L. VALL TAPPAN PROBABILITY 39111054 1) If a number is chosen at random from the set 193111355 {1,2,3,... 1003, When the Probability that the choosen number is a perfect cube c) 4/13 b) 1/2 195 /25 13=1 , 23=8 , 3=9 , 43=64 four number satisfies the condition. 2) what is the probability of getting at least one six is a single throw of three untriased dice. a) 1/6 b) 125 c.) 1/36 d) 81 of 91 216 216 to get 6 at least in one die Possible outcome for one die = $\frac{5}{5}$ \Rightarrow 1,2,3,4,5 possible outcome for three die = $\left(\frac{S}{6}\right)^3 = \frac{125}{216}$ This get all possible of number except 6. now we need to get 6 at least once so we need to do 1 - 125 => 91 216 => 91 3) In a simultaneous throw of two dice, what is the probability of getting a doublet? 27/6 b) 1/4 c) 2/3 d) 3/7 Total outcomes = (6) = 36 (5,5) (6,5) (4,4) Doublets = (1,1) (2,2) (3,3) $\frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$ 40 A long contains 4 red bolls and 5 green balls and 6 white balls . A ball is drawn at random from the door - What is the probability that the ball drown is either red (a) green. c) 1/5 d.7 7/15 a·) 2/5 15/3/5 Total = red + white + green = 4+6+5 = 15 Red=4 white=6 Goreen=5 $P(R+G) = \frac{R+G}{T} = \frac{3}{5}$

L.VALL IAPPAN 5) when 4 dice are thrown, what is the probability that the same number appears on each of them 39111054 a) 1/36 6.7 1/8 95 1/216 di 1/5 TOTAL POSSIBLE OUT COMES = (6) FAVOORABLE OUTCOME = (1,41,1) (2,2,212) (3,3,3,3) (4,4,4,4) (5,5,5,5) (6,6,6,6) = 6 ways $P = \frac{6}{(6)^4} = \frac{1}{(6)^3} = \frac{1}{216}$ 6) The Probability it hat it is priviley and that a student is a absent is 0.03 since there are 5 school days in a week, the Probability that it is Friday is 0-2. What is the probability that a student in absent given that Loday is Friday a) 10-1. 16x 151. 10) 12x. di) 13x. PCF) = PCF riday) = 0.2 P(A) = P(A break) $P(A|F) = \frac{P(AnF)}{P(F)} = \frac{0.03}{0.2} = \frac{3 \times 10}{100 \times 2} = \frac{3}{20} = 15$ using definition of conditional property. 7) Two dies are rolled - the probability of getting a dum of at a) 13/36 15/18 c) 35/36 d) 1/36 Sum of 9 = (3,6), (6,3), (5,4), (4,5) = 4 50m of 10% = (5,5) (4,6), 6, W, =3 Sum of 11. = (16,5) / (5,6) som of 12 = (6,6), (600)

8.) If four cords are drawn at random from a 39111054 well shuffled Pack of cards, what is the 195111355 Probability that each card is an Ace. 12.31 P.) 4 524 each set I Ace CAROS = 4 Sets -ACE = 4C4 TOTAL CARDS = 52C4 SUC4 9) A person tosses an unbiased coin. when head turns up, he gets RS-8 and bail turns up he loses RS4- If 3 coins are tooksed, what is the probability that the gets a Profit of Rs. 12? 15 3/8 61 5/8 C) 3/4 di) 1/8 TOTAL OUTCOMES = (2)3 = 8 = HHH, TTT, HHT, HTH, דאא, דדא, דאד, אדד FAVOURA BLE OUT COME = 3 = HAT, HTH, THA 3/8 10) A number n'is cohosen from \$2,4,6,...,483. The probability that 'n' satisfies the equation (2x-6) (3x+12) (x-6) (x-10) =0 is 9/ KP 8/. (D V61 /12 TOTAL VALUES POSS IBLE = 24 $\frac{148-2}{2}$ 11 = $\frac{46}{2}$ 11 = 23+1 = 24 Texms condition satisities are by substitue values of X and check. 6, 10 alone satisfing So 2 numbers. out of 24 Numbers.