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Coupling technology benchmarking in IS-ENES2

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WP10-T3 Evaluation of coupling strategies; CERFACS, MetO, STFC, UNIMAN, DKRZ

Objective: Define a suite of coupled benchmarks based on simplified components, which capture the essence of the coupling without the science complexity

- 1. Capture functional and performance characteristics of coupling system
- 2. Code a set of simplified components reproducing these characteristics
- 3. Implement the coupling between these components with OASIS and ESMF.
- 4. Run the benchmark suite on specific platforms.
- 5. Analyse results and present them to the community,
- 6. Undertake performance modelling to support the analysis of the benchmark
- > D10.3 Report on benchmark suite for evaluation of coupling strategies

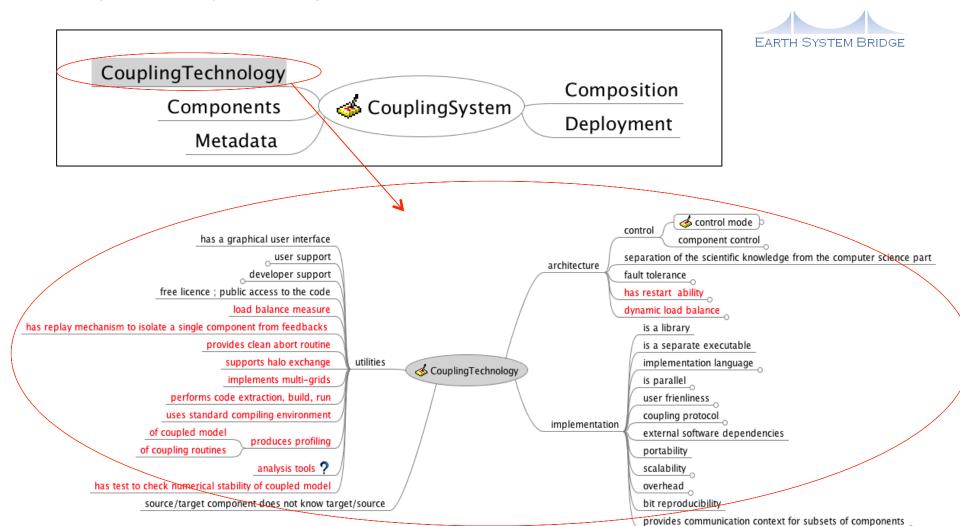




1. Capture functional and performance characteristics of coupling system

Working groups at CW2013, Boulder: => exhaustive list of coupling system characteristics

US project Earth System Bridge + 2014 IS-ENES2 Exeter workshop: => mindmaps





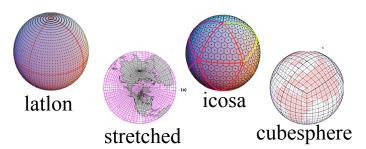


- 1. Capture functional and performance characteristics of coupling system
- ✓ Priority coupling characteristics to benchmark
 - Type of the component grid
 - Number of cores per component
 - Numbers of fields exchanged
 - Frequency of exchange
 - Size of the coupling fields
 - (Ease of use: code intrusion, development time, techniques for overcoming specific issues)





- 2. Code a set of simplified components reproducing these characteristics
- ✓ 4 stand alone components on 4 different grids available on bitbucket.org
 - MPI parallel fortran subroutine(s), no physics/dynamics, real coupling characteristics
 - Coupling fields as IN/OUT arguments, arrays in shared modules, local data
 - Use specific grids
 - o latlon: latitude-longitude, arbitrary resolution
 - stretched: stretched, rotated, logically rectangular, ORCA
 - o icosa: quasi-uniform icosahedral, e.g. NICAM
 - o cubesphere: quasi-uniform cubed sphere



In addition

- ✓ Specification of priority test-cases to evaluate the impact of the priority coupling characteristics (possible combinations of all coupling characteristics in almost infinite):
 - Number of cores per component
 - Grid size
 - Ratio of the number of cores/component
 - Schedule and layout
 - Number of coupling fields
- Milestone (M10.4) "Implementation of the benchmark suite for evaluation of coupling strategies"





- 3. Implement the coupling between these components with OASIS and ESMF.
- 4. Run the benchmark suite on specific platforms.

What we tested: impact of grid size and number of cores/component:

- Oasis
- On 3 platforms: Bullx Occigen (Fr), MetOffice Cray (UK), Marconi Broadwell (It):
 - For 4 coupling technologies, OASIS, ESMF, Open-PALM, YAC



- For 1 couple of grids: regular latlon with same rectangle decomposition
 - For 3 couple of grid sizes: LR-HR, HR-HR & VHR-VHR (LR:100x100, HR:1000x1000, VHR: 3000x3000)



- For at least 5 numbers of cores/comp O(1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000)
- Minimal number of runs for this (simple) test case: 3x4x1x3x5 = 180



In addition: impact of opposite decompositions (on Bullx Occigen only):

- For OASIS, ESMF, Open-PALM, YAC
 - for regular latlon grids with opposite decomposition
 - for 3000x3000 (VHR-VHR);
 - for O(1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000) cores/components
- Minimal number of runs for this test case on Bullx: 4x1x1x5 = 20





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Objective: Define a suite of coupled benchmarks based on simplified components, which capture the essence of the coupling without the science complexity

- 1. Capture functional and performance characteristics of coupling system
 - ✓ CW2013 & interaction with US project Earth System Bridge
- 2. Code a set of simplified components reproducing these characteristics
 - √ 4 stand alone components on 4 different grids available
- 3. Implement the coupling between these components with OASIS and ESMF.
 - ✓ Coupled system for regular grids with OASIS, ESMF, OpenPALM, MCT and YAC
- 4. Run the benchmark suite on specific platforms.
 - ✓ Test cases run on Bullx Occigen (Fr), MetOffice Cray (UK), Marconi Broadwell (It)
- 5. Analyse results and present them to the community,
 - ✓ On-going
- 6. Undertake performance modelling to support the analysis of the benchmark Needs benchmarking results
- D10.3 Report on benchmark suite for evaluation of coupling strategies Coming soon!



