# Detailed Report on API Testing Code

## 1. Framework and Tools Used

### **APITestCase**

- A subclass of unittest.TestCase, provided by Django REST Framework (DRF) to test API endpoints.
- Sets up a test client (APIClient) to simulate HTTP requests and responses.
- Ensures each test runs in isolation with an independent database.

### APIClient

- A client that sends requests to API endpoints and retrieves responses.
- Supports HTTP methods like GET, POST, PUT, PATCH, and DELETE.

## **Database Setup**

- The database is reset after each test case execution.
- Sample data is created in the setUp() method for testing purposes.

## 2. Explanation of Test Cases

#### a. PatientsAPITestCase

This test case validates the functionality of patient-related endpoints.

### Setup:

- A Patient object is created with attributes such as email, username, blood group, and disease.
- The set\_password() method ensures the password is hashed before saving.

#### Tests:

- test\_get\_all\_patients: Simulates a GET request to retrieve all patients and validates the response.
- test\_get\_patient\_by\_id: Fetches a specific patient by their ID and checks attributes.

- test\_get\_patient\_not\_found: Simulates a GET request with a non-existent ID and expects an error message.
- test\_get\_patient\_wrong\_type: Tests querying a Doctor object instead of Patient, expecting an error.

#### b. DoctorsAPITestCase

This test case validates doctor-related endpoints.

#### Setup:

• A Doctor object is created with attributes like specialization, availability, and about.

#### Tests:

- test\_get\_doctor\_by\_id: Fetches a doctor by ID and verifies their details.
- test\_get\_doctors\_by\_specialization: Retrieves doctors by specialization and ensures the correct subset is returned.
- test\_get\_all\_doctors: Fetches all doctors and validates the total count.
- test\_post\_doctor: Creates a new doctor with a POST request.
- test\_put\_doctor: Updates an existing doctor's details using a PUT request.
- test\_patch\_doctor: Partially updates a doctor's availability with a PATCH request.
- test\_delete\_doctor: Deletes a doctor using a DELETE request.
- test\_get\_doctors\_with\_no\_free\_specialists: Tests when no free specialists are available for a given specialization.

#### c. NewUsersAPITestCase

This test case validates general user-related operations.

## Setup:

• Two NewUser objects are created for testing.

#### Tests:

- test\_get\_user\_by\_id: Retrieves a user by ID.
- test\_get\_nonexistent\_user\_by\_id: Tests querying a non-existent user.
- test\_get\_all\_users: Fetches all users and validates the total count.
- test\_post\_new\_user: Tests the creation of a new user.
- test\_put\_update\_user: Updates user details with a PUT request.
- test\_patch\_update\_user: Partially updates a user's email using PATCH.
- test\_delete\_user: Deletes a user.
- test\_delete\_nonexistent\_user: Tests deleting a non-existent user.

#### d. IntermediateAPITestCase

This test case manages intermediate users (e.g., admins, coordinators).

#### Setup:

- A sample intermediate user is created.
- valid\_data and invalid\_data dictionaries are prepared.

#### Tests:

- test\_get\_all\_intermediates: Retrieves all intermediate users.
- test\_get\_single\_intermediate\_valid\_id: Fetches an intermediate user by a valid ID
- test\_get\_single\_intermediate\_invalid\_id: Tests querying a non-existent intermediate user.
- test\_post\_valid\_intermediate: Creates a new intermediate user.
- test\_post\_invalid\_intermediate: Ensures validation errors for invalid data.
- test\_patch\_intermediate: Partially updates an intermediate user's about field.
- test\_delete\_intermediate: Deletes an intermediate user.
- test\_delete\_invalid\_intermediate: Tests deleting a non-existent intermediate user.

## e. AppointmentAPITestCase

This test case focuses on appointment management endpoints.

#### Setup:

• Two Appointment objects are created.

#### Tests:

- test\_get\_all\_appointments: Fetches all appointments.
- test\_get\_filtered\_appointments: Filters appointments by meeting\_Type.
- test\_create\_valid\_appointment: Creates a new appointment with valid data.
- test\_update\_appointment: Updates an appointment's disease field.
- test\_delete\_appointment: Deletes an appointment.

## 3. Key Features Tested

- CRUD operations.
- Validation for invalid data or non-existent IDs.
- Filtering results by attributes.
- Secure password hashing.

# 4. Improvements Suggested

- Uncomment and refine commented tests.
- Add assertions for response status codes.
- Enhance validation tests for a broader range of inputs.
- Include tests for user permissions and authentication.

## 5. Conclusion

The test suite is robust, leveraging DRF's APITestCase for comprehensive API endpoint coverage. Each test ensures correctness, reliability, and resilience of the backend.

Figure 1: . = > SUCCESS, F = > FAILURE, E = > ERROR