Count	144	144	144	144
Package	LQFP	LQFP	MAPBGA	MAPBGA
Memories a	nd Memory Inte	rfaces		
Total Flash Memory	1MB	1MB	1MB	1MB
Flash	512KB	1MB	512KB	1MB
FlexNVM	512KB	-	512KB	-
EEPROM/FlexRAM	16KB	-	16KB	-
SRAM	128KB	128KB	128KB	128KB
Serial Programming Interface	YES	YES	YES	YES

Table 7. K10 120MHz Performance Table (continued)

		-	-	
MC Partnumber	MK10FX512VLQ12(R)	MK10FN1M0VLQ12(R)	MK10FX512VMD12(R)	MK10FN1M0VMD12(R)
External Bus Interface (FlexBus), Addr/Data/CS	32/32/6	32/32/6	32/32/6	32/32/6
Non-Muxed External Bus Interface (Flexbus), Addr/ Data/CS	30/16/6, 30/8/6	30/16/6, 30/8/6	30/16/6, 30/8/6	30/16/6, 30/8/6
DDR Controller	-	-	-	-
NAND Flash Controller	YES	YES	YES	YES
Cache	16KB	16KB	16KB	16KB
С	ore Modules		1	
DSP	YES	YES	YES	YES
SPFPU	YES	YES	YES	YES
Debug	JTAG, cJTAG, SWD	JTAG, cJTAG, SWD	JTAG, cJTAG, SWD	JTAG, cJTAG, SWD
Trace	TPIU, FPB, DWT, ITM, ETM, ETB			
NMI	YES	YES	YES	YES
Sy	stem Modules			
Software Watchdog	YES	YES	YES	YES
Hardware Watchdog	YES	YES	YES	YES
PMC	YES	YES	YES	YES
MPU	YES	YES	YES	YES
DMA	32ch	32ch	32ch	32ch
C	lock Modules			,
MCG	YES	YES	YES	YES
OSC (32-40kHz/3-32MHz)	32-40kHz/ 8-32MHz	32-40kHz/ 8-32MHz	32-40kHz/ 8-32MHz	32-40kHz/ 8-32MHz
RTC (32KHz Osc, Vbat)	YES	YES	YES	YES
Secu	rity and Integrity	,	•	•
Hardware Encryption	-	-	-	-
Tamper Detect	-	-	-	-
CRC	YES	YES	YES	YES
	Analog			
				

Table 7. K10 120MHz Performance Table (continued)

MC Partnumber	MK10FX512VLQ12(R)	MK10FN1M0VLQ12(R)	MK10FX512VMD12(R)	MK10FN1M0VMD12(R)
ADC0 (SE:single-ended, DP:differential pair)	12ch SE + 3ch DP			
ADC1	18ch SE + 3ch DP			
ADC2	7ch SE + 2ch DP			
ADC3	8ch SE + 2ch DP			
ADC DP	4ch	4ch	4ch	4ch
ADC SE	48ch	48ch	48ch	48ch
PGA	4	4	4	4
12-bit DAC	2	2	2	2
Analog Comparator	4	4	4	4
Analog Comparator Inputs	5/2/2/5	5/2/2/5	5/2/2/5	5/2/2/5
OPAMP	-	-	-	-
TRIAMP	-	-	-	-
Vref	YES	YES	YES	YES
	Timers			
Motor Control/General purpose/PWM	2x8ch	2x8ch	2x8ch	2x8ch
Quad decoder/General purpose/PWM	2x2ch	2x2ch	2x2ch	2x2ch
FTM External CLK	2	2	2	2
Low Power Timer	1	1	1	1
PIT	1x4ch	1x4ch	1x4ch	1x4ch
PDB	1	1	1	1
CMT(Carrier Module Transmitter)	YES	YES	YES	YES
Commu	nication Interfac	es		
SDHC	8-bit, CLKIN	8-bit, CLKIN	8-bit, CLKIN	8-bit, CLKIN
High Baudrate UART w/ ISO7816	2	2	2	2
High Baudrate UART	0	0	0	0
UART	4	4	4	4
SPI chip selects per module	6/4/2	6/4/2	6/4/2	6/4/2

Table 7. K10 120MHz Performance Table (continued)

MC Partnumber	MK10FX512VLQ12(R)	MK10FN1M0VLQ12(R)	MK10FX512VMD12(R)	MK10FN1M0VMD12(R)
I2C	2	2	2	2
I2S	2	2	2	2
CAN	2	2	2	2
USB OTG LS/FS w/ on-chip xcvr	-	-	-	-
USB OTG HS	-	-	-	-
USB DCD	-	-	-	-
USB 120mAReg	-	-	-	-
Ethernet w /1588	-	-	-	-
IEEE1588 Timer	-	-	-	-
Humai	n-Machine Interfa	ce		
Segment LCD	-	-	-	-
Graphic LCD	-	-	-	-
TSI(Capacitive Touch)	16 input	16 input	16 input	16 input
GPIO (w interrupt)	104	104	104	104
Operat	ing Characteristi	cs		
5V Tolerant	YES	YES	YES	YES
Voltage Range	1.71-3.6V	1.71-3.6V	1.71-3.6V	1.71-3.6V
Flash Write V	1.71V	1.71V	1.71V	1.71V
Temp Range	-40 to 105C	-40 to 105C	-40 to 105C	-40 to 105C

4.5 Module-by-module feature list

The following sections describe the high-level module features for the family's superset device. See the previous section for differences among the subset devices.

