

The Solution Lab Test

Guojing Wu

5/22/2020

Load and Preprocess

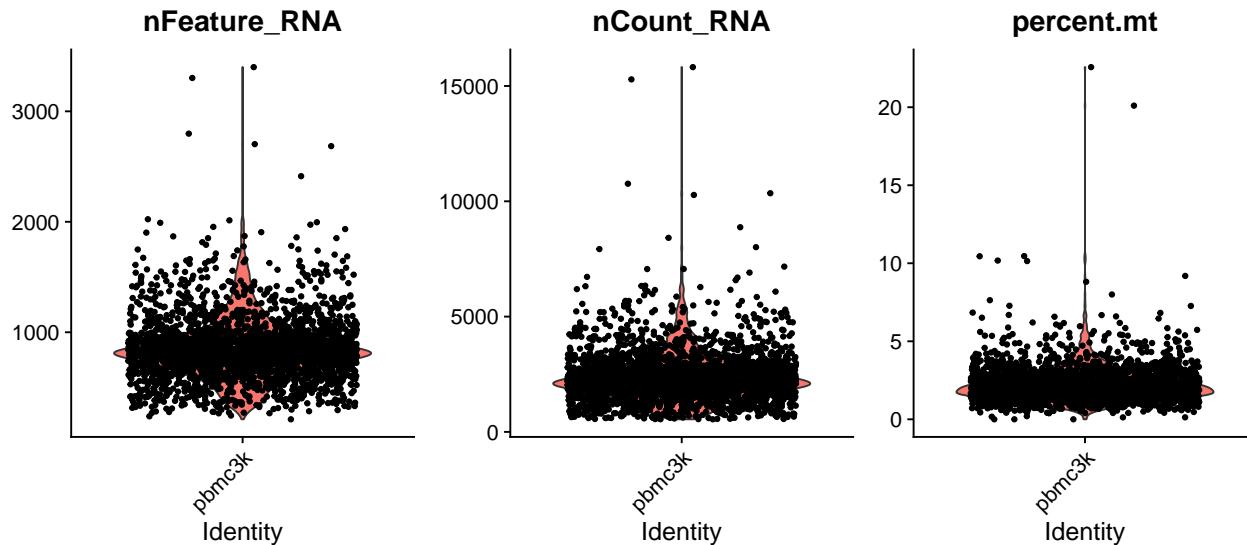
An object of class Seurat

13714 features across 2700 samples within 1 assay

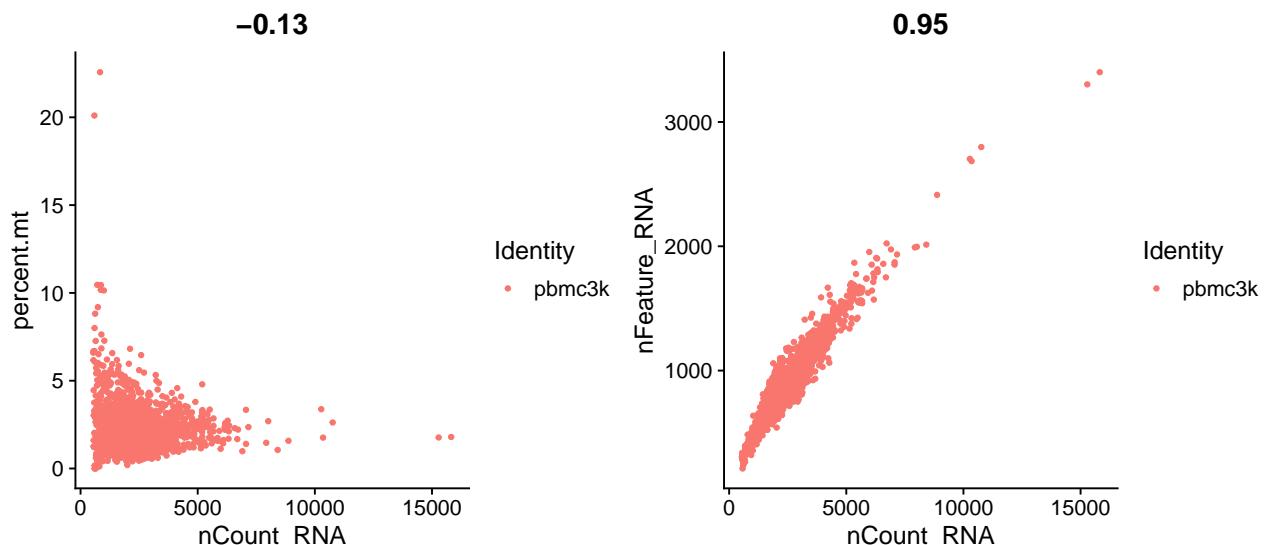
Active assay: RNA (13714 features, 0 variable features)

visualize QC metrics, and use these to filter cells:

