# Spell Checker with C++ and Python Testing

#### Introduction

This document presents a spell checker program written in C++ and a Python testing script to verify its functionality. The code uses a dictionary of common words to check if an input word is correctly spelled or if it has a close suggestion. The program identifies potential spelling errors and suggests corrections based on the Levenshtein distance algorithm.

## main.cpp

The is the C++ code that implements the spell checker. The program uses Levenshtein distance to find the closest matching word in the dictionary when the input word is not spelled correctly.

Listing 1: main.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
        #include <unordered_set>
2
3
        #include <vector>
        #include <string>
        #include <algorithm>
        #include <limits>
6
        // SpellChecker Class Definition
        class SpellChecker {
9
        public:
10
            SpellChecker(const std::vector<std::string>& dictionary);
11
            std::vector<std::string> spellCheck(const std::string& word);
12
13
14
            std::unordered_set<std::string> wordSet;
15
16
            int calculateLevenshteinDistance(const std::string& source, const std::string&
                target);
            std::string findClosestMatch(const std::string& word);
17
        };
19
        // SpellChecker Implementation
20
21
        SpellChecker::SpellChecker(const std::vector<std::string>& dictionary) {
            for (const auto& word : dictionary) {
22
                wordSet.insert(word);
23
24
25
        std::vector<std::string> SpellChecker::spellCheck(const std::string& word) {
27
            if (wordSet.find(word) != wordSet.end()) {
28
                return {word}; // Word is correctly spelled
29
30
31
            std::string closestMatch = findClosestMatch(word);
32
            return closestMatch.empty() ? std::vector<std::string>{} : std::vector<std::</pre>
33
                string>{closestMatch};
34
35
        int SpellChecker::calculateLevenshteinDistance(const std::string& source, const std
36
            ::string& target) {
            std::vector<std::vector<int>> dp(source.size() + 1, std::vector<int>(target.size
38
            for (size_t i = 0; i <= source.size(); ++i) dp[i][0] = i;</pre>
            for (size_t j = 0; j <= target.size(); ++j) dp[0][j] = j;</pre>
40
41
```

```
for (size_t i = 1; i <= source.size(); ++i) {</pre>
42
                 for (size_t j = 1; j <= target.size(); ++j) {</pre>
43
                     int cost = (source[i - 1] == target[j - 1]) ? 0 : 1;
44
                     dp[i][j] = std::min({dp[i - 1][j] + 1, dp[i][j - 1] + 1, dp[i - 1][j - 1]})
45
                         1] + cost});
                }
46
            }
47
            return dp[source.size()][target.size()];
48
49
        std::string SpellChecker::findClosestMatch(const std::string& word) {
51
            int minDistance = std::numeric_limits<int>::max();
52
            std::string closestMatch;
53
54
            for (const auto& dictWord : wordSet) {
55
                int distance = calculateLevenshteinDistance(word, dictWord);
56
                if (distance < minDistance) {</pre>
57
                     minDistance = distance;
58
                     closestMatch = dictWord;
59
                }
60
61
            }
62
63
            // Return suggestion only if it's reasonably close
            return (minDistance <= word.size() / 2 + 1) ? closestMatch : "";</pre>
64
65
        // Main Application
67
        int main() {
68
            std::vector<std::string> dictionary = {"apple", "banana", "orange", "grape", "
                peach", "pear", "mango", "melon"};
            SpellChecker checker(dictionary);
70
71
72
            std::string input;
73
            while (true) {
                std::cout << "Enter a word to spell-check (or 'exit' to quit): ";</pre>
74
75
                std::cin >> input;
                if (input == "exit") break;
76
77
                auto suggestions = checker.spellCheck(input);
78
79
                 if (suggestions.empty()) {
                     std::cout << "No suitable suggestion found.\n";</pre>
80
                } else if (suggestions[0] == input) {
81
                     std::cout << "The word '" << input << "' is spelled correctly.\n";
82
83
                     std::cout << "Did you mean: " << suggestions[0] << "?\n";
84
                }
85
            }
86
87
88
            return 0:
        }
89
```

## Explanation

The SpellChecker class in main.cpp checks if a word is in the dictionary. If the word is wrong (mispelled), the program calculates the Levenshtein distance between the input and each dictionary word to find the closest match. The script test.py verifies the program's accuracy by running multiple test cases and comparing results.

## test.py

The Python script used to test the functionality of the spell checker program. It uses subprocesses to execute the compiled C++ program and compares the actual output with expected results.

Listing 2: test.py

```
import subprocess

def run_spellchecker_test(word, expected_output):
```

```
process = subprocess.Popen(["./spellchecker.exe"], stdin=subprocess.PIPE, stdout=
4
            subprocess.PIPE, text=True)
        out, _ = process.communicate(input=f"{word}\nexit\n")
5
        actual_output = out.splitlines()[0] # Grabbing the result line
6
        result = "PASS" if actual_output.strip() == expected_output.strip() else "FAIL"
        print(f"Test: {word}\nExpected: {expected_output}\nActual: {actual_output}\nResult:
8
            {result}\n")
9
   # Define test cases
10
   tests = [
11
        ("apple", "Enter a word to spell-check (or 'exit' to quit): The word 'apple' is
12
            spelled correctly."),
        ("applle", "Enter a word to spell-check (or 'exit' to quit): Did you mean: apple?"), ("bananna", "Enter a word to spell-check (or 'exit' to quit): Did you mean: banana?"
14
           ),
        ("orrange", "Enter a word to spell-check (or 'exit' to quit): Did you mean: orange?"
15
            ),
        ("grap", "Enter a word to spell-check (or 'exit' to quit): Did you mean: grape?"),
16
        ("pech", "Enter a word to spell-check (or 'exit' to quit): Did you mean: peach?"),
17
        ("a", "Enter a word to spell-check (or 'exit' to quit): No suitable suggestion found
18
        ("ra", "Enter a word to spell-check (or 'exit' to quit): No suitable suggestion
19
            found."),
        ("ora", "Enter a word to spell-check (or 'exit' to quit): Did you mean: orange?"),
20
21
22
   # Run all tests
23
   for word, expected in tests:
24
        run_spellchecker_test(word, expected)
```

### Test Results

The following are the test results obtained by running test.py:

Test: apple Expected: The word 'apple' is spelled correctly. Actual: The word 'apple' is spelled correctly. Result: PASS Test: applle Expected: Did you mean: apple? Actual: Did you mean: apple? Result: PASS Test: bananna Expected: Did you mean: banana? Actual: Did you mean: banana? Result: PASS Test: orrange Expected: Did you mean: orange? Actual: Did you mean: orange? Result: PASS Test: grap Expected: Did you mean: grape? Actual: Did you mean: grape? Result: PASS Test: pech Expected: Did you mean: peach? Actual: Did you mean: peach? Result: PASS

Test: a

Expected: No suitable suggestion found. Actual: No suitable suggestion found.

Result: PASS

Test: ra

Expected: No suitable suggestion found. Actual: No suitable suggestion found.

Result: PASS

Test: ora

Expected: Did you mean: orange?

Actual: No suitable suggestion found.

Result: FAIL

### Conclusion

The spell checker program works as expected for most test cases, suggesting the correct words or indicating correct spelling. However, it fails for the word "ora," which could be due to limitations in the Levenshtein distance threshold or the dictionary's contents. Further tuning or dictionary expansion may improve accuracy for edge cases.