

Kinematic Model

Jacobian Calculations 4 Bar JupyterLab

```
In [2]: import sympy
        from sympy import sin,cos
        from math import pi
        import numpy
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import scipy.optimize as so
```

```
In [3]: q1,q2,q3,q4 = sympy.symbols('\\theta_1,\\theta_2,\\theta_3,\\theta_4')
```

```
In [4]: q1
```

```
Out[4]:  $\theta_1$ 
```

```
In [5]: l0,l1,l2,l3 = sympy.symbols('l_0,l_1,l_2,l_3')
        l1
```

```
Out[5]:  $l_1$ 
```

```
In [6]: def Ry(theta):
        return sympy.Matrix([[cos(theta),0,sin(theta)],
                               [0,1,0],
                               [-sin(theta),0,cos(theta)]])
```

```
In [7]: Ra = Ry(q1)
        Rb = Ry(q2)
        Rc = Ry(q3)
        Rd = Ry(q4)
        Ra
```

```
Out[7]: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_1) & 0 & \sin(\theta_1) \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin(\theta_1) & 0 & \cos(\theta_1) \end{bmatrix}$$

```

```
In [8]: x = sympy.Matrix([1,0,0])
```

```
In [9]: v0_in_n=l0*x
        #v1_in_n=R
        v0_in_n
```

```
Out[9]: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} l_0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

```

```
In [10]: v1_in_a = l1*x
         v1_in_n = Ra*v1_in_a
         v1_in_n
```

Out[10]:
$$\begin{bmatrix} l_1 \cos(\theta_1) \\ 0 \\ -l_1 \sin(\theta_1) \end{bmatrix}$$

```
In [11]: v2_in_b = l2*x
v2_in_a = Rb*v2_in_b
v2_in_n = Ra*v2_in_a
v2_in_n
```

Out[11]:
$$\begin{bmatrix} -l_2 \sin(\theta_1) \sin(\theta_2) + l_2 \cos(\theta_1) \cos(\theta_2) \\ 0 \\ -l_2 \sin(\theta_1) \cos(\theta_2) - l_2 \sin(\theta_2) \cos(\theta_1) \end{bmatrix}$$

```
In [12]: v3_in_c = l3*x
v3_in_b = Rc*v3_in_c
v3_in_a = Rb*v3_in_b
v3_in_n = Ra*v3_in_a
v3_in_n
```

Out[12]:
$$\begin{bmatrix} (-l_3 \sin(\theta_2) \sin(\theta_3) + l_3 \cos(\theta_2) \cos(\theta_3)) \cos(\theta_1) + (-l_3 \sin(\theta_2) \cos(\theta_3) - l_3 \sin(\theta_3) \cos(\theta_2)) \\ 0 \\ -(-l_3 \sin(\theta_2) \sin(\theta_3) + l_3 \cos(\theta_2) \cos(\theta_3)) \sin(\theta_1) + (-l_3 \sin(\theta_2) \cos(\theta_3) - l_3 \sin(\theta_3) \cos(\theta_2)) \end{bmatrix}$$

```
In [13]: #v1_in_n.subs({q1:pi*30/180,l1:1})
```

```
In [14]: p_end = v0_in_n + v1_in_n + v2_in_n + v3_in_n
```

```
In [15]: # LINK GUESS / DESIGN
design = {}
design[l0] = 44
design[l1] = 33.3
design[l2] = 54
design[l3] = 13

design
```

Out[15]: {l_0: 44, l_1: 33.3, l_2: 54, l_3: 13}

```
In [16]: zero_vec = p_end
zero_vec.simplify()
zero_vec[0]
```