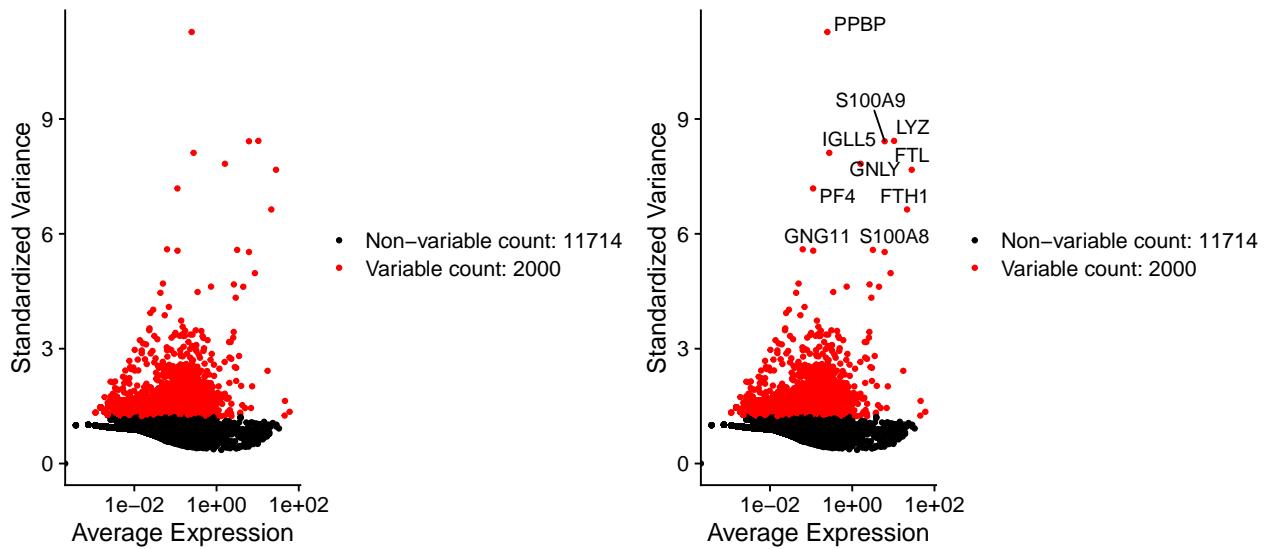
- We filter cells that have unique feature counts over 2,500 or less than 200
- We filter cells that have >5% mitochondrial counts



Feature-feature relationships:

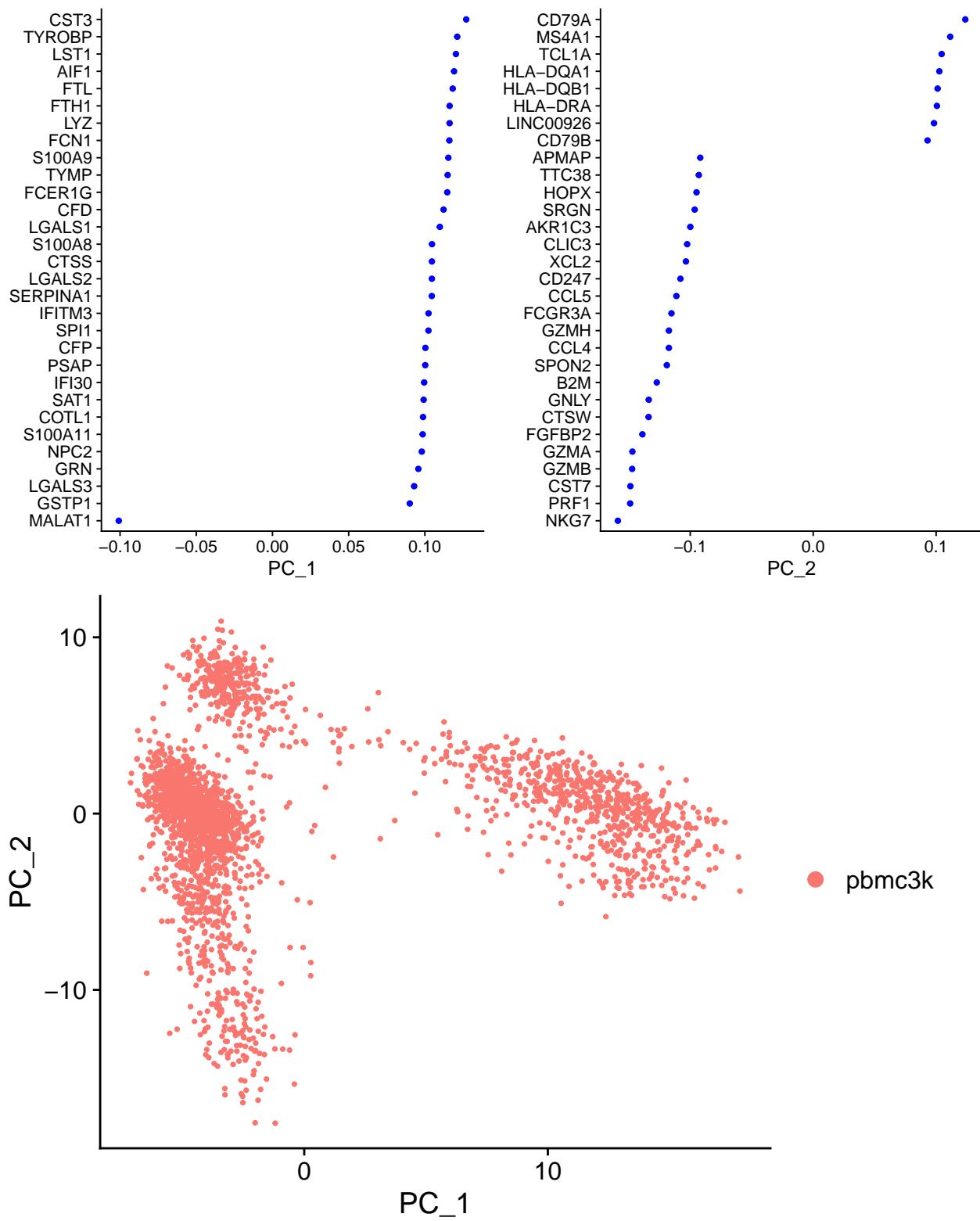


Feature selection (2000 features):

