

## BS on answers

(12)

Find square root of a number  
(return floor value if root not found)

- basically for a given number its sq. root will be a number from  $0-N$  any number between that
- so keep  $0-N$  as range & find mid point
- if  $\text{mid}^2 \leq N$  it means this can be the floor value of  $\sqrt{N}$  but since  $\text{mid}^2 < N$  we have to check if we have elements that's  $= N$  so go right half
- but if  $\text{mid}^2 > N$  then look on the left half

(13)

Find  $n^{\text{th}}$  root of a number  
 $\sqrt[n]{m}$

- for a given a number keep the range
- find mid point
- find  $\text{mid}^n$
- if  $\text{mid}^n = m$  then return mid
- else if  $\text{mid}^n < m$  then look on right
- else  $\text{mid}^n > m$  look on left
- if not found then return -1

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Find smallest divisor lesser than threshold

- for given array elements find the lowest divisor that's lesser than threshold value
- ~~Given~~ total sum of each element by the divisor should be  $\leq$  threshold
- basically 1st set the range of the binary search  
low = 1      & high = max element in the array  
(cauz any element divided by greater element always results in 1)
- now find a midpoint
- & divide all array elements with the midpoint  
& also calculate the sum of each array element division  
ex: { 1 2 5 9 } limit = 8  
mid = 5  
$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{9}{5} = 1 + 1 + 1 + 2 = 5 \leq 8 \checkmark$$
- now divisor 5 is  $\leq 8$  so divisor 5 can be our answer but we look for even smaller divisors i.e.  $\leq$  limit on the left half
- but if sum total is greater than limit we look on the right half.



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⑮ Koko eating bananas

- Same logic as last one
- each element in array represents no. of bananas  
ex:  $\{10, 20, 30\}$   
          ↓  
      10 bananas

- Koko has to complete all piles within time limit
- So we have to find how many bananas to eat per hour to complete all piles within given time limit

- So start by eating 1 banana/hour - largest pile size

- Now find the divisor for total bananas that can be eaten per hour to finish all piles within given time

ex:  $\{10, 20, 30\}$  limit = 12 hrs.

bananas in pile

banana per hour

$$\frac{10}{1} + \frac{20}{1} + \frac{30}{1} = 60 \text{ hrs which is greater than 12}$$

: 2 - ~~div~~ bananas per hour

: 3 -

: 4 -

: 5 - takes exactly 12 hrs  
~~etc~~

- $\frac{10}{5} + \frac{20}{5} + \frac{30}{5} = 12$  So eating 5 bananas per hour is the answer

(16)

M bouquets

- So basically each element in array represents a day  
ex:  $\{7, 7, 7, 12, 11, 13, 7\}$   $M=2$   $k=3$

On Day 7  
1 flower bloomed +1 +1 +1  
total 4 flowers bloomed on Day 7

2 bouquets of 3 flowers in each

- Our task is to find min day where we can make 2 bouquets of 3 flowers i.e. using 6 flowers

S+1- find min & max in array (to check from min days how many flowers will be bloomed till max day)

S+2- call a function by sending current day to check how many flowers will be bloomed on current day & if we can make m bouquets with those bloomed flowers.

S+3- if m number of bouquets can be made on that current day then we ~~return~~ look for even smaller days where m bouquets can be made

S+4- and finally return the day where m bouquets can be made. else -1.



(17)

## Aggressive cows

- So basically every element in array represents stalls
- You have  $k$  cows
- our task is find the first largest distance such that all cows are accommodated.
- first sort the array
- at min dist b/w two cows/stalls  $come - 1$   
at max it  $come - (n-1) - a[0]$   
highest - lowest
- So from 0 to  $n-1$  we take mid point
- ~~low~~ now we have to fill the stalls such that a distance of mid is to be maintained. b/w 2 cows  
↓  
call function  $isPlacable$  (Placable)
- here what happens is
  - we do  $currentplace - lastplace$   
which gives distance b/w the two
  - then if that distance  $\geq mid$  dist (the min distance to be maintained)
  - then cow will be placed in that current place
  - we move to next cow
  - & update last place

- now if total cows placed  $\geq$  cows no  
C.i.e if all cows have been placed with given mindistance)

- then return true.

- now in Binary search you look for the next larger element (or next distance) larger so look right ~~else~~ and store current mid as possible answer
- ~~else~~ look on left.
- and return answer.