Out[16]: $l_0 + l_1 \cos(\theta_1) + l_2 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) + l_3 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2 + \theta_3)$

```
In [17]: zero = []
zero.append((zero_vec.T*sympy.Matrix([1,0,0]))[0])
zero.append((zero_vec.T*sympy.Matrix([0,1,0]))[0])
```

```
In [18]: zero = sympy.Matrix(zero)
zero.simplify()
```

```
zero[0]
```

```
Out[18]:  $l_0 + l_1 \cos(\theta_1) + l_2 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) + l_3 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2 + \theta_3)$ 
```

```
In [19]: zero_design = zero.subs(design)
zero_design = zero_design
zero_design
```

```
Out[19]: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 33.3 \cos(\theta_1) + 54 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) + 13 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2 + \theta_3) + 44 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

```

```
In [20]: def objective_function(qn):
    q1n,q2n,q3n,q4n=qn
    subs = {}
    subs[q1]=q1n
    subs[q2]=q2n
    subs[q3]=q3n
    subs[q4]=q4n
    zero_n = zero_design.subs(subs)
    sos = ((zero_n.T*zero_n)[0])**.5
    return float(sos)
```

```
In [21]: # THETA guesses
guess = numpy.array([-76,-126,-60,-81])*pi/180
guess
```

```
Out[21]: array([-1.32645023, -2.19911486, -1.04719755, -1.41371669])
```

```
In [22]: objective_function(guess)
```

```
Out[22]: 0.17882066438156152
```

```
In [23]: origin = sympy.Matrix([0,0,0])
p0 = v0_in_n
p1 = v0_in_n + v1_in_n
p2 = v0_in_n + v1_in_n + v2_in_n
p3 = v0_in_n + v1_in_n + v2_in_n + v3_in_n
```

```
In [24]: points = sympy.Matrix([p3.T,p2.T,p1.T,p0.T,origin.T]).T
points
```

```
Out[24]: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} l_0 + l_1 \cos(\theta_1) - l_2 \sin(\theta_1) \sin(\theta_2) + l_2 \cos(\theta_1) \cos(\theta_2) + (-l_3 \sin(\theta_2) \sin(\theta_3) + l_3 \cos(\theta_2) \cos(\theta_3)) \\ 0 \\ -l_1 \sin(\theta_1) - l_2 \sin(\theta_1) \cos(\theta_2) - l_2 \sin(\theta_2) \cos(\theta_1) - (-l_3 \sin(\theta_2) \sin(\theta_3) + l_3 \cos(\theta_2) \cos(\theta_3)) \end{bmatrix}$$

```

```
In [25]: points_design = points.subs(design)
```

```
In [26]: def plot_fourbar(thetas):
    state_variables = q1,q2,q3,q4
    state = dict(zip(state_variables,thetas))
    points_state = points_design.subs(state)
    points_state_numpy = numpy.array(points_state,dtype=numpy.float64)
```