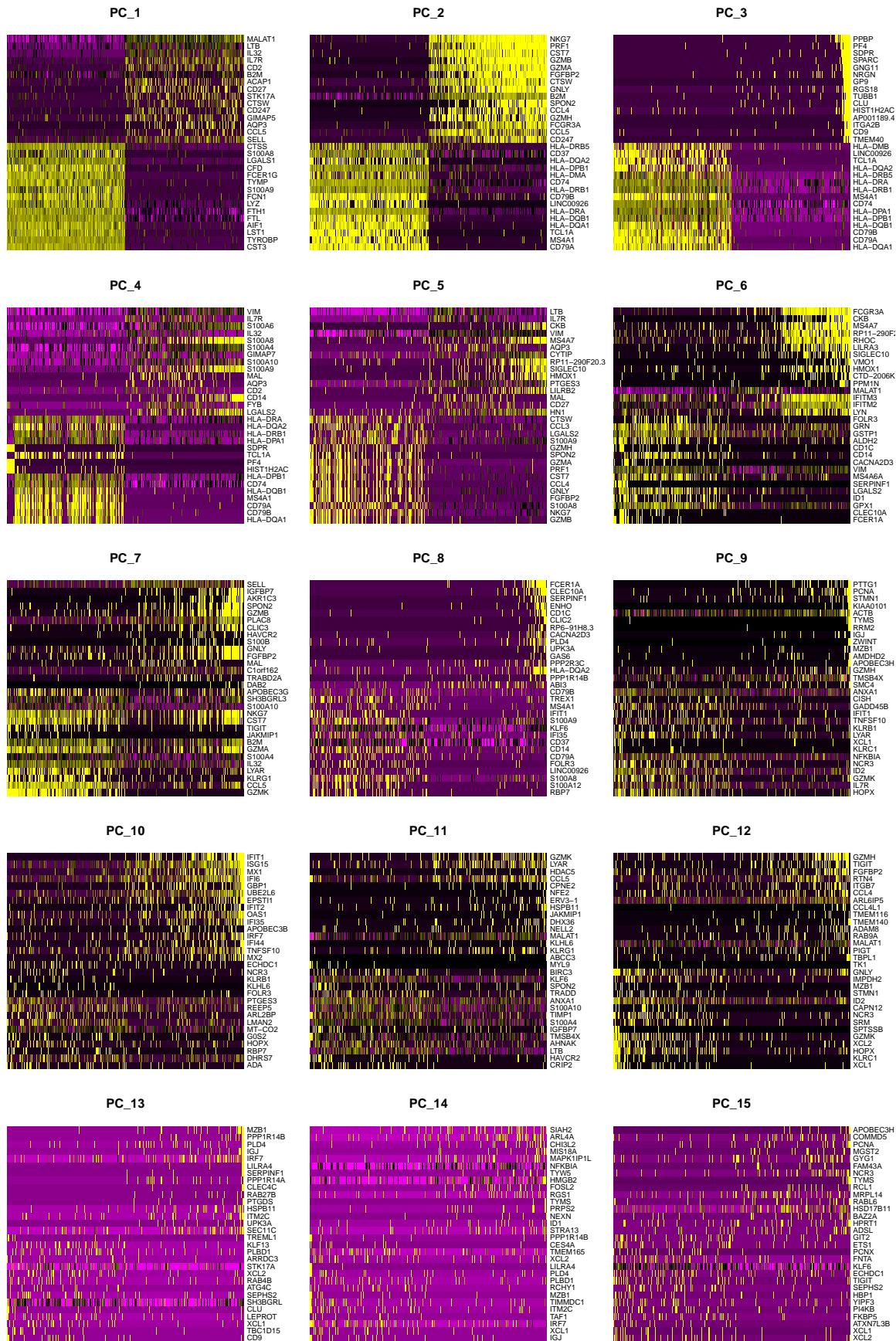


Linear Dimensional Reduction: PCA

PC_ 1
Positive: CST3, TYROBP, LST1, AIF1, FTL
Negative: MALAT1, LTB, IL32, IL7R, CD2
PC_ 2
Positive: CD79A, MS4A1, TCL1A, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1
Negative: NKG7, PRF1, CST7, GZMB, GZMA
PC_ 3
Positive: HLA-DQA1, CD79A, CD79B, HLA-DQB1, HLA-DPB1
Negative: PPBP, PF4, SDPR, SPARC, GNG11
PC_ 4
Positive: HLA-DQA1, CD79B, CD79A, MS4A1, HLA-DQB1
Negative: VIM, IL7R, S100A6, IL32, S100A8
PC_ 5
Positive: GZMB, NKG7, S100A8, FGFBP2, GONLY
Negative: LTB, IL7R, CKB, VIM, MS4A7