4.5.1 Core modules

4.5.1.1 ARM Cortex-M4 Core

• Supports up to 120 MHz frequency with 1.25DMIPS/MHz

Core modules

- ARM Core based on the ARMv7 Architecture & Thumb®-2 ISA
- · Microcontroller cores focused on very cost sensitive, deterministic, interrupt driven environments
- · Harvard bus architecture
- 3-stage pipeline with branch speculation
- · Integrated bus matrix
- Integrated Digital Signal Processor (DSP)
- Configurable nested vectored interrupt controller (NVIC)
- Advanced configurable debug and trace components
- Embedded Trace Macrocell (ETM)
- Optional single precision floating point unit (SPFPU)

4.5.1.2 Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)

- Close coupling with Cortex-M4 core's Harvard architecture enables low latency interrupt handling
- Up to 120 interrupt sources
- Includes a single non-maskable interrupt
- 16 levels of priority, with each interrupt source dynamically configurable
- Supports nesting of interrupts when higher priority interrupts are activated
- Relocatable vector table

4.5.1.3 Wake-up Interrupt Controller (WIC)

- Supports interrupt handling when system clocking is disabled in low power modes
- Takes over and emulates the NVIC behavior when correctly primed by the NVIC on entry to very-deep-sleep
- A rudimentary interrupt masking system with no prioritization logic signals for wake-up as soon as a non-masked interrupt is detected
- Contains no programmer's model visible state and is therefore invisible to end users of the device other than through the benefits of reduced power consumption while sleeping

4.5.1.4 Debug Controller

- Serial Wire JTAG Debug Port (SWJ-DP) combines
 - external interface that provides a standard JTAG or cJTAG interface for debug access
 - external interface that provides a serial-wire bidirectional debug interface
- Debug Watchpoint and Trace (DWT) with the following functionality:
 - four comparators configurable as a hardware watchpoint, an ETM trigger, a PC sampler event trigger, or a data address sampler event trigger
 - several counters or a data match event trigger for performance profiling
 - configurable to emit PC samples at defined intervals or to emit interrupt event information
- Instrumentation Trace Macrocell (ITM) with the following functionality:
 - Software trace writes directly to ITM stimulus registers can cause packets to be emitted
 - · Hardware trace packets generated by DWT are emitted by ITM
 - Time stamping emitted relative to packets
- Embedded Trace Macrocell (ETM) supports instruction trace
- CoreSight[™] Embedded Trace Buffer (ETB) is a memory-mapped buffer to store trace data. Allows reconstruction of program flow with standard JTAG tools.
- Test Port Interface Unit (TPIU) acts as a bridge between ITM or ETM and an off-chip Trace Port Analyzer
- Flash Patch and Breakpoints (FPB) implements hardware breakpoints and patches code and data from code space to system space

4.5.2 System modules

4.5.2.1 Power Management Control Unit (PMC)

- Separate digital (regulated) and analog (referenced to digital) supply outputs
- Programmable power saving modes
- · No output supply decoupling capacitors required
- · Available wake-up from power saving modes via RTC and external inputs
- Integrated Power-on Reset (POR)
- Integrated Low Voltage Detect (LVD) with reset (brownout) capability
- Selectable LVD trip points
- Programmable Low Voltage Warning (LVW) interrupt capability
- Buffered bandgap reference voltage output
- Factory programmed trim for bandgap and LVD
- 1 kHz Low Power Oscillator (LPO)

4.5.2.2 DMA Channel Multiplexer (DMA MUX)

- 16 independently selectable DMA channel routers
- 4 periodic trigger sources available
- Each channel router can be assigned to 1 of 64 possible peripheral DMA sources

4.5.2.3 DMA Controller

- Up to 32 fully programmable channels with 32-byte transfer control descriptors
- Data movement via dual-address transfers for 8-, 16-, 32- and 128-bit data values
- Programmable source, destination addresses, transfer size, support for enhanced address modes
- Support for major and minor nested counters with one request and one interrupt per channel
- Support for channel-to-channel linking and scatter/gather for continuous transfers with fixed priority and round-robin channel arbitration

4.5.2.4 Watchdog Timer (WDOG)

- Independent, configurable clock source input
- Write-once control bits with unlock sequence
- Programmable timeout period
- · Ability to test watchdog timer and reset
- · Windowed refresh option
- · Robust refresh mechanism
- Cumulative count of watchdog resets between power-on resets
- Configurable interrupt on timeout

4.5.2.5 External Watchdog Monitor (EWM)

- Independent 1 kHz LPO clock source
- · Output signal to gate an external circuit which is controlled by CPU service or external input

