Follow the User?!

Data Donation Studies for Collecting Digital Trace Data

Session 3: Data Donation Studies (Researcher Perspective)

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Part of the SPP DFG Project Integrating Data Donations in Survey Infrastructure

What are methodological decisions researchers you have to take in data donation studies? Example 1. The studies is a second of the second o

Data donation study - researcher perspective















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Modelling

Agenda

- 1. **Research design & tool set-up**, including
 - **Task 3**: Modify the data donation tool
- 2. Data cleaning & augmentation, including
 - **▼ Task 4**: Classify search terms
- 3. Modelling digital traces



Image by Hope House Press via Unsplash

1) Research design & tool set-up



Source: Image by Markus Winkler via Unsplash











- Research Design & Tool Set-Up
 - **1.1** Which theoretical questions do I want to answer?
 - **1.2** How do I operationalize key variables via my data donation tool?
 - **1.3** How do I integrate the tool in surveys & recruit participants?

Data Cleaning & Augmentation

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Modelling

Key decisions:

- Which theoretical questions do I want to answer?
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Step I.I Which questions do I want to answer?

This may sound silly but:

- Novel method, few empirical applications
- To date: methodological playground
- What good is a method that is not used to advance theories/empirical knowledge?

Key decisions:

- Which theoretical questions do I want to answer?
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Choose a tool, e.g., ...

- Port (Boeschoten et al., 2023) (Netherlands, different platforms)
- Data Donation Module (Pfiffner et al., 2022) (Switzerland, different platforms)
- WhatsR (Kohne & Montag, 2024) (Germany, WhatsApp)

- Participants "upload" data
- Local extraction, anonymization, & aggregation
- Users can delete data
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Extraction >:

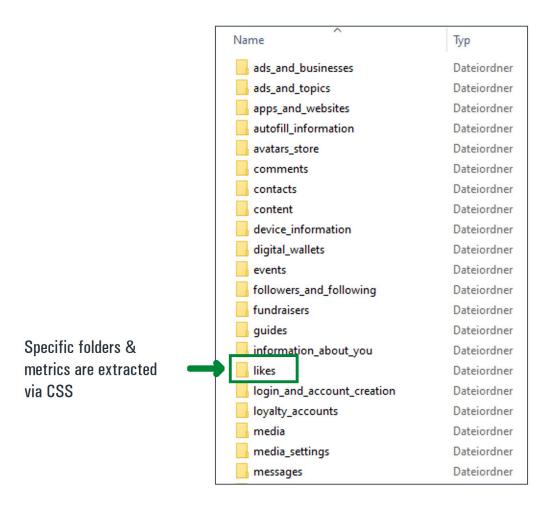


Figure. Filtering data - File extraction

Extraction \geqslant :

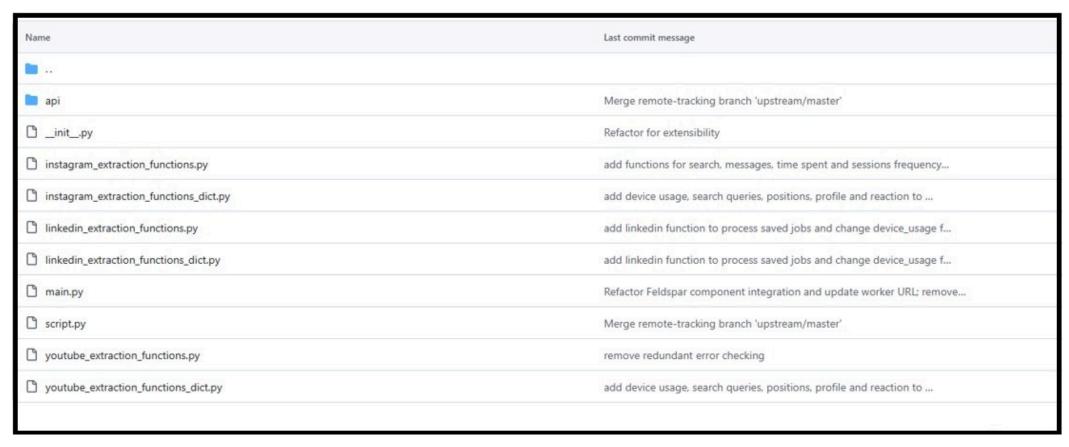


Figure. Filtering data - Python code

Extraction \geqslant :

```
def extract_ads_seen(ads_seen_json, locale):
    """extract ads information/ads and topics/ads viewed -> list of authors per day"""
    tl date = translate("date", locale)
    tl_value = translate(
       {"en": "Seen accounts", "de": "Gesehene Konten", "nl": "Geziene accounts"},
       locale.
    timestamps = [
       t["string_map_data"]["Time"]["timestamp"]
       for t in ads seen json["impressions history ads seen"]
   ] # get list with timestamps in epoch format (if author exists)
    dates = [epoch to date(t) for t in timestamps] # convert epochs to dates
    authors = [
       i["string map data"]["Author"]["value"]
       if "Author" in i["string map data"]
       else translate(
                "en": "Unknown account",
               "de": "Unbekanntes Konto",
                "nl": "Onbekend account",
           },
           locale,
        for i in ads_seen_json["impressions_history_ads_seen"]
    ] # not for all viewed ads there is an author!
    adds_viewed_df = pd.DataFrame({tl_date: dates, tl_value: authors})
    aggregated df = adds viewed df.groupby(tl date)[tl value].agg(list).reset index()
    return aggregated df
```