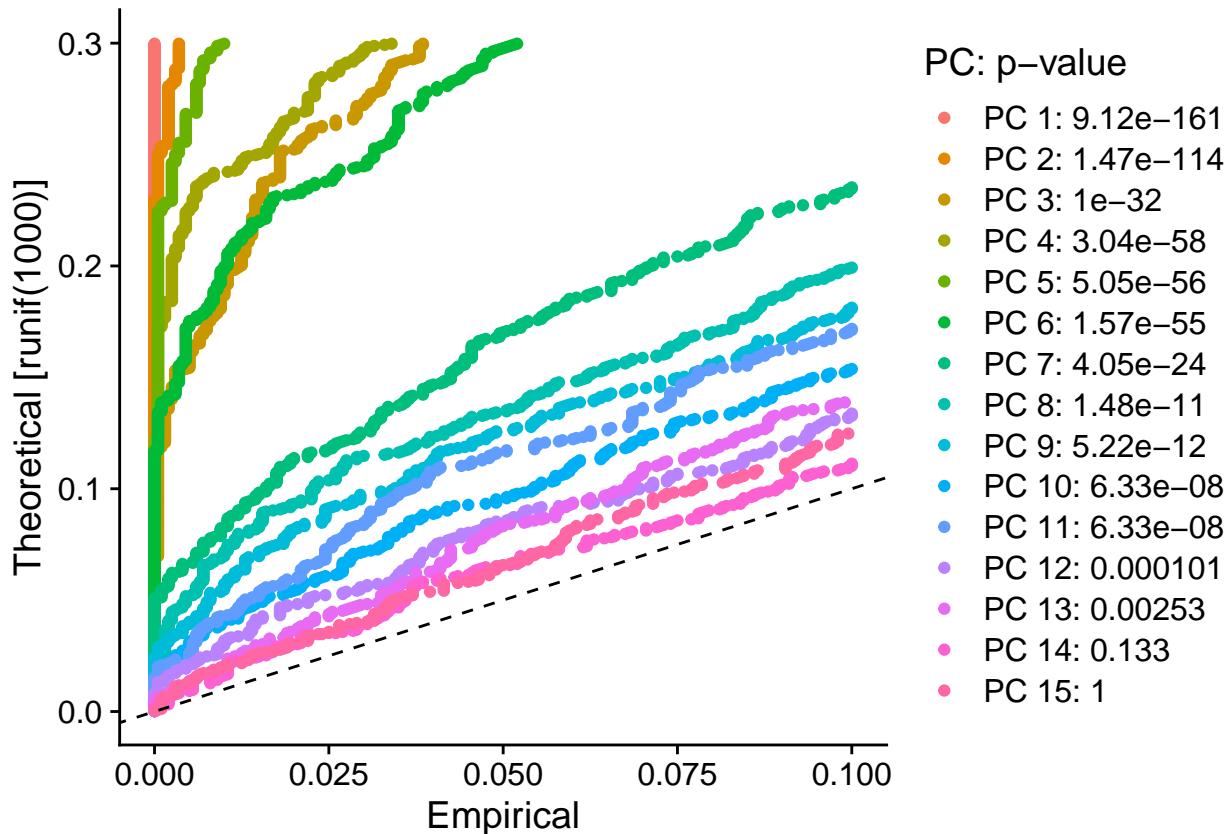


Heatmap based on PCs:

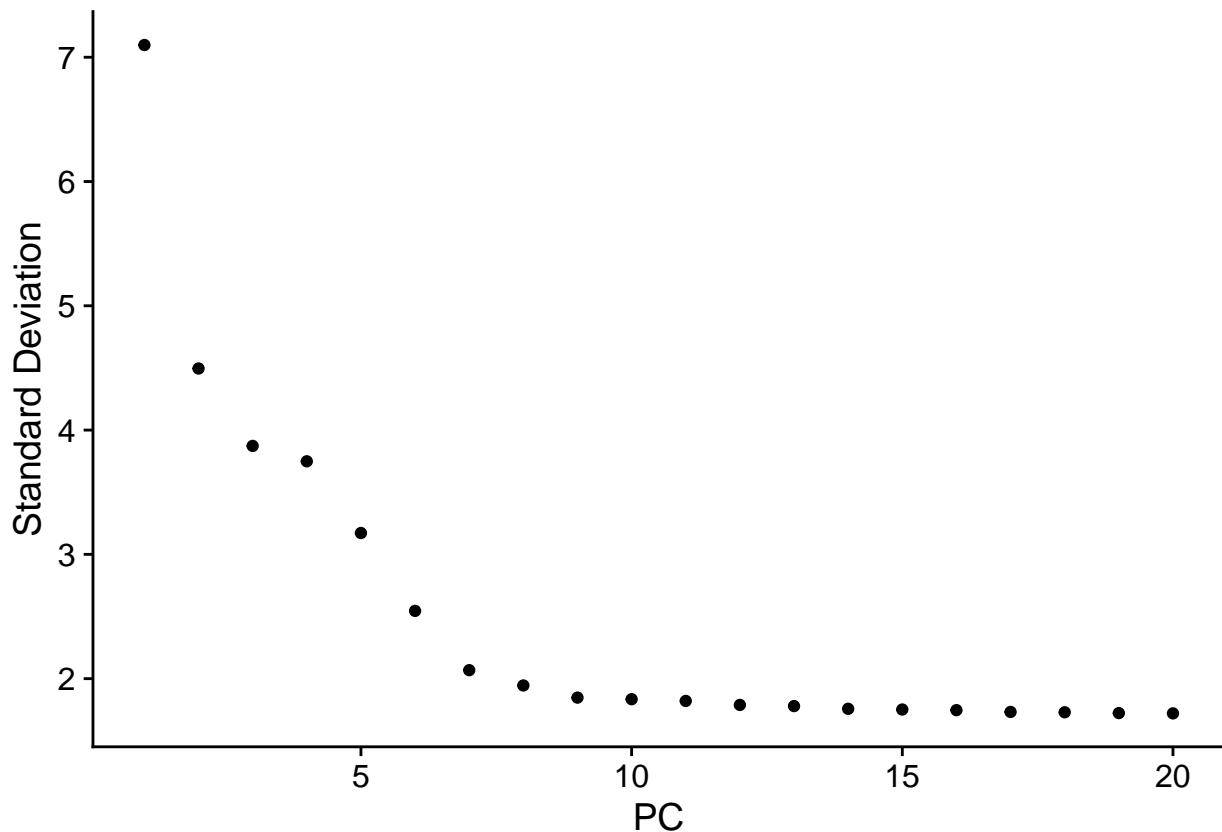


Determine the dimensionality:

- JackStraw plot:



- Elbow plot:



Based on the plot, we roughly choose the first 10 PCs

Clustering

Visualizing use UMAP:

Modularity Optimizer version 1.3.0 by Ludo Waltman and Nees Jan van Eck

Number of nodes: 2638

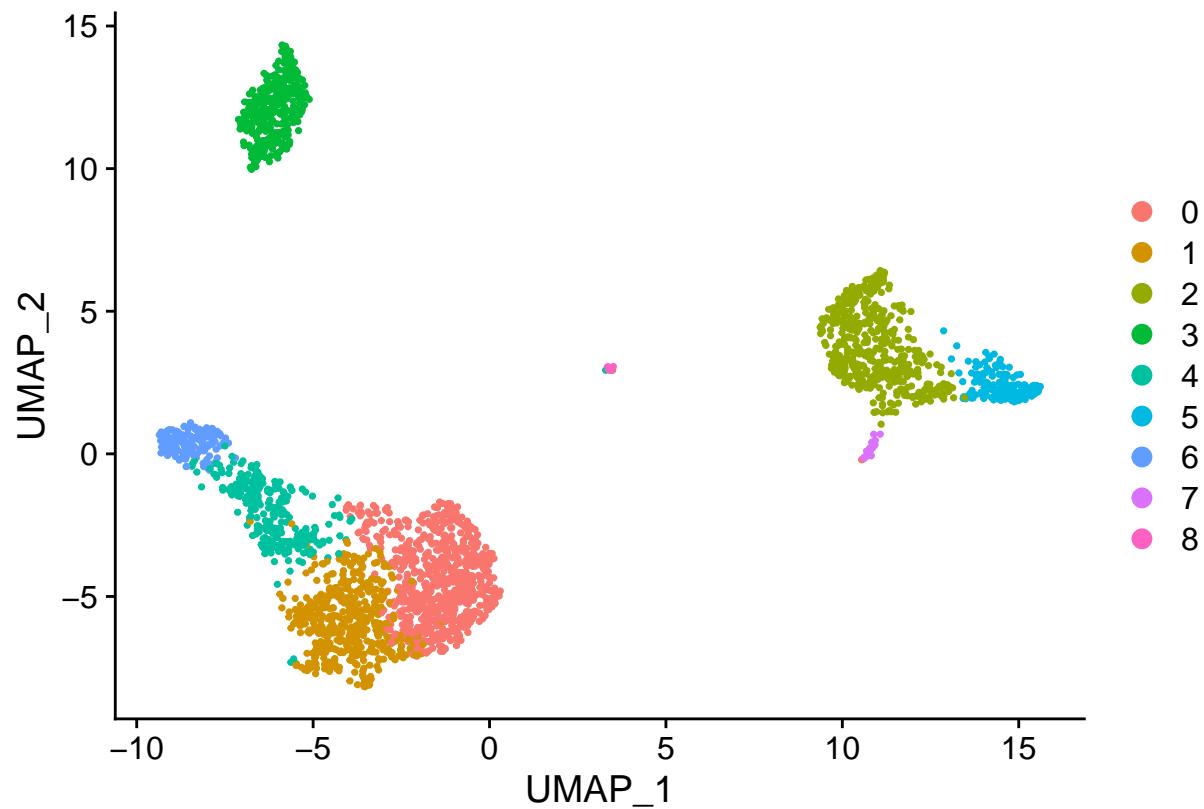
Number of edges: 96033

Running Louvain algorithm...