4.5.2.6 System Clocks

- Frequency-locked loop (FLL)
 - Digitally-controlled oscillator (DCO)
 - DCO frequency range is programmable
 - Option to program DCO frequency for a 32,768 Hz external reference clock source
 - Internal or external reference clock can be used to control the FLL
 - 0.2% resolution using 32 kHz internal reference clock
 - 2% deviation over voltage and temperature using internal 32 kHz internal reference clock, 1% deviation with limited temperature range (0°C to 70°C)
- Phase-locked loop (PLL)
 - Voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO)
 - External reference clock is used to control the PLL
 - Modulo VCO frequency divider Phase/Frequency detector
 - Integrated loop filter
- Internal reference clock generator
 - Slow clock with nine trim bits for accuracy
 - Fast clock with four trim bits
 - Can be used to control the FLL
 - Either the slow or the fast clock can be selected as the clock source for the MCU
 - Can be used as a clock source for other on-chip peripherals
- External clock from the Crystal Oscillator (XOSC)
 - Can be used to control the FLL and/or the PLL
 - Can be selected as the clock source for the MCU
- External clock monitor with reset request capability
- Lock detector with interrupt request capability for use with the PLL
- Auto Trim Machine (ATM) for trimming both the slow and fast internal reference clocks
- Multiple clock source options available for most peripherals

4.5.3 Memories and Memory Interfaces

4.5.3.1 On-Chip Memory

- 50MHz performance devices
 - Up to 128KB program flash memory
 - Flexmemory block contains up to 32KB FlexNVM and 2KB FlexRAM with up to 2KB EEPROM capability
 - Up to 32KB SRAM
- 72MHz performance devices
 - Up to 256KB program flash memory
 - Flexmemory block contains up to 32KB FlexNVM and 2KB FlexRAM with up to 2KB EEPROM capability
 - Up to 64KB SRAM
- 100MHz performance devices
 - Up to 512KB program flash memory
 - Flexmemory block contains up to 256KB FlexNVM and 4KB FlexRAM with up to 4KB EEPROM capability
 - Up to 128KB SRAM

- 120MHz performance devices
 - Up to 1024KB program flash memory
 - Flexmemory block contains up to 512KB FlexNVM and 16KB FlexRAM with up to 16KB EEPROM capability
 - Up to 128KB SRAM
 - 16KB cache
- · Security circuitry to prevent unauthorized access to RAM and flash contents

4.5.3.2 External Bus Interface (FlexBus)

- Six independent, user-programmable chip-select signals that can interface with external SRAM, PROM, EPROM, EPROM, flash, and other peripherals
- Supports up to 2 GB addressable space
- 8-, 16- and 32-bit port sizes with configuration for multiplexed or non-multiplexed address and data buses
- Byte-, word-, longword-, and 16-byte line-sized transfers
- Programmable address-setup time with respect to the assertion of chip select
- · Programmable address-hold time with respect to the negation of chip select and transfer direction

4.5.3.3 Serial Programming Interface (EzPort)

- · Same serial interface as, and subset of, the command set used by industry-standard SPI flash memories
- Ability to read, erase, and program flash memory
- Reset command to boot the system after flash programming

4.5.3.4 NAND Flash Controller

- 8- and 16-bit NAND flash interface
- 9 KB RAM buffer
- Supports all NAND flash products regardless of density/organization
- Supports flash device commands
- Integrated DMA engine
- Two configurable DMA channels
- Optional ECC mode supports 4/6/8/12/16/24/32-bit error correction
- Boot from page size \geq 2KB flash (x8) without extra control

4.5.4 Security and Integrity

4.5.4.1 Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)

- Hardware CRC generator circuit using 16/32-bit shift register
- User Configurable 16/32 bit CRC
- Programmable Generator Polynomial
- Error detection for all single, double, odd, and most multi-bit errors
- Programmable initial seed value
- High-speed CRC calculation
- Optional feature to transpose input data and CRC result via transpose register, required on applications where bytes are
 in lsb format

4.5.5 Analog

4.5.5.1 16-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)

- Linear successive approximation algorithm with up to 16-bit resolution
- Output modes:
 - · Differential 16-bit, 13-bit, 11-bit, and 9-bit modes, in two's complement 16-bit sign-extended format
 - Single-ended 16-bit, 12-bit, 10-bit, and 8-bit modes, in right-justified unsigned format
- Single or continuous conversion
- Configurable sample time and conversion speed/power
- · Conversion complete and hardware average complete flag and interrupt
- Input clock selectable from up to four sources
- Operation in low power modes for lower noise operation
- Asynchronous clock source for lower noise operation with option to output the clock
- Selectable asynchronous hardware conversion trigger with hardware channel select
- Automatic compare with interrupt for various programmable values
- · Temperature sensor
- · Hardware average function
- Selectable voltage reference
- · Self-calibration mode