Figure. Filtering data - Python code

- Participants "upload" data
- Local extraction, **anonymization**, & aggregation
- Users can delete data
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Anonymization **(22)**:

```
Blame 1012 lines (1002 loc) - 40.1 KB
Code
           import typing
           from .genuine import unravel_hierarchical_fields
          fb_list_usernames = ['1LIVE',
                                '12-App',
                                '20 Minuten'.
    8
                                '3sat',
    9
                                'Aachener Nachrichten',
   10
                                'Aachener Zeitung',
                                'Aarauer Nachrichten',
   11
   12
                                'Aargauer Zeitung',
   13
                               'Abendzeitung München',
                               'Achgut.com - Die Achse des Guten',
   14
   15
                                'Achtzig - Die Kulturzeitung',
                                'actu.fr',
   17
                                'Adpunktum',
   18
                                'Advantage Wirtschaftsmagazin',
   19
                               'Aichacher Zeitung',
   20
                                'Aktuell Obwalden',
   21
                                'Alfelder Zeitung'.
   22
                                'all-in.de - das Allgau online.',
   23
                               'Allgäuer Zeitung',
   24
                                'Allgemeine Zeitung',
   25
                                'Allgemeine Zeitung | Coesfeld | Billerbeck | Gescher | Rosendahl | azonline',
   26
                                'Alpenparlament.TV',
   27
                                'Alpenschau.com',
                                'Andelfinger Zeitung',
```

Figure. Anonymization - Example of Whitelists

Anonymization **(22)**:

engagement_timestamp	day	engagement_type	donation_platform	donation_type
2021-12-04 10.37.42	2021-12-04	non-news	mstagram	Tonowed
2021-12-04 05:41:51	2021-12-04	non-news	Instagram	followed
2021-11-30 13:58:03	2021-11-30	non-news	Instagram	followed
2021-11-26 15:11:16	2021-11-26	non-news	Instagram	followed
2021-11-22 22:00:22	2021-11-22	news	Instagram	followed
2021-11-19 15:22:43	2021-11-19	non-news	Instagram	followed
2021-11-08 16:13:18	2021-11-08	news	Instagram	followed
2021-11-07 15:56:43	2021-11-07	non-news	Instagram	followed
2021-11-01 07:25:09	2021-11-01	non-news	Instagram	followed

