## ☐ Ilorban / stats101

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stats101 / live / 12-practice.r
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Tilorban Create 12-practice.r
                                                                                                                    bcd0acd 19 hours ago
1 contributor
121 lines (96 sloc) 2.42 KB
       x = read.csv(url("http://llorban.net/psyc2300/levente_weight.csv"))
       ## Practical issues and assumption checking
  4
  5
      head(x)
  6
      length(x) ## number variables in the data
       length(x$Date) ## number of records in the data
  8
      hist(x$Weight, main="Histogram of Weight", xlab="Weight", ylab="Frequency")
  9
       range = max(as.Date(x$Date))-min(as.Date(x$Date))
  10
       mydate = format(as.Date(x$Date),"%Y")
       mydata = data.frame(mydate,x$Weight) ## we can do analysis with data
       twelve = mydata[mydata$mydate==2012,] ## "==" check if it's equal
  14
       seventeen = mydata[mydata$mydate==2017,]
      ## Assumptions checking
  16
       ## voila!
  18
      ## Normality
       par(mfrow=c(1,2))
  20
      hist(twelve$x.Weight)
      hist(seventeen$x.Weight)
      ## Homogeneity
  24
      ## F max test
      twelve_var=var(twelve$x.Weight)
      seventeen_var = var(seventeen$x.Weight)
  26
      Fmax=seventeen_var/twelve_var
  28
  29
      ## Sample size
      ## Anything over 30/group is ideal
  30
       ## Rough guide -- approx 12/group
      n17 = length(seventeen$mydate)
      n12 = length(twelve$mydate)
  34
      ## Analysis
  36
      ## independent samples t-test
  38
      ## short name
  39
      w17 = seventeen$x.Weight
  40
      w12 = twelve$x.Weight
  41
  42
      ## degrees of freedom
      df17 = n17-1
  43
      df12 = n12-1
  44
  45
       df_total = df12+df17
  46
  47
      ## means and mean difference
```

```
48
     M17 = sum(w17)/n17
49
     M12 = sum(w12)/n12
50
     mdiff = M17-M12
     # doublechecking
     mean(w17)
     mean(w12)
54
     ## centred data
56
     c17=w17-M17
     c12=w12-M12
58
     # doublechecking
59
     sum(c17)
60
     sum(c12)
61
62
     ## sums of squares
63
     ss17=sum(c17^2)
64
     ss12=sum(c12^2)
65
66
     ## variance + pooled variance
67
     v17=ss17/df17
68
     v12=ss12/df12
     vp=(ss17+ss12)/(df17+df12)
70
     #doublechecking
     var(w17)
     var(w12)
74
     ## note that standard deviation was not necessary
     ## standard error -based on the pooled variance
     se = sqrt(vp/n17 + vp/n12)
     se
78
79
     ## execute t-test
     ## compute t-value
81
     t = mdiff/se
82
83
84
     ## compute p-value
85
     p = 2*pt(t,df_total,lower.tail=FALSE)
86
87
88
     ## state your conclusion
89
     ## For reference:
     ## H0: M1 = M2; Weight between 2012 and 2017 did not change
90
     ## H1: M1 != M2; There is a significant difference between weights in 2012 and 2017
91
92
     We reject the null hypothesis.
93
     There is a significant difference between
94
     weights in 2012 and 2017.
95
96
     #doublecheck
97
     t.test(w17,w12,paired=FALSE,var.equal=TRUE)
99
     ## Effect size measures
100
     ## Cohen's d
101
     d = mdiff/sqrt(vp)
102
     d
103
     This is a big effect.
104
105
     ## r^2 (variability explained)
106
     r2 = t^2/(t^2+df_total)
107
     r2
```

```
108 76% of the variability is explained by the year variable
109
110
     ## Confidence Interval
     criticalt = qt(0.025, df_total, lower=FALSE)
113
114
     ci95upper = mdiff+(criticalt*se)
     ci95lower = mdiff-(criticalt*se)
     ci95lower;ci95upper
116
118
     ## Visualize the result
119
     ## Bar plot
120
```