4.5.5.2 High-Speed Analog Comparator (CMP)

- 6-bit DAC programmable reference generator output
- Up to eight selectable comparator inputs; each input can be compared with any input by any polarity sequence
- Selectable interrupt on rising edge, falling edge, or either rising or falling edges of comparator output
- Comparator output supports:
 - Sampled
 - Windowed (ideal for certain PWM zero-crossing-detection applications
 - Digitally filtered using external sample signal or scaled peripheral clock
- Two performance modes:
 - Shorter propagation delay at the expense of higher power
 - Low power, with longer propagation delay
- Operational in all MCU power modes

4.5.5.3 12-Bit Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC)

- 12-bit resolution
- Guaranteed 6-sigma monotocity over input word
- · High- and low-speed conversions
 - 1 µs conversion rate for high speed, 2 µs for low speed
- Power-down mode
- Choice of asynchronous or synchronous updates
- · Automatic mode allows the DAC to generate its own output waveforms including square, triangle, and sawtooth
- Automatic mode allows programmable period, update rate, and range
- DMA support with configurable watermark level

4.5.5.4 Voltage Reference (VREF)

- Programmable trim register with 0.5mV steps, automatically loaded with room temp value upon reset
- Programmable mode selection:
 - Off
 - Bandgap out (or stabilization delay)
 - Low-power buffer mode
 - Tight-regulation buffer mode
- 1.2V output at room temperature
- · Dedicated output pin

4.5.6 Timers

4.5.6.1 Programmable Delay Block (PDB)

- Up to 15 trigger input sources and software trigger source
- Up to eight configurable PDB channels for ADC hardware trigger
 - One PDB channel is associated with one ADC.
 - One trigger output for ADC hardware trigger and up to eight pre-trigger outputs for ADC trigger select per PDB channel
 - Trigger outputs can be enabled or disabled independently.
 - One 16-bit delay register per pre-trigger output
 - Optional bypass of the delay registers of the pre-trigger outputs
 - Operation in One-Shot or Continuous modes
 - Optional back-to-back mode operation, which enables the ADC conversions complete to trigger the next PDB channel
 - · One programmable delay interrupt
 - One sequence error interrupt
 - One channel flag and one sequence error flag per pre-trigger
 - DMA support
- Up to eight DAC interval triggers
 - One interval trigger output per DAC
 - One 16-bit delay interval register per DAC trigger output
 - Optional bypass the delay interval trigger registers
 - · Optional external triggers
- Up to eight pulse outputs (pulse-out's)
 - Pulse-out's can be enabled or disabled independently.
 - · Programmable pulse width

4.5.6.2 FlexTimers (FTM)

- Selectale FTM source clock
- Programmable prescaler
- 16-bit counter supporting free-running or initial/final value, and countin is up or up-down
- · Input capture, output compare, and edge-aligned and center-aligned PWM modes
- Input capture and output compare modes

Timers

- Operation of FTM channels as pairs with equal outputs, pairs with complimentary outputs, or independent channels with independent outputs
- · Deadtime insertion is available for each complementary pair
- Generation of hardware triggers
- · Software control of PWM outputs
- Up to 4 fault inputs for global fault control
- Configurable channel polarity
- · Programmable interrupt on input capture, reference compare, overflowed counter, or detected fault condition
- Quadrature decoder with input filters, relative position counting, and interrupt on position count or capture of position count on external event
- DMA support for FTM events
- Global time base mode shares single time base across multiple FTM instances

4.5.6.3 Programmable Interrupt Timers (PITs)

- Up to 4 general purpose interrupt timers
- Up to 4 interrupt timers for triggering ADC conversions
- 32-bit counter resolution
- Clocked by system clock frequency
- DMA support

4.5.6.4 Low Power Timer

- Operation as timer or pulse counter
- Selectable clock for prescaler/glitch filter
 - 1 kHz internal LPO
 - · External low power crystal oscillator
 - Internal reference clock (not available in low leakage power modes)
 - Secondary external reference clock (for example, 32 kHz crystal)
- Configurable glitch filter or prescaler
- Interrupt generated on timer compare
- · Hardware trigger generated on timer compare

4.5.6.5 Carrier Modulator Timer (CMT)

- Four modes of operation
 - Time with independent control of high and low times
 - Baseband
 - Frequency shift key (FSK)
 - Direct software control of CMT_IRO signal
- Extended space operation in time, baseband, and FSK modes
- Selectable input clock divider
- Interrupt on end of cycle
- Ability to disable CMT_IRO signal and use as timer interrupt

4.5.6.6 Real-Time Clock (RTC)

- Independent power supply, POR and 32 kHz crystal oscillator
- 32-bit seconds counter with 32-bit alarm

- 16-bit prescaler with compensation
- Register write protection
 - Hard Lock requires VBAT POR to enable write access
 - · Soft lock requires system reset to enable write/read access

4.5.7 Communication interfaces

4.5.7.1 CAN Module

- Supports the full implementation of the CAN Specification Version 2.0, Part B
 - Standard data and remote frames (up to 109 bits long)
 - Extended data and remote frames (up to 127 bits long)
 - 0–8 bytes data length
 - Programmable bit rate up to 1 Mbit/sec
 - · Content-related addressing
- Flexible message buffers (MBs), totalling up to 16 message buffers of 0–8 bytes data length each, configurable as Rx or Tx, all supporting standard and extended messages
- · Listen-only mode capability
- · Individual mask registers for each message buffer
- Programmable transmit-first scheme: lowest ID or lowest buffer number
- Timestamp based on 16-bit free-running timer
- Global network time, synchronized by a specific message

