Spring actuator

the Spring actuator was already available and pre-configured.

Prometheus und Alertmanager

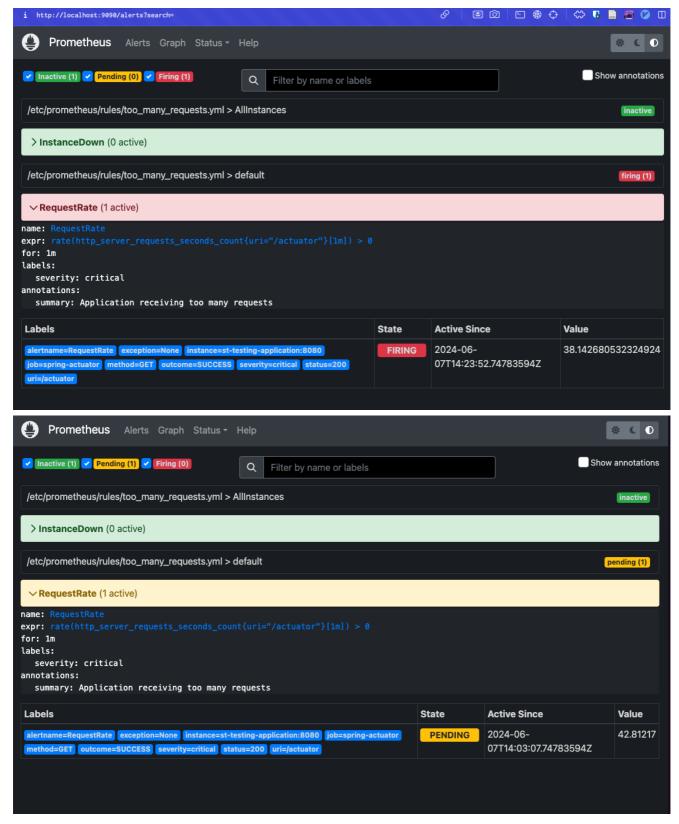
I've added a docker-compose.yml, which can be run with docker compose up to scaffold the entire application, including the Spring Boot App.

It leverages Dockers' internal networking capability, which let the services talk to one another inside their internal network.

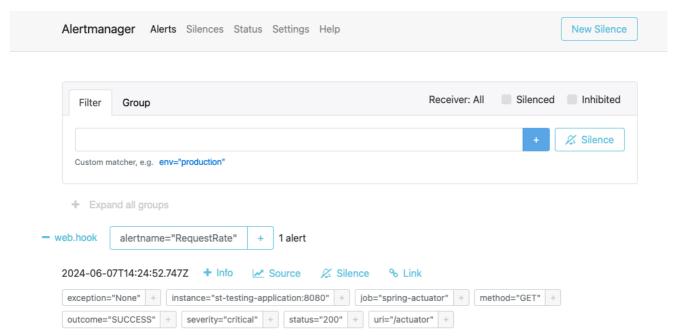
This also requires a .env file, which can be derived from the included .env.example file.

Booting the services and running a little loadtest, which is included in send_many_requests.sh triggers the configured alerts on purpose.

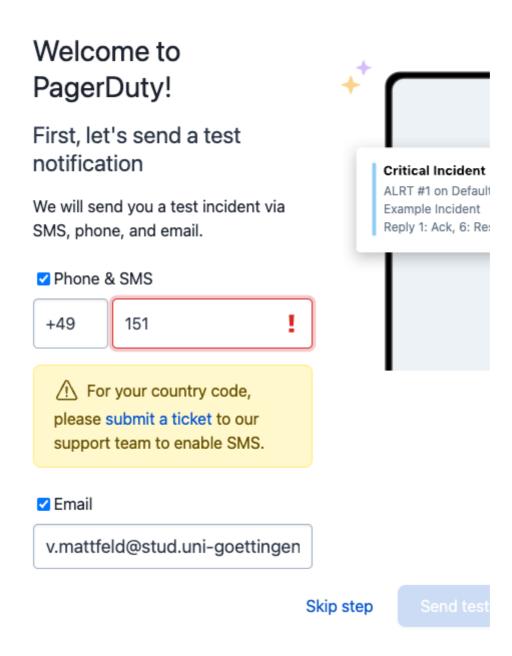
Inspecting the Alerts panel inside Prometheus indicates, that the configured alerts are firing as intended.



The alertmanager is triggered by prometheus, and sends webhooks by default.



Trying to use an in-build solution by the alertmanger, PagerDuty, which is able to send phone notifications beside email notifications for alerts required a US Phone number,



Therefore, I defaulted to using the a GMail-based notification method, which sent emails from a Google-Mail account. That required to setup an application password, which would be required by the alertmanager.

Create & use app passwords

Important: To create an app password, you need 2-Step Verification on your Google Account.

If you use 2-Step-Verification and get a "password incorrect" error when you sign in, you can try to use an app password.

- 1. Go to your Google Account .
- Select Security.
- 3. Under "How you sign in to Google," select **2-Step Verification**.
- At the bottom of the page, select App passwords.
- 5. Enter a name that helps you remember where you'll use the app password.
- Select Generate.
- 7. To enter the app password, follow the instructions on your screen. The app password is the 16-character code that generates on your device.
- 8. Select Done.

