

$i^2 = -1$, geometrically speaking

a more concrete and simple example of complex multiplication

i (aka $0 + 1i$) is right here.
its length is 1 and its rotation
angle is $\pi/2$ radians

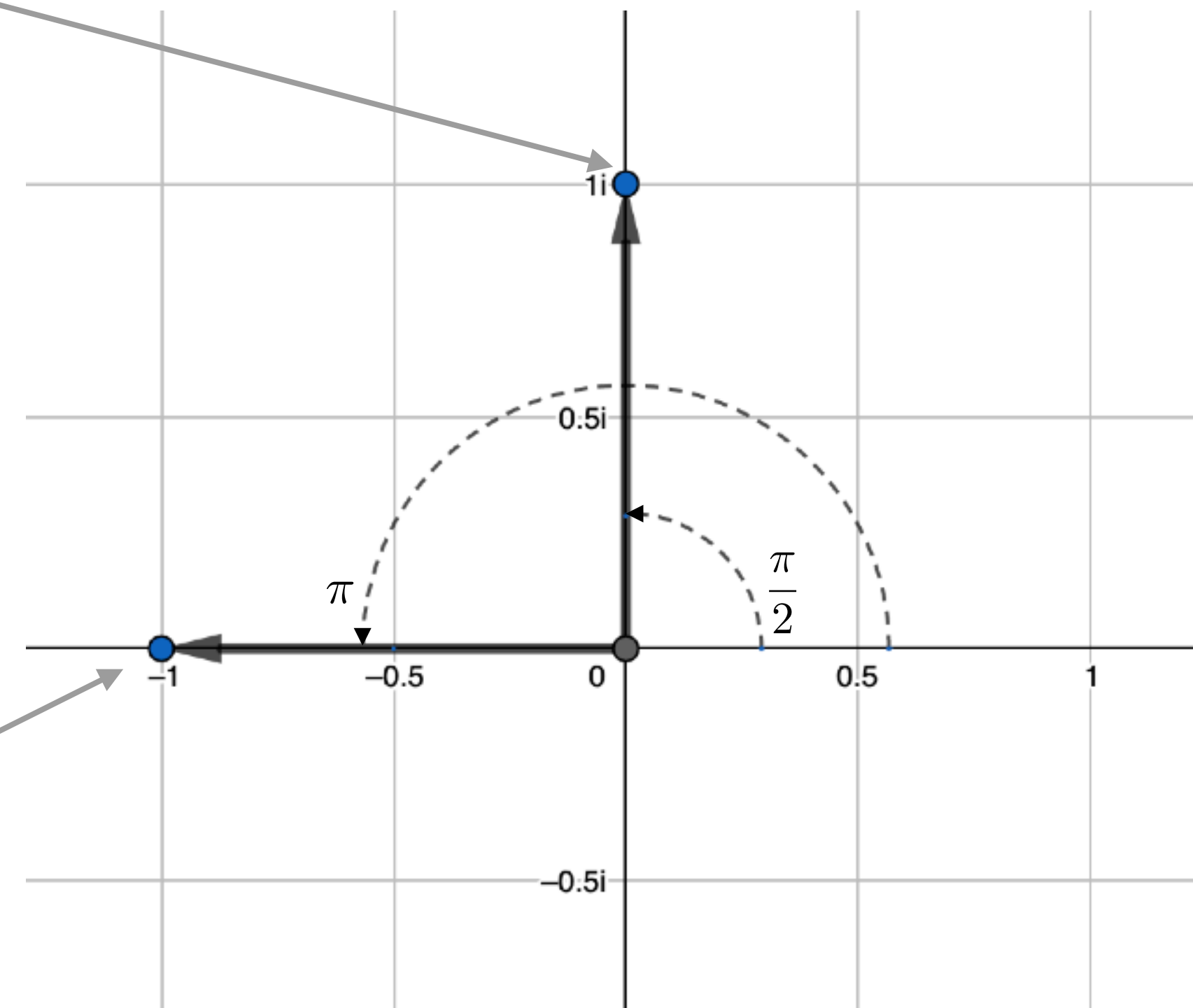
from the last slide, $i^2 = i \times i$ should have