4.5.7.2 Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)

- · Master and slave mode
- Full-duplex, three-wire synchronous transfers
- Programmable transmit bit rate
- Double-buffered transmit and receive data registers
- Serial clock phase and polarity options
- Slave select output
- Mode fault error flag with CPU interrupt capability
- · Control of SPI operation during wait mode
- Selectable MSB-first or LSB-first shifting
- Programmable 8-bit or 16-bit data transmission length
- · Receive data buffer hardware match feature
- 64-bit FIFO mode for high speed transfers of large amounts of data
- Support for both transmit and receive by DMA

4.5.7.3 Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C)

- Compatible with I²C bus standard and SMBus Specification Version 2 features
- Up to 100 kbps with maximum bus loading
- Multi-master operation
- Software programmable for one of 64 different serial clock frequencies
- · Programmable slave address and glitch input filter
- Interrupt or DMA driven byte-by-byte data transfer
- · Arbitration lost interrupt with automatic mode switching from master to slave
- · Calling address identification interrupt

Communication interfaces

- Bus busy detection broadcast and 10-bit address extension
- Address matching causes wake-up when processor is in low power mode

4.5.7.4 **UART**

- Support for ISO 7816 protocol for interfacing with smartcards
- Full-duplex operation
- Standard mark/space non-return-to-zero (NRZ) format
- 13-bit baud rate selection with fractional divide of 32
- Programmable 8-bit or 9-bit data format
- Separately enabled transmitter and receiver
- Programmable transmitter output polarity
- Programmable receive input polarity
- 13-bit break character option
- 11-bit break character detection option
- · Parameterizable buffer support for one dataword for each transmit and receive
- Independent FIFO structure for transmit and receive
- Two receiver wakeup methods:
 - · Idle line wakeup
 - · Address mark wakeup
- Address match feature in receiver to reduce address mark wakeup ISR overhead
- Interrupt or DMA driven operation
- Receiver framing error detection
- · Hardware parity generation and checking
- 1/16 bit-time noise detection

4.5.7.5 Secure Digital Host Controller (SDHC)

- Compatible with the following specifications:
 - SD Host Controller Standard Specification, Version 2.0 (http://www.sdcard.org) with test event register and advanced DMA support
 - MultiMediaCard System Specification, Version 4.2 (http://www.mmca.org)
 - SD Memory Card Specification, Version 2.0 (http://www.sdcard.org), supporting high capacity SD memory cards
 - SDIO Card Specification, Version 2.0 (http://www.sdcard.org)
 - CE-ATA Card Specification, Version 1.0 (http://www.sdcard.org)
- Designed to work with CE-ATA, SD Memory, miniSD Memory, SDIO, miniSDIO, SD Combo, MMC, MMCplus, and RS-MMC cards
- SD bus clock frequency up to 50 MHz
- Supports 1-/4-bit SD and SDIO modes, 1-/4-/8-bit MMC modes, 1-/4-/8-bit CE-ATA devices
- Up to 200 Mbps data transfer for SD/SDIO cards using four parallel data lines
- Up to 416 Mbps data transfer for MMC using 8 parallel data lines
- Single- and multi-block read and write
- 1-4096 byte block size
- Write-protection switch for write operations
- · Synchronous and asynchronous abort
- Pause during the data transfer at a block gap
- SDIO read wait and suspend/resume operations
- Auto CMD12 for multi-block transfer
- Host can initiate non-data transfer commands while the data transfer is in progress
- Allows cards to interrupt the host in 1- and 4-bit SDIO modes

- Supports interrupt period, defined in the SDIO standard
- Fully configurable 128 x 32-bit FIFO for read/write data
- Internal DMA capabilities
- Supports voltage selection by configuring vendor specific register bit
- · Supports advanced DMA to perform linked memory access

4.5.7.6 Synchronous Serial Interface (I2S)

- Independent (asynchronous) or shared (synchronous) transmit and receive sections with separate or shared internal/external clocks and frame syncs, operating in master or slave mode intended for audio support
- Master or slave mode operation
- Normal mode operation using frame sync
- Network mode operation allowing multiple devices to share the port with up to 32 time slots
- Programmable data interface modes, such as I²S, LSB aligned, and MSB aligned
- Programmable word length (8, 10, 12, 16, 18, 20, 22 or 24 bits)
- · AC97 support

4.5.8 Human-machine interface

4.5.8.1 General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)

- Progammable glitch filter and interrupt with selectable polarity on all input pins
- Hysteresis and configurable pull up/down device on all input pins
- · Configurable slew rate and drive strength on all output pins
- Independent pin value register to read logic level on digital pin
- Optional devices with 5V tolerance

4.5.8.2 Touch Sensor Input (TSI)

- 16 channel inputs, supporting up to 16 individual touch buttons
- 4 touch buttons can be combined for a slider
- Configurable button- and slider-sensitive interrupts
- Operation in low-power modes allows wakeup from lowest power mode via a single touch
- Option to use internal reference clock

5 Power modes

The power management controller (PMC) provides the user with multiple power options. All together 10 different modes of operation are supported to allow the user to optimize power consumption for the level of functionality needed.