Summary & perspective



Very interesting international collaboration for capturing the characteristics of coupling systems



ESMF

Defining the specifications of the first benchmark version:

O-Falm

- far more complex than expected
- very touchy to define standard and unbiased specifications



- ✓ Results of first benchmark version are available for Bullx Occigen (Fr), MetOffice Cray (UK), Marconi Broadwell (It)
- Announce availability of this first IS-ENES2 coupling technology benchmark
- Write-up the deliverable D10.3
- > Analyse all results in depth, write and publish a paper

Many thanks to Gabriel, Mike, Andrew, Graham, Rupert and Moritz for their energy in this very challenging collective work











The end





1. Capture functional and performance characteristics of coupling system

Working groups at CW2013, Boulder:

- What are the scientific and technical requirements [...] to build a geophysical coupled system from independent models?
- What are the **qualities** that should be **assessed in a coupling technology benchmark** and how should those qualities be **measured**?

✓ Exhaustive list of coupling system characteristics

Da	ita exchange and redistribution	
•	Exchange between different models with different decompositions or within same model with same or different decompositions	Yes/No Types of grids supported (yes/no) Masked grid supported (yes/no) Types of decompositions supported Local or global knowledge of decomposition How easy to describe the decomposition MoTR¹ for computation of communication patterns MOTR for data exchange (for difficult test cases e.g. 40+ 3D fields every time step or load imbalanced cases)
•	Exchange of data with halo	Yes/No Halo extension (one neighbor, more?)
	Support of adaptive grids	Yes/No
Re	egridding and weight generation	
•	Regridding of coupling data, sparse matrix multiplier	Yes/No Types of regridding supported Dimensionality supported (2D, 3D, etc) Types of grids supported Types of decompositions supported Externally generated weights supported MOTR for regridding (performance) Flexibility / ease of use
•	Regridding, weight generation	Yes/No Types of regridding supported Types of grids supported Types of decompositions supported Masked grids supported Morr for weight generation (performance)
•	Weight generation for non geometrical regridding (e.g. runoffs, catchment basins, calving)	Yes/No MOTR for weight generation
Me	ediation on coupling data	
•	Averaging, accumulation	Yes/No MOTR for operation
•	Combination of coupling fields	Yes/NO
	Land-ocean coastline consistency checking	Yes/NO

Other types of mediation	Yes/No, which ones
Time integration features	
Implicit coupling	
Calendar, clock	Yes/No Types of calendars Length of time
Output handling	
Coordinated stdout and stderr	Yes/No Human readable output?
Online diagnostics	Yes/No Flexible, configurable?
Output of state time	Yes/No Flexible, configurable?
 Diagnostics mediated with regridding, combinations, etc 	Yes/No Regridding accuracy
Workflow support	
Code extraction, build, run	Yes/No MOTR excluding runtime
Configuration management	
Cross model restart ability	
Support for restart on system signal	
Ensemble support including fault tolerance	
 Coupled system launch support on complete parallel hardware 	x
Archiving data	
Case management	
Others	
Encapsulation of different parts of the scientific code, separation of scientific knowledge from the "computer science" (e.	9

Portability and performance					
	Portability, standard compliance	Number of compilers compiled with			
	OS compatibility	Number of platforms run on			
•	Multi-language support, language compatible with ESM	Number of languages framework callable from			
	Support for hybrid modes - openMP	Yes/No			
•	Conformance to conventions (e.g. grid conventions)	Yes/No, which ones:			
•	Memory impact, memory scalability of distributed data types	Measure of memory impact			
	Scalability	Results of latency and bandwidth tests			
•	Low overhead	Measure of overhead; compare different frameworks with same models			
•	Bit reproducibility	Yes/No; details			
	Fault tolerance	·			
	Analysis tools	• Yes/No			
	Dynamic load balancing	Yes/No; how:			
•	Load balance measure	Measure performance of optimized result learn from HPC suppliers			
Us	User support				
	Documentation / user guide	Yes/No			
•	Human support by developers (mail, phone, etc.)	Yes/No Average response time? quality			
•	Quality of prioritization process (feature requests)	•			
	Community support	Yes/No; how			
	Code readability	Poor/medium/high			
C	Coupled model developer support				
•	Range checking on input values/fluxes – outlier detection – validation checks	Yes/No			
	Profiling available				
•	Debugging included, possibility to use with debuggers	For the software For the science			
	Error handling				
•	"Replay" mechanism to isolate a single component from feedbacks				
•	Idealized test cases to check conservation, interpolation order	Check mark exists? Tested?			





- 1. Capture functional and performance characteristics of coupling system
- ✓ First series of mindmaps by US project Earth System Bridge reviewed during IS-ENES2 Exeter workshop (Feb 2014)

