Quyidagi formulalarning qaysi biri L nazariyasining teoremasi emas.	
$\neg (A \rightarrow \neg A)$	
$A \rightarrow A$	
$\neg \neg A \rightarrow A$	
$A \rightarrow \neg \neg A$	

Quyidagi formulalarning qaysi biri L nazariyasining teoremasi emas.  $(A \to B) \to (B \to A)$   $\neg A \to (A \to B)$   $(\neg B \to \neg A) \to (A \to B)$   $A \to \neg \neg A$ 

Quyidagi formulalarning qaysi biri L nazariyasining teoremasi emas.  $(A \to B) \to (\neg A \to \neg B)$   $(A \to (\neg B \to \neg (A \to B)))$   $\neg \neg B \to B$   $(\neg B \to \neg A) \to (A \to B)$ 

Quyidagi berilgan formulalardan xulosa qoidasi formulasini toping.  $\frac{\left|-A;\;\left|-A\to B\right.\right|}{\left|-B\right.}$   $\frac{\left|-A\right.}{\left|-\int\limits_{x}^{B}(A)\right.}$ 

$$\frac{\left|-A\right|}{\left|-\int\limits_{x_{1},x_{2},...,x_{n}} (A)\right|} \left|-\int\limits_{x_{1},x_{2},...,x_{n}} (A)\right| \\
= \frac{\left|-A_{1},-A_{2},...,-A_{n},-A_{1},-A_{2},...,-A_{n},-A_{1},-A_{2},...,-A_{n},-$$