Depending on the stop requirements of the user application, a variety of stop modes are available that provide state retention, partial power down or full power down of certain logic and/or memory. I/O states are held in all modes of operation. The following table compares the various power modes available.

For each run mode there is a corresponding wait and stop mode. Wait modes are similar to ARM sleep modes. Stop modes (VLPS, STOP) are similar to ARM sleep deep mode. The very low power run (VLPR) operating mode can drastically reduce runtime power when the maximum bus frequency is not required to handle the application needs.

Power modes

The three primary modes of operation are run, wait and stop. The WFI instruction invokes both wait and stop modes for the chip. The primary modes are augmented in a number of ways to provide lower power based on application needs.

Table 8. Chip power modes

Chip mode	Description	Core mode	Normal recovery method
Normal run	Allows maximum performance of chip. Default mode out of reset; on- chip voltage regulator is on.	Run	-
Normal Wait - via WFI	Allows peripherals to function while the core is in sleep mode, reducing power. NVIC remains sensitive to interrupts; peripherals continue to be clocked.	Sleep	Interrupt
Normal Stop - via WFI	Places chip in static state. Lowest power mode that retains all registers while maintaining LVD protection. NVIC is disabled; AWIC is used to wake up from interrupt; peripheral clocks are stopped.	Sleep Deep	Interrupt
VLPR (Very Low Power Run)	On-chip voltage regulator is in a low power mode that supplies only enough power to run the chip at a reduced frequency. Reduced frequency Flash access mode (1 MHz); LVD off; internal oscillator provides a low power 24 MHz source for the core, the bus and the peripheral clocks.	Run	Interrupt
VLPW (Very Low Power Wait) -via WFI	Same as VLPR but with the core in sleep mode to further reduce power; NVIC remains sensitive to interrupts (FCLK = ON). On-chip voltage regulator is in a low power mode that supplies only enough power to run the chip at a reduced frequency.	Sleep	Interrupt
VLPS (Very Low Power Stop)-via WFI	Places chip in static state with LVD operation off. Lowest power mode with ADC and pin interrupts functional. Peripheral clocks are stopped, but LPTimer, RTC, CMP, TSI, DAC can be used. NVIC is disabled (FCLK = OFF); AWIC is used to wake up from interrupt. On-chip voltage regulator is in a low power mode that supplies only enough power to run the chip at a reduced frequency. All SRAM is operating (content retained and I/O states held).	Sleep Deep	Interrupt
LLS (Low Leakage Stop)	State retention power mode. Most peripherals are in state retention mode (with clocks stopped), but LLWU, LPTimer, RTC, CMP, TSI, DAC can be used. NVIC is disabled; LLWU is used to wake up. NOTE: The LLWU interrupt must not be masked by the interrupt controller to avoid a scenario where the system does not fully exit stop mode on an LLS recovery. All SRAM is operating (content retained and I/O states held).	Sleep Deep	Wakeup Interrupt ¹
VLLS3 (Very Low Leakage Stop3)	Most peripherals are disabled (with clocks stopped), but LLWU, LPTimer, RTC, CMP, TSI, DAC can be used. NVIC is disabled; LLWU is used to wake up. SRAM_U and SRAM_L remain powered on (content retained and I/O states held).	Sleep Deep	Wakeup Reset ²
VLLS2 (Very Low Leakage Stop2)	Most peripherals are disabled (with clocks stopped), but LLWU, LPTimer, RTC, CMP, TSI, DAC can be used. NVIC is disabled; LLWU is used to wake up. SRAM_L is powered off. A portion of SRAM_U remains powered on (content retained and I/O states held).	Sleep Deep	Wakeup Reset ²

Table 8. Chip power modes (continued)

Chip mode	Description	Core mode	Normal recovery method
VLLS1 (Very Low Leakage Stop1)	Most peripherals are disabled (with clocks stopped), but LLWU, LPTimer, RTC, CMP, TSI, DAC can be used. NVIC is disabled; LLWU is used to wake up.	Sleep Deep	Wakeup Reset ²
	All of SRAM_U and SRAM_L are powered off. The 32-byte system register file and the 32-byte VBAT register file remain powered for customer-critical data.		
BAT (backup battery only)	The chip is powered down except for the VBAT supply. The RTC and the 32-byte VBAT register file for customer-critical data remain powered.	Off	Power-up Sequence

- 1. Resumes normal run mode operation by executing the LLWU interrupt service routine.
- 2. Follows the reset flow with the LLWU interrupt flag set for the NVIC.

6 Developer Environment

Freescale's products are supported by a widespread, established network of tools and third party developers and software vendors. The Kinetis families take advantage of these and similar development resources.