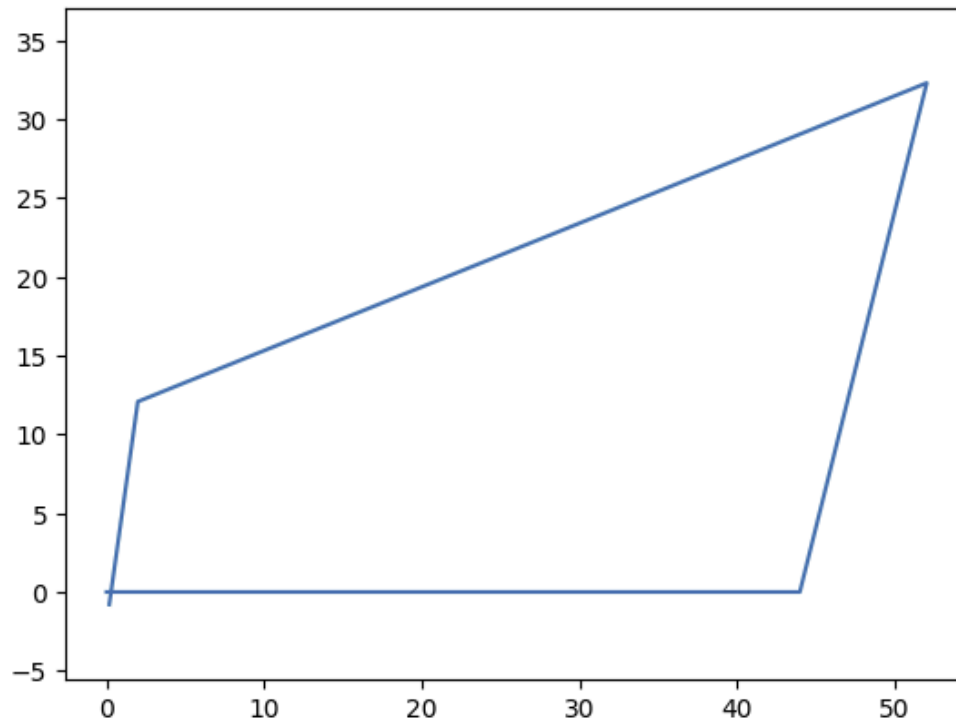
```

print(points_state_numpy)
plt.plot(points_state_numpy[0, :], points_state_numpy[2, :])
plt.axis('equal')

plot_fourbar(guess) # FINAL MODEL

[[ 0.17882066  1.98807098 52.05599912 44.         0.         ]
 [ 0.          0.          0.          0.          0.         ]
 [-0.79139325 12.08209164 32.31084768 0.          0.         ]]

```



```

In [27]: zero = sympy.Matrix(zero)
zero.simplify()
zero

```

```

Out[27]: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} l_0 + l_1 \cos(\theta_1) + l_2 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) + l_3 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2 + \theta_3) \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$


```

```

In [28]: independent = sympy.Matrix([q1])
dependent = sympy.Matrix([q1, q2, q3, q4])
zero_design = zero.subs(design)

```

```

In [29]: A = zero_design.jacobian(independent)
A

```

```

Out[29]: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -33.3 \sin(\theta_1) - 54 \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2) - 13 \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2 + \theta_3) \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$


```

```

In [30]: B = zero_design.jacobian(dependent)
B

```

Out[30]:
$$\begin{bmatrix} -33.3 \sin(\theta_1) - 54 \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2) - 13 \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2 + \theta_3) & -54 \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2) - 13 \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2 + \theta_3) \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

```
In [31]: result1 = so.minimize(objective_function, guess, options={'xrtol': 1e-4})
state_variables = q1, q2, q3, q4
state = dict(zip(state_variables, result1.x))
An = numpy.array(A.subs(state), dtype=float)
An
```

Out[31]:
$$\begin{bmatrix} -0.53848029, \\ 0. \end{bmatrix}$$

```
In [32]: Bn = numpy.array(B.subs(state), dtype=float)
Bn
```

Out[32]:
$$\begin{bmatrix} -0.53848029, & -32.84842135, & -12.86117031, & 0. \\ 0. & 0. & 0. & 0. \end{bmatrix}$$

```
In [33]: print(Bn.shape)
```

(2, 4)

```
In [34]: import numpy as np
Cn, *_ = np.linalg.lstsq(Bn, -An, rcond=None)
Cn
```

Out[34]:
$$\begin{bmatrix} -0.00023295, \\ -0.01421063, \\ -0.0055639, \\ 0. \end{bmatrix}$$

```
In [35]: p_out = v3_in_n
p_out
```