Maximum modularity in 10 random starts: 0.8720

Number of communities: 9

Elapsed time: 0 seconds

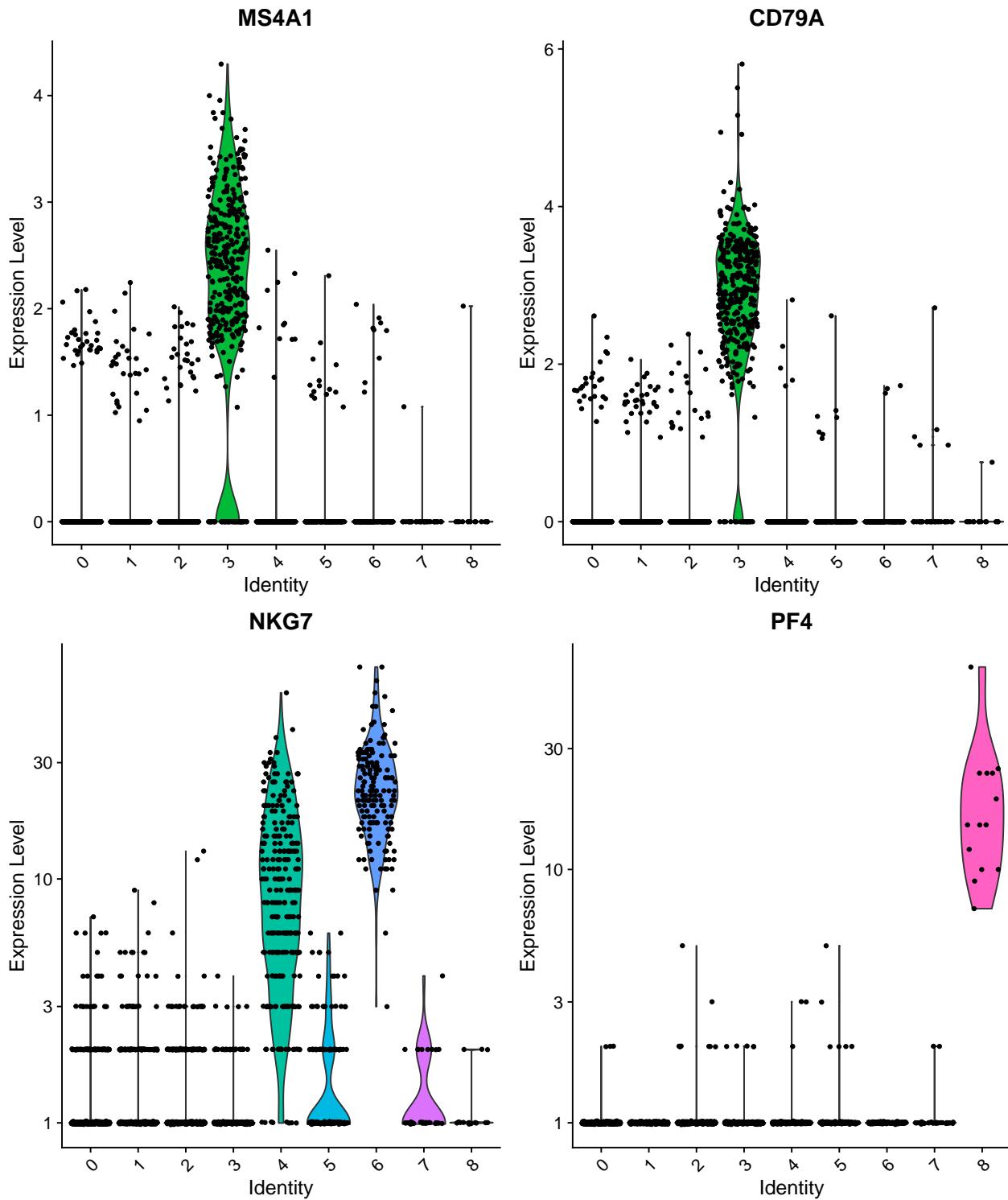


Finding differentially expressed features

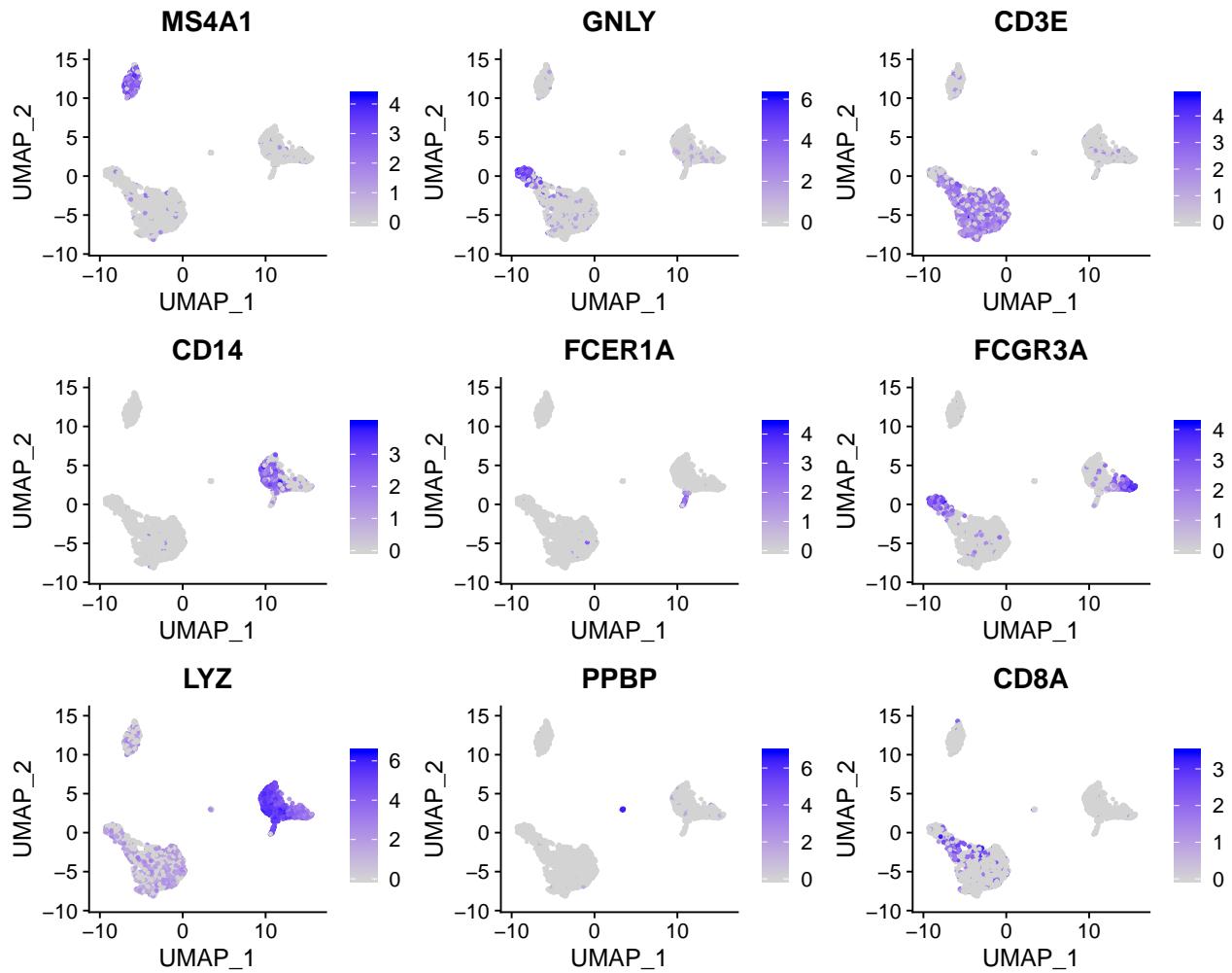
Markers for every cluster compared to all remaining cells:

p_val	avg_logFC	pct.1	pct.2	p_val_adj	cluster	gene
0	0.7300635	0.901	0.594	0	0	LDHB
0	0.9219135	0.436	0.110	0	0	CCR7
0	0.8921170	0.981	0.642	0	1	LTB
0	0.8586034	0.422	0.110	0	1	AQP3
0	3.8608733	0.996	0.215	0	2	S100A9
0	3.7966403	0.975	0.121	0	2	S100A8
0	2.9875833	0.936	0.041	0	3	CD79A
0	2.4894932	0.622	0.022	0	3	TCL1A
0	2.1220555	0.985	0.240	0	4	CCL5
0	2.0461687	0.587	0.059	0	4	GZMK
0	2.2954931	0.975	0.134	0	5	FCGR3A
0	2.1388125	1.000	0.315	0	5	LST1
0	3.3462278	0.961	0.068	0	6	GZMB
0	3.6898996	0.961	0.131	0	6	GNLY
0	2.6832771	0.812	0.011	0	7	FCER1A
0	1.9924275	1.000	0.513	0	7	HLA-DPB1
0	5.0207262	1.000	0.010	0	8	PF4
0	5.9443347	1.000	0.024	0	8	PPBP

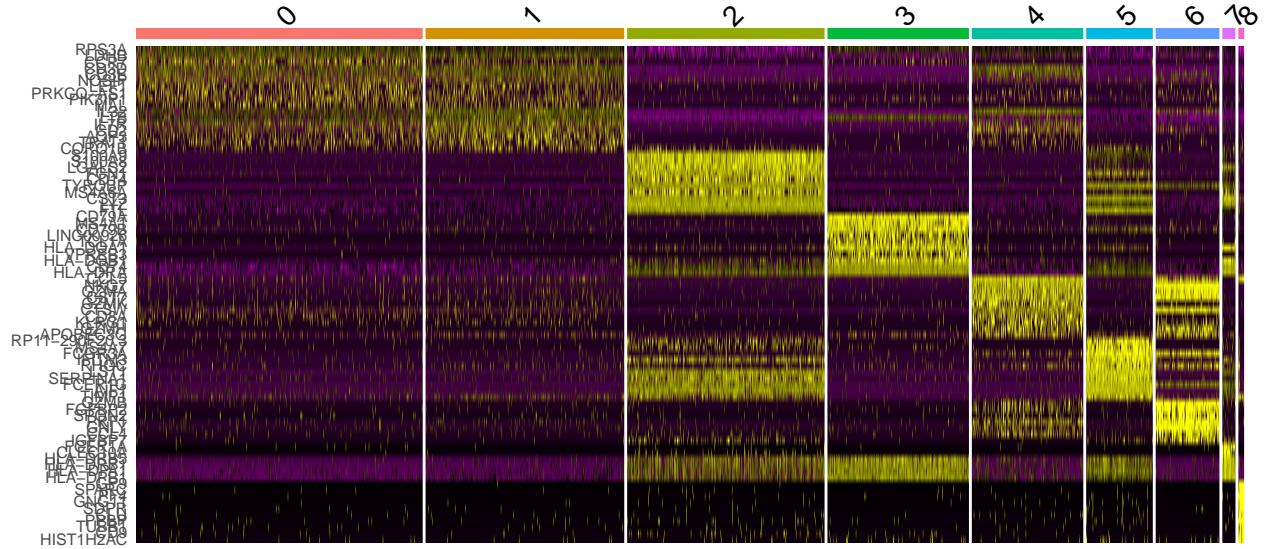
Visualize using VlnPlot:



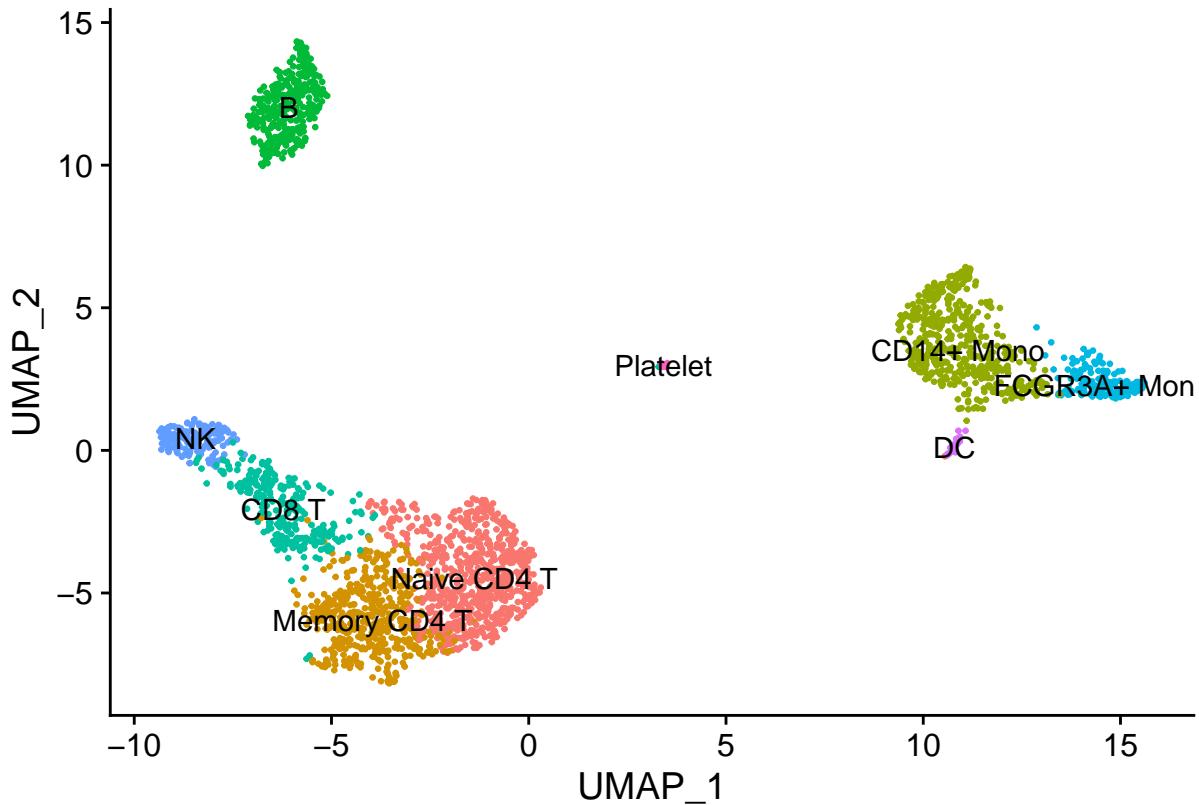
Visualize using FeaturePlot:



Plotting the top 20 markers (or all markers if less than 20) for each cluster use DoHeatmap:



Assigning cell type identity to clusters



Appendix A

```
knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = FALSE, message = FALSE, warning = FALSE, comment = "")
library(dplyr)
library(Seurat)
library(patchwork)

# Load the PBMC dataset
pbmc.data <- Read10X(data.dir = "filtered_gene_bc_matrices/hg19/")

# Initialize the Seurat object with the raw (non-normalized data).
pbmc <- CreateSeuratObject(counts = pbmc.data, project = "pbmc3k", min.cells = 3, min.features = 200)
pbmc

# The [[ operator can add columns to object metadata. This is a great place to stash QC stats
pbmc[["percent.mt"]] <- PercentageFeatureSet(pbmc, pattern = "^MT-")

# Visualize QC metrics as a violin plot
VlnPlot(pbmc, features = c("nFeature_RNA", "nCount_RNA", "percent.mt"), ncol = 3)

# FeatureScatter is typically used to visualize feature-feature relationships, but can be used
# for anything calculated by the object, i.e. columns in object metadata, PC scores etc.
plot1 <- FeatureScatter(pbmc, feature1 = "nCount_RNA", feature2 = "percent.mt")
plot2 <- FeatureScatter(pbmc, feature1 = "nCount_RNA", feature2 = "nFeature_RNA")
```

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plot1 + plot2

# filtering and normalizing
pbmc <- subset(pbmc, subset = nFeature_RNA > 200 & nFeature_RNA < 2500 & percent.mt < 5)
pbmc <- NormalizeData(pbmc, normalization.method = "LogNormalize", scale.factor = 10000)

# feature selection
pbmc <- FindVariableFeatures(pbmc, selection.method = "vst", nfeatures = 2000)
# Identify the 10 most highly variable genes
top10 <- head(VariableFeatures(pbmc), 10)
# plot variable features with and without labels
plot1 <- VariableFeaturePlot(pbmc)
plot2 <- LabelPoints(plot = plot1, points = top10, repel = TRUE)
plot1 + plot2

# scaling
all.genes <- rownames(pbmc)
pbmc <- ScaleData(pbmc, features = all.genes)

pbmc <- RunPCA(pbmc, features = VariableFeatures(object = pbmc))
# Examine and visualize PCA results a few different ways
print(pbmc[["pca"]], dims = 1:5, nfeatures = 5)

VizDimLoadings(pbmc, dims = 1:2, reduction = "pca")

DimPlot(pbmc, reduction = "pca")

# heatmap
DimHeatmap(pbmc, dims = 1:15, cells = 500, balanced = TRUE)

# JackStraw
pbmc <- JackStraw(pbmc, num.replicate = 100)
pbmc <- ScoreJackStraw(pbmc, dims = 1:20)
JackStrawPlot(pbmc, dims = 1:15)

ElbowPlot(pbmc)
# clustering
pbmc <- FindNeighbors(pbmc, dims = 1:10)
pbmc <- FindClusters(pbmc, resolution = 0.5)

# visualize result use UMAP
pbmc <- RunUMAP(pbmc, dims = 1:10)
DimPlot(pbmc, reduction = "umap")
# save files
saveRDS(pbmc, file = "pbmc_tutorial.rds")

# find markers for every cluster compared to all remaining cells, report only the positive ones
pbmc.markers = FindAllMarkers(pbmc, only.pos = TRUE, min.pct = 0.25, logfc.threshold = 0.25)
pbmc.markers %>%
  group_by(cluster) %>%
  top_n(n = 2, wt = avg_logFC) %>%
  knitr::kable()

```

```

# Visualize using VlnPlot
VlnPlot(pbm, features = c("MS4A1", "CD79A"))

# plot raw counts as well
VlnPlot(pbm, features = c("NKG7", "PF4"), slot = "counts", log = TRUE)

FeaturePlot(pbm, features = c("MS4A1", "GNLY", "CD3E", "CD14", "FCER1A", "FCGR3A", "LYZ", "PPBP",
    "CD8A"))
# plotting the top 20 markers (or all markers if less than 20) for each cluster
top10 = pbm.markers %>% group_by(cluster) %>% top_n(n = 10, wt = avg_logFC)
DoHeatmap(pbm, features = top10$gene) + NoLegend()

# assigning cell type identity to clusters
new.cluster.ids = c("Naive CD4 T", "Memory CD4 T", "CD14+ Mono", "B", "CD8 T", "FCGR3A+ Mono",
    "NK", "DC", "Platelet")
names(new.cluster.ids) = levels(pbm)
pbm = RenameIdents(pbm, new.cluster.ids)
DimPlot(pbm, reduction = "umap", label = TRUE, pt.size = 0.5) + NoLegend()

saveRDS(pbm, file = "pbmc3k_final.rds")

```