6.1 Freescale's Tower System Support

Freescale's Tower System is a modular development platform for 8-bit, 16-bit, and 32-bit microcontrollers that enables advanced development through rapid prototyping. Featuring multiple development boards or modules, the Tower System provides designers with building blocks for entry-level to advanced microcontroller development.

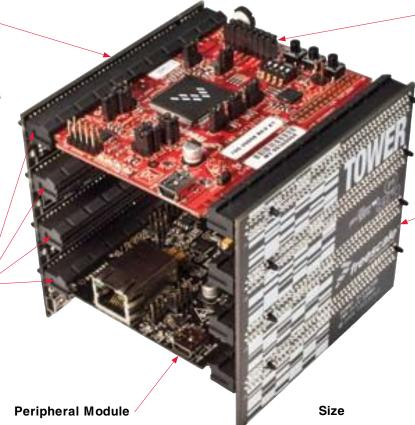
The Freescale Tower System

Primary Elevator

- Common serial and expansion bus signals
- Two 2x80 connectors on backside for easy signal access and side-mounting board (i.e. LCD module)
- Power regulation circuitry
- Standardized signal assignments

Board Connectors

- Four card-edge connectors
- Uses PCI Express[®] connectors (x16, 90 mm/3.5" long, 164 pins)



MCU/MPU Module

- Tower controller board
- Works stand-alone or in Tower System
- Features new on-board debug interface for easy programming and debugging via mini-B USB cable

Secondary Elevator

 Additional serial and expansion buses and peripheral interfaces

 Tower is approx. 3.5" H x 3.5" W x 3.5" D when fully assembled

Figure 4. Freescale's Tower System

The following Tower modules are available for the Kinetis families. For more information on the Tower System see http://www.freescale.com/tower.

• (i.e. serial, prototype, etc.)

Table 9. Tower Modules for Kinetis MCU Families

Microcontroller Modules	Features
Kinetis K40 Family MCU Module	K40 family 512 KB flash MCU in 144 MAPBGA package
	On-board JTAG debug interface
	Access to all features including Segment LCD and USB
Kinetis K60 Family MCU Module	K60 family 512 KB flash MCU in 144 MAPBGA package
	On-board JTAG debug interface
	Access to all features including Ethernet and USB
Kinetis K53 Family MCU Module	K53 family 512 KB flash MCU in 144 MAPBGA package
	On-board JTAG debug interface
	Access to all features including Ethernet, USB, Segment LCD (TWRPI), and medical expansion connector

6.2 CodeWarrior Development Studio

Freescale's CodeWarrior Development Studio for Microcontrollers v10.x integrates the development tools for the RS08, HCS08, ARM, and ColdFire architectures into a single product based on the Eclipse open development platform. Eclipse offers an excellent framework for building software development environments and is becoming a standard framework used by many embedded software vendors.

- Eclipse IDE 3.4
- Build system with optimizing C/C++ compilers for RS08, HCS08, ARM, and ColdFire processors
- Extensions to Eclipse C/C++ Development Tools (CDT) to provide sophisticated features to troubleshoot and repair embedded applications

Table 10. CodeWarrior 10.x Differentiating Features

Differentiating features	Customer benefits	Details
MCU Change Wizard	Ability to easily retarget project to a new processor	Simply select a new device (from the same or a different architecture) and select the default connection, and the CodeWarrior tool suite automatically reconfigures the project for the new device with the correct build tools and support files. • Compiler • Assembler • Linker • Header files • Vector tables • Libraries • Linker configuration files
Freescale Processor Expert	Problems in hardware layer can be resolved during initial design phase	Combines easy-to-use component-based application creation with an expert knowledge system. • CPU, on-chip peripherals, external peripherals, and software functionality are encapsulated into embedded components • Each component's functionality can be tailored to fit application requirements by modifying the component's properties, methods and events • When the project is built, Processor Expert automatically generates highly optimized embedded C code and places the source files into the project • Graphical user interface: Allows an application to be specified by the functionality needed • Automatic code generator: Creates tested, optimized C code tuned to application needs and the selected Freescale device • Built-in knowledgebase: Immediately flags resource conflicts and incorrect settings, so errors are caught early in design cycle • Component wizard: Allows user-specific, hardware-independent embedded components to be created
Trace and profile support for on-chip trace buffers	Sophisticate d emulator- like debug capability without additional hardware	The CodeWarrior profiling and analysis tools provide visibility into an application as it runs on the processor to identify operational problems. • Supports architectures with on-chip trace buffers (HCS08, V1 ColdFire, ARM) • Allows tracepoints to be set to enable and disable trace output • Can step through trace data and the corresponding source code simultaneously • Allows trace data to be exported into a Microsoft® Excel® file

For more information see the CodeWarrior web site at http://www.freescale.com/codewarrior.

6.3 Freescale's MQX™ Software Solutions

The increasing complexity of industrial applications and expanding functionality of semiconductors are driving embedded developers toward solutions that combine proven hardware and software platforms. These solutions help accelerate time to market and improve application development success.

Freescale Semiconductor offers the MQX real-time operating system (RTOS), with TCP/IP and USB software stacks and peripheral drivers, to customers of ARM, ColdFire and ColdFire+ MCUs at no additional charge. The combination of Freescale's MQX software solutions and Freescale's silicon portfolio creates a comprehensive source for hardware, software, tools, and services.