- length = (length of i) \times (length of i)
- rotation angle = (rotation angle to i)
+ (rotation angle to i)

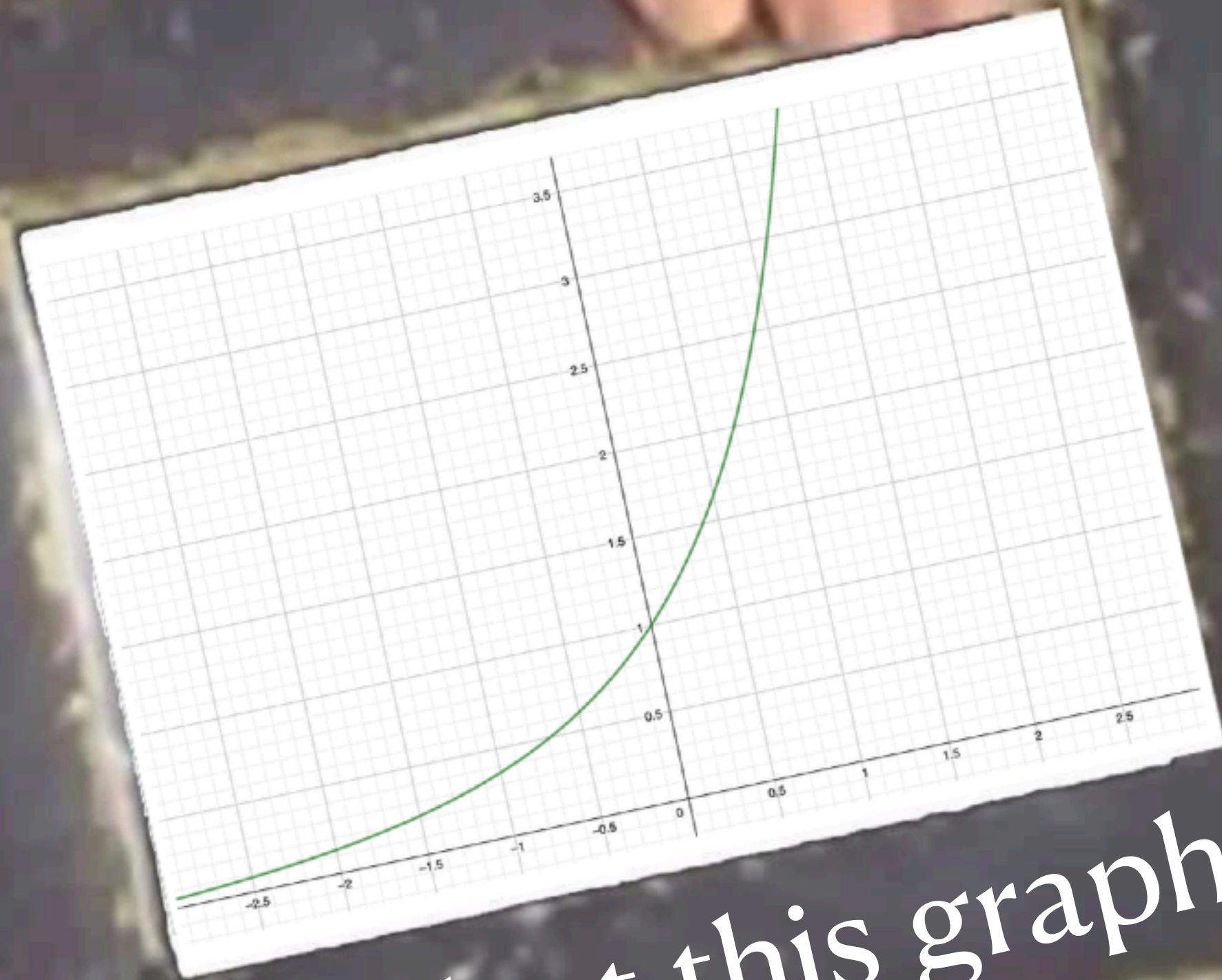
length: $1 \times 1 =$ yep, still 1

rotation angle = $\pi/2 + \pi/2 = \pi$

that puts us right here at -1 !



e



Look at this graph