

# Customer Satisfaction and Sentiment Analysis

Batch 34 | Bootcamp Data Science





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#### LinkedIn

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#### My writing

- Github
- Blog post



### **Outline**

# **Customer Satisfaction**

- Why customer satisfaction matter?
- How to measure customer satisfaction?

### Sentiment Analysis

- What is sentiment analysis?
- How to measure a sentiment from text?
- What algorithm to use

### Data Visualization

- How to visualize customer satisfaction?
- How to visualize sentiment?
- Building a dashboard





# Prepare Your Drive

### **Get the Materials**



The whole materials can be found here

Prepare your own drive folder that at least contain the following items to get better learning experience:

- Copy of hands\_on\_customer\_satisfaction\_sentiment\_analysis.ipynb
- Copy of car\_rental\_review.csv





# Customer Satisfaction

### **Customer and Your Business**



- Imagine you have a coffee shop
- People love it and your place get crowded by customers
- However, on the next month, traffic continue to decline
- What went wrong? Is your product taste bad? Does it take too long to serve a customer?

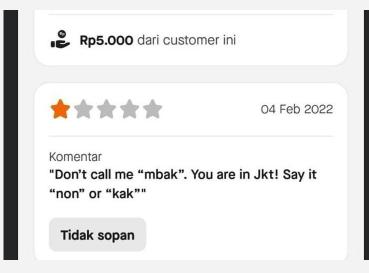


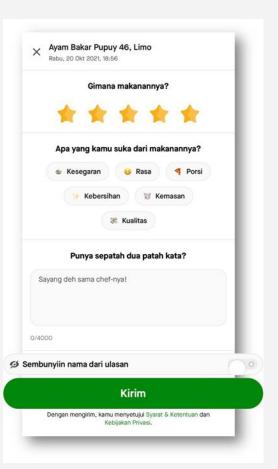
### Why We Need Customer's Feedback



- Find out how your customers feel about your brand
- Identify pain point and friction from customer
- Measure customer loyalty
- Generate feedback about their interaction











### **CSAT – Customer Satisfaction**

Measure **overall customer satisfaction** on specific area of business.

Overall, how satisfied are you with the service we provide?

Overall, how satisfied are you with our product?

Overall, how satisfied are you with our customer service?

Not Satisfied	Satisfied	Not Satisfied	l	Satisfied
1 2 3	4 5		•••	$\odot$
Overall CSAT =	Sum of satisfaction score			
Overall CSAT = —	# of responded customer			
verall CSAT (%) = -	Sum of satisfaction score		core	
veruii CSAT (%) -	# of responded customer x max rating			



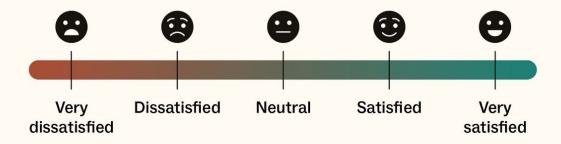
Overall CSAT (%) = 
$$\frac{450}{100 \times 5}$$
 =  $\frac{4.5}{5}$  = 90%





Ask the customer a question like:

How do you feel about the service you received today?



On a 5-point scale, a score of 4+ is good.







### **CSAT - Customer Satisfaction**

Customer satisfaction often has **primary question** and **attribute question** 

#### **Example of primary question**

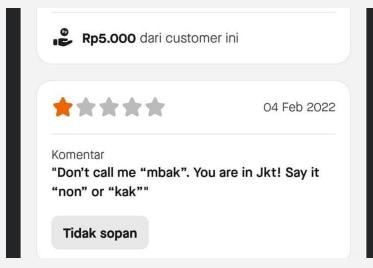
How satisfied are you with your **overall experience** using our ride-hailing service?

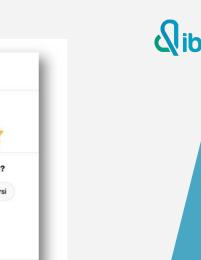
#### Example of attribute question

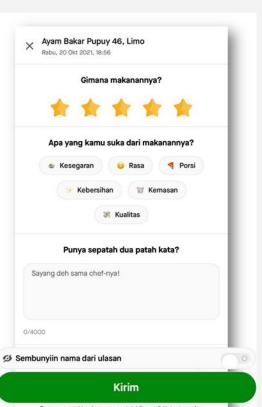
How satisfied are you with the **availability of driver**?

How would you rate the **driver's navigation skills** and route selection?

How satisfied are you with the **fairness of the fare for your ride**?







Dengan mengirim, kamu menyetujui Syarat & Ketentuan dan Kebijakan Privasi.