If you've set up 2-Step Verification but can't find the option to add an app password, it might be because:

- Your Google Account has 2-Step Verification set up only for security keys.
- You're logged into a work, school, or another organization account.
- Your Google Account has Advanced Protection.

Tip: Usually, you'll need to enter an app password once per app or device.

← 2-Faktor-Authentifizierung

Die 2-Faktor-Authentifizierung ist für Ihr Konto aktiviert

Fügen Sie Ihrem Konto eine zusätzliche Sicherheitsebene hinzu, um es besser vor Hackern zu schützen.

Wenn Sie sich nicht mit einem Passkey anmelden, werden Sie aufgefordert, den sichersten zweiten Schritt, den Sie für Ihr Konto eingerichtet haben, auszuführen. Sie können die zweiten Schritte und die Anmeldeoptionen jederzeit in den Einstellungen ändern. Zu den Sicherheitseinstellungen

2-Faktor-Authentifizierung deaktivieren



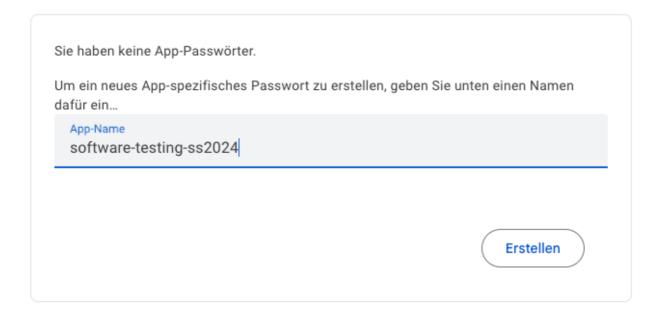
Zweite Schritte Achten Sie darauf, dass diese Informationen auf dem neuesten Stand sind, und fügen Sie weitere Anmeldeoptionen hinzu, damit Sie jederzeit auf Ihr Google-Konto zugreifen können			
· P	Passkeys und Sicherheitsschlüssel	2 Sicherheitsschlüssel	>
	Aufforderung von Google		>
°°° °°°	Authentifizierungs-App	Authentifizierungs-App hinzufügen	>
<u></u>	Telefonnummer	1 Telefonnummer hinzufügen	>
123	Back-up-Codes		>

← App-Passwörter

Mit App-Passwörtern können Sie sich in älteren Apps und Diensten, die keine modernen Sicherheitsstandards unterstützen, in Ihrem Google-Konto anmelden.

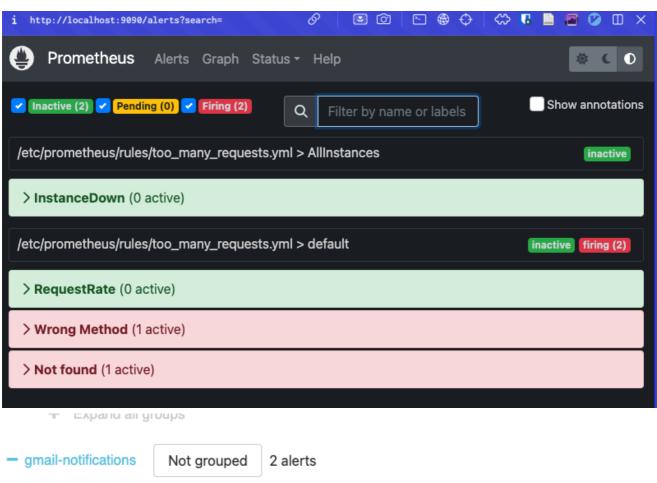
App-Passwörter sind nicht so sicher wie die Verwendung aktueller Apps und Dienste, die moderne Sicherheitsstandards erfüllen. Bevor Sie ein App-Passwort erstellen, sollten Sie prüfen, ob dies für die Anmeldung in Ihrer App erforderlich ist.

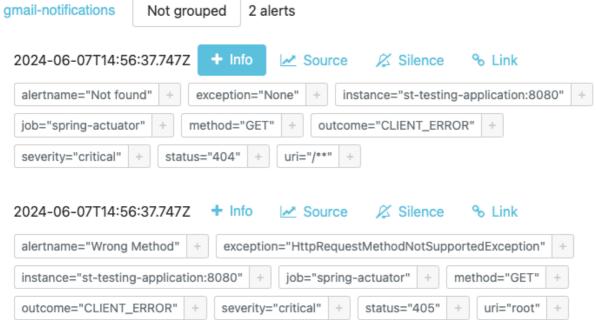
Weitere Informationen



After that, I had alertmanager and prometheus configured to use GMail for notifications.

Triggering the alerts with a load test yielded the desired results.





Email Notifications were received.



2 alerts for View In Alertmanager [1] Firing Labels alertname = Not found exception = None instance = st-testing-application:8080 job = spring-actuator method = GET outcome = CLIENT_ERROR severity = critical status = 404 uri = /** Annotations summary = Requested endpoint did not exist Source [1] Resolved Labels alertname = Wrong Method exception = HttpRequestMethodNotSupportedException instance = st-testing-application:8080 job = spring-actuator method = GET outcome = CLIENT_ERROR severity = critical status = 405 uri = root Annotations summary = Application received wrong request type Source Sent by Alertmanager

Using Graphana and the Metric Explorer, it was easy to setup a panel for each relevant metric, including system load and the alert frequencies in sum and specific.