Freescale Comprehensive Solution

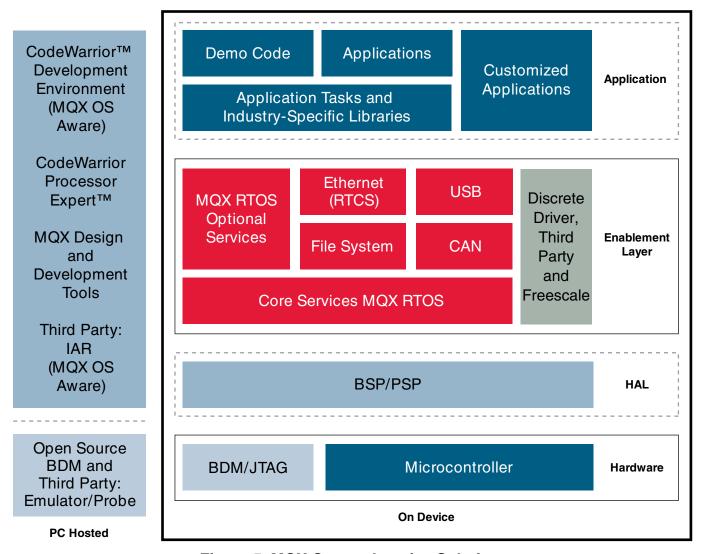


Figure 5. MQX Comprehensive Solution

Key benefits of Freescale's MQX RTOS include:

• Small memory footprint: The RTOS was designed for speed and size efficiency in embedded systems. It delivers true real-time performance, with context switching and low-level interrupt routines hand-optimized in assembly.

- Component-based architecture: Provides a fully-functional RTOS core with additional, optional services. Freescale's MQX RTOS includes 25 components (8 core components and 17 optional). Components are linked in only if needed, preventing unused functions from bloating the memory footprint.
- Full and lightweight components: Key components are included in both full and lightweight versions for further control of size, RAM/ROM utilization, and performance options.
- Real-time, priority-based, preemptive multithreading: Allows high-priority threads to meet their deadlines consistently, no matter how many other threads are competing for CPU time.
- Scheduling: Enables faster development time by offloading from developers the task of creating or maintaining an efficient scheduling system and interrupt handling.
- Code reuse: Provides a framework with a simple, intuitive API to build and organize the features across Freescale's broad portfolio of embedded processors.
- Fast boot sequence: Ensures the application is running quickly after the hardware has been reset.
- Simple Message Passing: Messages can be passed either from a system pool or a private pool, sent with either urgent status or a user-defined priority, and broadcast or task specific. For maximum flexibility, a receiving task can operate on either the same CPU as the sending task or on a different CPU within the same system.

For more information see the MQX web site at http://www.freescale.com/mqx.

MQX RTOS—Customizable Component Set

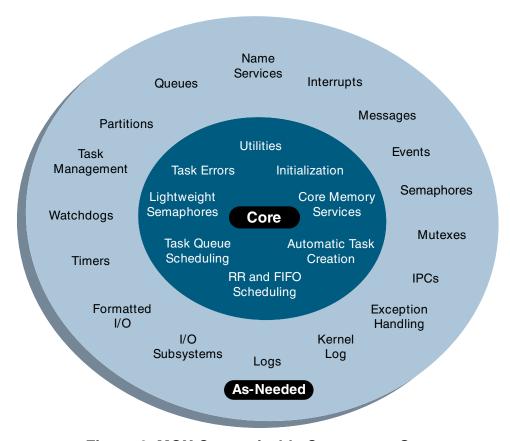


Figure 6. MQX Customizable Component Set

6.4 Additional Software Stacks Provided

- Math, DSP and Encryption Libraries
- · Motor Control Libraries

Revision History

- Touch Sensing Software Suite
- Complimentary Bootloaders (USB, Ethernet, RF, serial)
- Complimentary Freescale Embedded GUI
- Complimentary Freescale MQX[™] RTOS , USB, TCP/IP stack and MFS filesystem
- Low Cost NanoTM SSL/NanoTM SSH for Freescale MQXTM RTOS
- Plus full ARM® ecosystem

7 Revision History

The following table provides a revision history for this document.

Table 11. Revision History

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
4	6/2010	Initial public revision
5	7/2010	Removed 180 MHz product offerings throughout
		Added package dimensions to "Part numbers diagrams" table and to Kinetis portfolio tables
		Added FlexMemory section
		Added NAND flash controller feature list section
		Added maximum SPI transfer rates in SPI feature list
		Added link to CodeWarrior web site in CodeWarrior Development Studio section
6	11/2010	Removed 150MHz product offerings
		Updated memory and package option table
		Updated family feature tables
7	2/2011	Replaced 104-pin product offerings with 121-pin devices
		Updated memory and package option table
		Updated family feature tables
8	5/2011	Updated memory and package option table
		Updated family feature tables
		Updated module feature lists

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