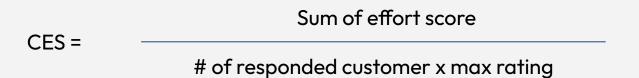
### **CES – Customer Effort Score**

The **perceived customer effort** on specific touch point → using our product, register as member, etc.

How easy it is for you to use our product?

How easy was it to navigate our app to find what you were looking for?







### **NPS - Net Promoter Score**

Measure the **likelihood for a customer to recommend** our product/service to other people, indicate their overall loyalty toward our product/service.

On a scale of 0 – 10, how likely are you to recommend our service to your friend and colleague?







NPS = 30 - 20 = 10%

Promoter 30%

Focus on how to retain the promoter

Passive 50%

Follow up

What makes them don't become a promoter

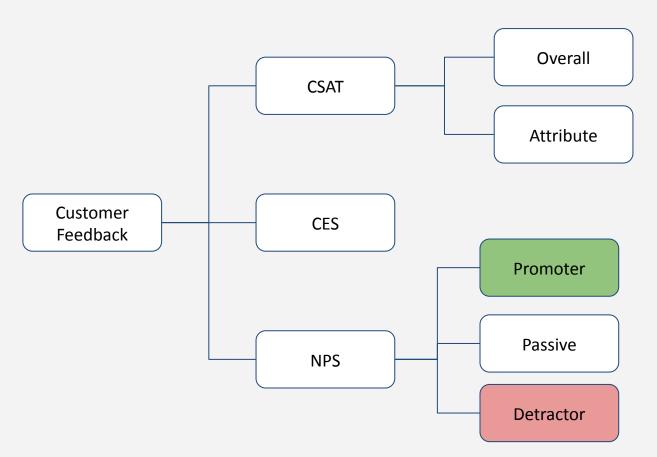
Detractor 20%

Follow up

What makes them have a bad perception on us

### **Metrics of Customer Feedback**









### **Customer Satisfaction Metrics**

#### **CSAT**

- Measures a customer's immediate satisfaction with a product, service, or interaction
- Best to use right after interaction with customer
- helps pinpoint areas needing quick fixes or immediate attention
- Satisfied customer may not want to recommend

#### **CES**

- Measure how easy it is for customer to engage with our product
- Lower effort required by customer ideally should lead to higher satisfaction
- Allow us to fix problem that cause friction on customer's journey

#### **NPS**

- Measure the loyalty of a customer, by asking how likely they will recommend us
- Provides a broader view of customer sentiment over a longer period of time
- Best to use periodically, e.g. quarterly, etc.
- Doesn't tell us what's important for customer

# Design a Survey



- Determine the objective, do we want to measure customer satisfaction, customer effort, or NPS?
- Determine the scale: use emoticon, yes/no, 5-scale likert, 7-scale likert, etc.
- Use clear and concise questions
- Determine when the survey is carried out: after interaction? Periodically?
- Ask relevant questions: how often you use our product in a week, which of the following words would you use to describe our products, etc.
- Keep the survey short
- Consider giving rewards to survey



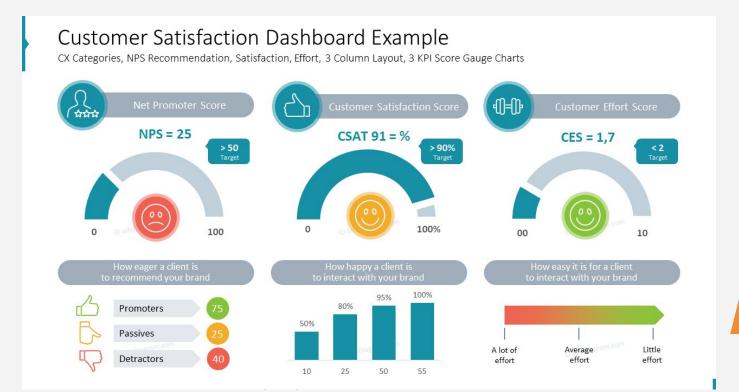


How many of our customers that has responded to our survey.

Can be used to evaluate our survey design, does our survey is confusing or too long.

