Neural Networks: Representation

Total points 5

Which of the following statements are true? Check all that apply.

1 point

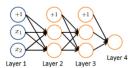
- The activation values of the hidden units in a neural network, with the sigmoid activation function applied at every layer, are always in the range (0, 1).
- A two layer (one input layer, one output layer; no hidden layer) neural network can represent the XOR function.
- 2. Consider the following neural network which takes two binary-valued inputs $x_1,x_2\in\{0,1\}$ and outputs $h_{\Theta}(x)$. Which of the following logical functions does it (approximately) compute?

.



- AND
- NAND (meaning "NOT AND")
- O OR
- XOR (exclusive OR)
- 3. Consider the neural network given below. Which of the following equations correctly computes the activation $a_i^{(3)}$? Note: g(z) is the sigmoid activation function.

1 point



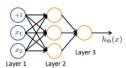
$$\bullet \quad a_1^{(3)} = g(\Theta_{1,0}^{(2)}a_0^{(2)} + \Theta_{1,1}^{(2)}a_1^{(2)} + \Theta_{1,2}^{(2)}a_2^{(2)})$$

$$\bigcirc \quad a_1^{(3)} = g(\Theta_{1,0}^{(1)}a_0^{(1)} + \Theta_{1,1}^{(1)}a_1^{(1)} + \Theta_{1,2}^{(1)}a_2^{(1)})$$

$$\bigcirc \quad a_1^{(3)} = g(\Theta_{1,0}^{(1)}a_0^{(2)} + \Theta_{1,1}^{(1)}a_1^{(2)} + \Theta_{1,2}^{(1)}a_2^{(2)})$$

- $\\ \bigcirc \quad \text{The activation } a_1^{(3)} \text{ is not present in this network.}$
- 4. You have the following neural network:

1 point



You'd like to compute the activations of the hidden layer $a^{(2)} \in \mathbb{R}^3$. One way to do so is the following Octave code:

% Thetal is Theta with superscript "(1)" from lecture % ie, the motrix of parameters for the mapping from layer 1 (input) to layer 2 % Thetal has size 3x3 % Assume 'sigmoid' is a built-in function to compute $1 / (1 + \exp(-z))$

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{a2 = zeros (3, 1);} \\ & \text{for i = 1:3} \\ & \text{for j = 1:3} \\ & \text{a2(i) = a2(i) + x(j) * Thetal(i, j);} \\ & \text{end} \end{aligned}$

a2(i) = sigmoid (a2(i)); end

You want to have a vectorized implementation of this (i.e., one that does not use for loops). Which of the following implementations correctly compute $a^{(2)}$? Check all that apply.

- z = Theta1 * x; a2 = sigmoid (z);
- a2 = sigmoid (x * Theta1);
- a2 = sigmoid (Theta2 * x);
- z = sigmoid(x); a2 = sigmoid (Theta1 * z);





- It will stay the same.
- O It will increase.
- O It will decrease
- O Insufficient information to tell: it may increase or decrease.

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