

# Vector Spaces and Subspaces

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## Spaces of Vectors

**Definition 1** (Vector Space). The space  $\mathbb{R}^n$  consists of all column vectors  $v$  with  $n$  components.

**Definition 2** (Subspace). A subspace of a vector space is a set of vectors that satisfies two requirements. If  $u$  and  $v$  are vectors in the subspace and  $c$  is any scalar, then

- (i)  $u + v$  is in the subspace
- (ii)  $cu$  is in the subspace

## Column space of $A$

**Definition 3** (Column space). The column space of a matrix  $A$ ,  $C(A)$  is the vector space made up of all linear combinations of the columns of  $A$ .

The system of linear equations  $Ax = b$  is solvable exactly when vector  $b$  is in the *column space* of  $A$ .

## Nullspace of $A$

**Definition 4** (Nullspace). The *nullspace* of a matrix  $A$ ,  $N(A)$  is the vector space consists of all solutions  $x$  to the equation  $Ax = 0$ .

The *rank* of an  $m \times n$  matrix  $A$  is the number of pivot columns, so the number of free columns is  $n - r$ , which is the number of *special solutions* and the *dimension* of the *nullspace*.