# **Visualizing Metrics**





# **Visualizing Metrics**





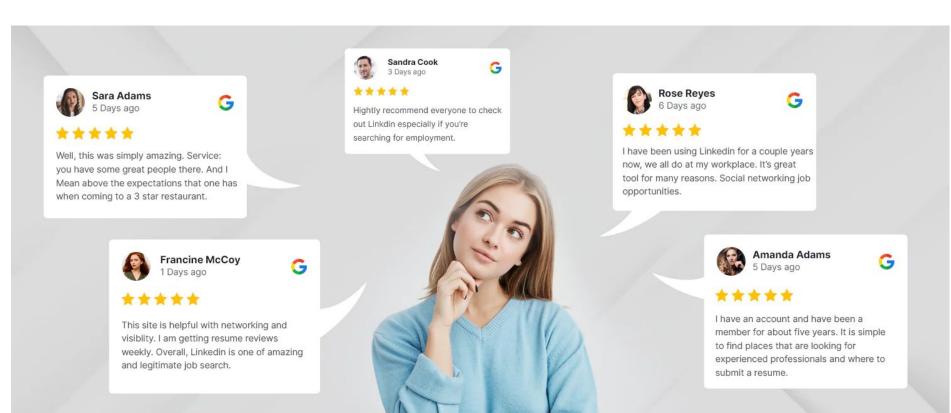
**Full Report** 





# Sentiment Analysis

# People love to talk about their experience





# **Sentiment Analysis**

Sentiment Analysis inspects the given text and identifies the prevailing emotional opinion within the text, especially to determine a writer's attitude as positive, negative, or neutral.

- Google Cloud NLP Page





### **Sentiment of Review**





**Negative** 



#### Michael H.

2 reviews



#### Verified customer

I ordered a product from their website, and it took over a month for it to arrive. When I contacted customer service for assistance tracking my order, they were very rude and not helpful. Once I finally received my order, some items were missing, and I received the wrong sizes. Won't be ordering from here again.



**Positive** 



#### Miranda W.

3 review



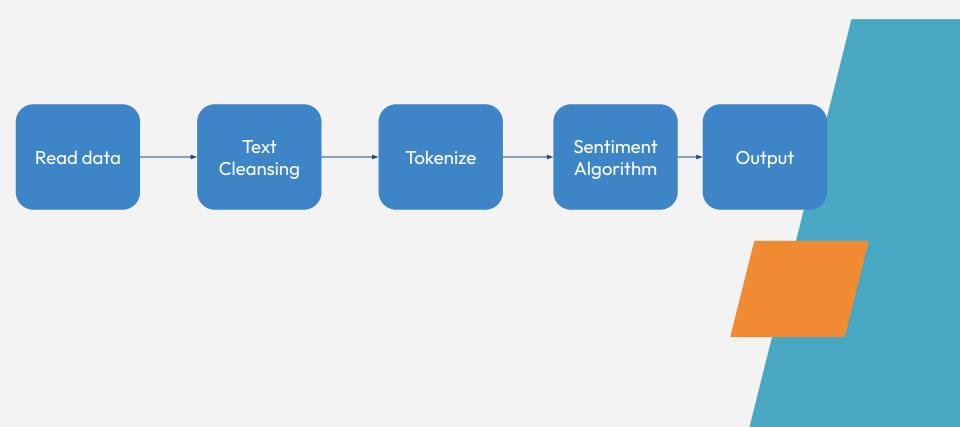
#### Verified customer

I recently needed some help setting up my online account, and the support I received was thorough and efficient. It only took one interaction to answer all my questions, and they provided me with additional help articles to reference in the future! I'll definitely recommend their services.





# **Sentiment Analysis Flow**





# **Text Cleansing**

Prepare the text data before predicting the sentiment. Clean and proper text data will provide more accurate sentiment.

#### Typical text cleansing process:

- Trim double whitespace
- Clean URL (https:/, www, etc.)
- Clean username for digital data (@elonmusk)

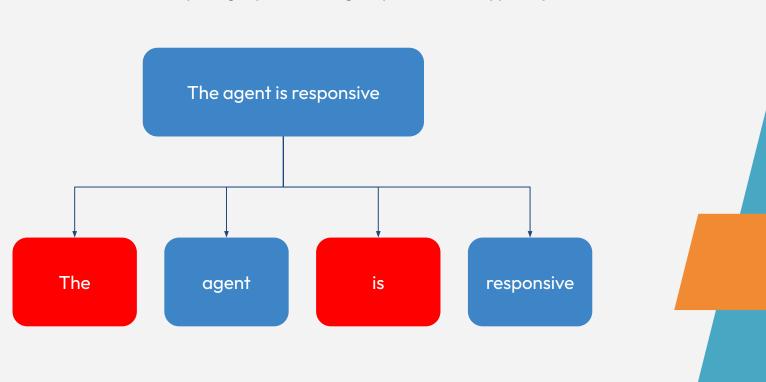
#### Other text cleansing process:

- Lowercase all text
- Lemmatize (cars → car)
- Word contractions (don't → do not)
- Remove stop words (you, would, should, will, am)
- Remove punctuation





Split a text (sentences or paragraphs) into a group of tokens, typically a word.