Figure. Example of anonymized data

- Participants "upload" data
- Local extraction, anonymization, & **aggregation**
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Aggregation **E**:

```
def extract_ads_seen(ads_seen_json, locale):
    """extract ads information/ads and topics/ads viewed -> list of authors per day"""
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    timestamps = [
       t["string_map_data"]["Time"]["timestamp"]
       for t in ads seen json["impressions history ads seen"]
   ] # get list with timestamps in epoch format (if author exists)
    dates = [epoch to date(t) for t in timestamps] # convert epochs to dates
    authors = [
       i["string map data"]["Author"]["value"]
       if "Author" in i["string map data"]
       else translate(
                "en": "Unknown account",
               "de": "Unbekanntes Konto",
                "nl": "Onbekend account",
           },
           locale,
        for i in ads_seen_json["impressions_history_ads_seen"]
    ] # not for all viewed ads there is an author!
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Data deletion by users **X**:



Figure. Data deletion

This is how much "fun" testing DDTs is:



Figure. Github issues - Testing the tool

Key issues (Hase et al., 2024)

- Missing documentation by platforms (e.g., file structure)
- Sudden changes in DDPs
- Differences across languages & devices
- Insufficient in-tool classification

Let's have a look at the technical set-up (Frieder: Run example?)

Task 3: Modify the data donation tool

Frieder: can we ask them to change filtering scripts, etc.? YouTube-URL extraction?

Feel free to work in groups of 2-3 people.

Key decisions:

- Which theoretical questions do I want to answer?
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Step I.III: How do I integrate the tool in surveys & recruit participants?

- Often: Survey, then forwarding to an external site
- Less often: Integration in existing survey infrastructure (Haim et al., 2023)

Step I.III: How do I integrate the tool in surveys & recruit participants?

- Low response rates (e.g., Hase & Haim, 2024; Keusch et al., 2024)
 - Behavioral intentions as "willingness to donate" high (79-52% of survey respondents)
 - Actual behavior as "participation in data donation" low (37-12% of survey respondents)
 - Well known intention-behavior gap (Kmetty & Stefkovics, 2025)
- Non-response bias
- Primary used in non-probability panels (e.g. online access panels)
- Survey design strategies: For now, is the only thing that works.
- Again, we will talk about this in session 4.











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Data Cleaning & Augmentation

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Modelling

Step II: Data cleaning & augmentation











Modelling

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- Data Cleaning & Augmentation
 - **2.1** How do I clean and extend data?

2.2 How do I check for bias?

Figure. Data donation study - researcher perspective

Step II.I: How do I clean and extend data?

This is how your data may look like:

*	id ‡	submission_id +	filename ‡	n_deleted ‡	insert_timestamp	update_timestamp	entry
7868	308142	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458707+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45,458714+00:00	{"string_list_data":[("timestamp":1654035032}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7869	308143	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45,458731+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458737+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1654034499}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7870	308144	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458754+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458761+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1654034341}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7871	308145	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45,458777+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458784+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1654020807}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7872	308146	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458801+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458808+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1654020127}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7873	308147	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45,458824+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458831+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1654020057}],"title":"tagesschau"}
7874	308148	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45,458847+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458854+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1654019851}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7875	308149	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45,458871+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458878+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1654019739}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7876	308150	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45,458894+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458901+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1654019708}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7877	308151	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45,458918+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458925+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1653940335}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7878	308152	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458941+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458948+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1653938012}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7879	308153	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45,458965+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458971+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1653937848}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7880	308154	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45,458988+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.458995+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1653937307}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7881	308155	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45,459011+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.459018+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1653808843}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7882	308156	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45,459035+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.459042+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1653781269}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7883	308157	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45,459058+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.459065+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1653753711}],"title":"sz"}
7884	308158	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45.459082+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.459089+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1653691455}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7885	308159	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45,459105+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.459112+00:00	{"string_list_data":[{"timestamp":1653674965}],"title":" <user>"}</user>
7886	308160	5345	liked_posts.json	0	2022-12-09 10:37:45.459128+00:00	2022-12-09 10:37:45.459135+00:00	{"string_list_data":[("timestamp":1653674398)],"title":" <user>"}</user>

Figure. Donated data - example

Step II.I: How do I clean and extend data?

This is how your data may look like:



Figure. Donated data - example

Step II.I: How do I clean and extend data?

- Manual annotation by participants during data donation
- APIs/scraping to extend collected data

▼ Task 4: Classify search terms

Download the data for Task 4 from the workshop website. This contains YouTube searches collected from a German social media sample. Either discuss or do this in R/Python....

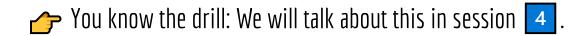
- 1. how you would clean the data?
- 2. how you would identify health-related searches using NLP methods?

external_submission_id	* search_query *	donation_platform	
3862	https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=theorien+d	YouTube	
3862	https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=Gero+hesse	YouTube	
3862	https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=macarons	YouTube	
3862	https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=Weihnacht	YouTube	
3862	https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=sallys+welt	YouTube	
9296	https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=reitmaier	YouTube	
9296	https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=zotero+ma	YouTube	
9296	https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=einfach+inka	YouTube	
9296	https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=tissot+197	YouTube	
9296	https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=Druck	YouTube	
9272	https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=der+pate+	YouTube	

Figure. Donated data - example

Step II.II: How do I check for bias?

- Errors in representation and measurements, e.g.
 - based on systematic drop-out (Pak et al., 2022)
 - based on systematic misclassification of digital traces (TeBlunthuis et al., 2024)



Step II: Data cleaning & augmentation











Modelling

- Research Design & Tool Set-Up
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- Data Cleaning & Augmentation
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Figure. Data donation study - researcher perspective

Step III: Modelling











- Research Design & Tool Set-Up
 - **1.1** Which theoretical questions do I want to answer?
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Data Cleaning & Augmentation 3

2.1 How do I clean and extend data?

2.2 How do I check for bias?

Modelling

3.1 How do I analyze results?

Figure. Data donation study - researcher perspective

Step III.I: How do I analyze results?

Think carefully about...

- How to create indices from different metrics (e.g., liking, sharing, or commenting on content)
- Hierarchical structure (nested in time, metrics, platforms)
- Skewed data, non-linearity

Summary: Researcher perspective 🚝

- **Summary**: Key steps include...
 - 1. Research design & tool set-up
 - 2. Data cleaning & augmentation
 - 3. Modelling
- Further literature:
 - Boeschoten et al. (2022)
 - Carrière et al. (2024)

Questions?

References

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