

III CSE/AI-ML NBKRIST VIDYANAGAR.....

Enhanced Dell E-commerce Inventory Management System

(**Arrow functions**, Spread operator, Rest operator, Type coercion, Type hoisting, String literals, Array and Object Destructuring)

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Problem Statement 6

Design and develop a functional inventory management system for a Dell E-commerce application. This system will serve as a foundational backend component for a website, leveraging modern JavaScript features to ensure product information is accurate and up-to-date. The product catalog will be managed using a JavaScript array of objects, dynamically populated from an external JSON file.

Core Information Requirements

The system must efficiently handle and store the following information for each product:

- id: A unique identifier for the product (e.g., a number or string).
- name: The name of the product (e.g., 'Dell XPS 15').
- inStock: A boolean value indicating whether a product is currently in stock (true) or not (false).
- price: The price of the product (numeric value).
- category: A string representing the product category (e.g., 'Laptop', 'Monitor', 'Accessory').





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The inventory management system must provide the following interactive capabilities:

- Display Inventory:
 - o The user should be able to view a complete list of all products in the inventory.
 - All properties (id, name, inStock, price, and category) for each product must be displayed.
 - The inventory should be presented in a tabular format for clarity.
 - The full inventory must be displayed by default when the application loads.
- Check Availability:
 - The user can input a product's ID or Name (case-insensitive search).
 - The system will then check its availability (in stock or out of stock) and report the current status.
 - The availability message should appear temporarily (e.g., for 3-5 seconds) and then automatically disappear.

Technical Specifications

- Data Source: 📄
 - The product catalog will be stored in an external JSON file named products.json.
 - This file must contain at least 50 product objects, each conforming to the Core Information Requirements.
- Data Structure: 🌾
 - The core of the inventory system must be implemented using a JavaScript array of objects.
 - This array will be populated dynamically by fetching and parsing the products.json file.





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- Each object in the array will represent a Dell product with the properties specified in the Core Information Requirements.
- User Interface:
 - An interface built purely with HTML and CSS to allow user interaction and display information.
- Programming Language: 🚀
 - o JavaScript for all application logic, including fetching and parsing the JSON data.
 - Mandatory use of modern JavaScript features:
 - Arrow Functions: For concise function definitions.
 - Object Destructuring: Must be used when accessing properties from product objects within functions or loops to improve code readability.
 - Array and Object Destructuring: To extract properties from nested data or function parameters.
 - Rest and Spread Operators: Use the Rest operator (...) in a function to handle a variable number of arguments and the Spread operator (...) to create copies of objects or arrays for a non-mutating approach.
 - String Literals: Utilize Template Literals (using backticks ``) for all dynamically generated strings and messages to embed expressions easily.
 - JavaScript Array Functions: Utilize methods like map(), filter(), find(), forEach() for efficient array manipulation and iteration.
 - Type Coercion and Hoisting: Students must be able to identify and explain potential issues related to type coercion (e.g., 500 == '500') and hoisting (e.g., variable and function declarations being moved to the top of their scope). Code should be written to avoid these pitfalls where appropriate, and students should comment on where these concepts apply.



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Testing Requirements

The following test cases must be performed to ensure the system functions correctly:

Display Inventory Test

- Test Case 1.1: Load the application with an initial list of products read from products.json.
 - Expected Result: All initial products and their properties are displayed correctly in a table.
- Test Case 1.2: (Implicit for Read-Only): Verify the table content matches the products.json data.

Check Stock Test

- Test Case 2.1: Check for a product that is in the inventory (by ID or Name).
 - Expected Result: A message confirming the product is in stock is displayed temporarily.
- Test Case 2.2: Check for a product that is not in the inventory (by ID or Name).
 - Expected Result: A message indicating the product is not found or is out of stock is displayed temporarily.
- Test Case 2.3: Check with an empty input.
 - Expected Result: A message prompting the user to enter a product ID/Name is displayed temporarily.

Learning Objectives

Upon completion of this project, students will be able to:

 Core Concepts: Understand and apply the fundamental concepts of JavaScript arrays and objects, including working with arrays of objects.



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- JSON Handling: Master fetching and parsing external JSON data into JavaScript objects.
- Modern JavaScript Functions: Effectively write and use arrow functions, implement object and array destructuring, and leverage powerful JavaScript array functions (e.g., map, filter, find).
- ES6+ Features: Demonstrate proficiency with Rest and Spread operators and Template Literals for creating cleaner, more efficient code.
- Core JavaScript Concepts: Identify and explain Type Coercion and Hoisting in a practical context.
- Event Handling: Use event handling to make the web application interactive, responding to user actions like button clicks and form submissions.
- CRUD Operations (Read): Implement robust Read operations on an array of objects data structure.
- HTML/CSS/JS Integration: Seamlessly integrate HTML for structure, CSS for styling, and JavaScript for dynamic functionality to create a working web application.
- Problem-Solving: Break down a larger problem (inventory management) into smaller, manageable tasks and implement solutions for each.
- Logic and Conditionals: Utilize conditional statements (if/else) to handle different scenarios, such as checking for existing items or handling invalid inputs.
- Asynchronous JavaScript: Understand the basics of asynchronous operations (e.g., fetch with Promise or async/await) for loading data.