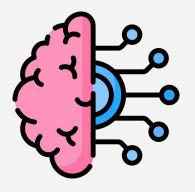
# **Sentiment Algorithm**





#### Lexicon-based algorithm

Require a dictionary or list of words, each has their own sentiment score. Some algorithm also incorporate a rule-based scoring.



#### Machine learning algorithm

Use machine learning model to find patterns inside the text. Require less text cleansing and able to find deeper context of a sentence.

### **VADER**



- Lexicon-based algorithm
- Every word has their own polarity score
- Require little to no text cleansing
- Apply rule to shift or boost the sentiment score

• This item is great: 0.62

• This item is not great: -0.52

• This item is very great: 0.65

Word	Polarity Score	
great	3.1	
greater	1.5	
greatest	3.2	
rude	-2.0	

Score	Sentiment	
>= 0.05	positive	
-0.05 - 0.05	neutral	
<= -0.05	negative	

Check the **<u>github</u>** page

Check the <u>paper</u>

**Textblob** 

# **Deep Learning Models**

**Q**ibimbing

- Machine learning model trained on large corpus of text: blogs, tweets, news articles, etc.
- Able to learn context better compared to rule-based algorithm
- Require more time to compute
- Can be directly used or trained again with new data
- Can be used for different purpose: sentiment analysis, emotion detection, text summarization, etc.

Example: Twitter-roBERTa

Trained on 58 millions tweets

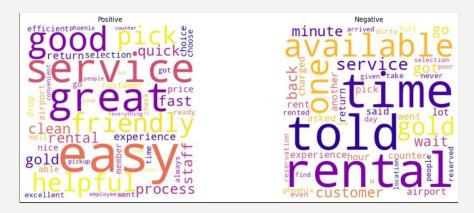
Check the <u>hugging face</u> page

### **Q**ibimbing

# **Visualizing Sentiment**

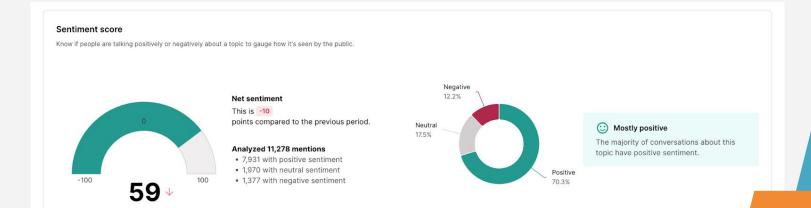












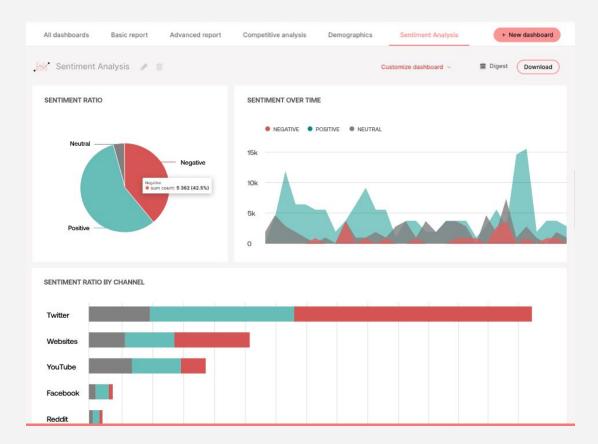


# **Visualizing Sentiment**

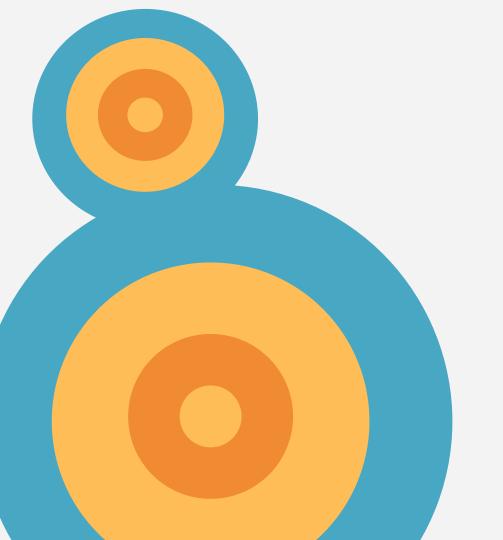












# Terima Kasih