Out[35]:
$$\begin{bmatrix} (-l_3 \sin(\theta_2) \sin(\theta_3) + l_3 \cos(\theta_2) \cos(\theta_3)) \cos(\theta_1) + (-l_3 \sin(\theta_2) \cos(\theta_3) - l_3 \sin(\theta_3) \cos(\theta_2)) \\ 0 \\ -(-l_3 \sin(\theta_2) \sin(\theta_3) + l_3 \cos(\theta_2) \cos(\theta_3)) \sin(\theta_1) + (-l_3 \sin(\theta_2) \cos(\theta_3) - l_3 \sin(\theta_3) \cos(\theta_2)) \end{bmatrix}$$

```
In [36]: D = p_out.jacobian(independent)
Dn = numpy.array(D.subs(design).subs(state), dtype=float)
E = p_out.jacobian(dependent)
En = numpy.array(E.subs(design).subs(state), dtype=float)
Jo = Dn + (En @ Cn)
Jo
```

Out[36]:
$$\begin{bmatrix} -12.60385074, \\ 0. \\ 1.85689791 \end{bmatrix}$$

```
In [37]: y_dot = Jo @ numpy.array([1, 1]).T
y_dot
```

```
Out[37]: array([[ -12.60385074],
               [  0.          ],
               [  1.85689791]])
```

```
In [38]: p_out_n = numpy.array(p_out.subs(design).subs(state),dtype=float)
p_out_n
```

```
Out[38]: array([[ -1.89480825],
               [  0.          ],
               [-12.86117031]])
```

```
In [ ]:
```

Another code for jacobian:

```
import sympy as sp
from sympy import cos, sin, sqrt, atan2, simplify, diff

# Define symbols
theta1, theta2, theta3, theta4 = sp.symbols('theta1 theta2 theta3 theta4', real=True)
l1, l2, l3, l4, l_E = sp.symbols('l1 l2 l3 l4 l_E', positive=True)

print("="*70)
print("4-BAR LINKAGE - SYMBOLIC POSITION OF POINT E")
print("="*70)

# Closure equations (for reference)
print("\nClosure equations:")
eq1 = l2*cos(theta2) + l3*cos(theta3) - l1*cos(theta1) - l4*cos(theta4)
eq2 = l2*sin(theta2) + l3*sin(theta3) - l1*sin(theta1) - l4*sin(theta4)
print("Eq1:", eq1, "= 0")
print("Eq2:", eq2, "= 0")

# Position of point E
# Path: Origin -> Link 1 base -> Link 3 base -> Point E on Link 3
print("\n" + "="*70)
print("POSITION OF POINT E (SYMBOLIC)")
print("="*70)

print("\nPath to Point E:")
print("Origin (0,0) -> Link 1 endpoint -> Along Link 3 by distance l_E")

# Link 1 endpoint (base of link 3)
x_link3_base = l1*cos(theta1)
y_link3_base = l1*sin(theta1)

print(f"\nLink 3 base position:")
print(f"x_base = l1*cos(theta1)")
print(f"y_base = l1*sin(theta1)")

# Point E is at distance l_E from link 3 base, along link 3 direction (theta3)
x_E = x_link3_base + l_E*cos(theta3)
y_E = y_link3_base + l_E*sin(theta3)
```

```

print(f"\nPoint E position:")
print(f"  x_E = 11*cos(θ1) + 1_E*cos(θ3)")
print(f"  y_E = 11*sin(θ1) + 1_E*sin(θ3)")

print("\nSimplified:")
print(f"  x_E = {x_E}")
print(f"  y_E = {y_E}")

# Since θ1 is fixed at 135°, we can express E purely in terms of θ3
print("\n" + "="*70)
print("WITH θ1 = 135° (FIXED)")
print("="*70)

theta1_val = sp.pi * 3 / 4 # 135° in radians

x_E_fixed = x_E.subs(theta1, theta1_val)
y_E_fixed = y_E.subs(theta1, theta1_val)

print(f"\nPosition with θ1 = 135°:")
print(f"  x_E = {x_E_fixed}")
print(f"  y_E = {y_E_fixed}")

# Now compute Jacobian: ∂E/∂θ2
# Since E depends on θ3, and θ3 depends on θ2, we use chain rule
print("\n" + "="*70)
print("JACOBIAN ∂E/∂θ2 (SYMBOLIC)")
print("="*70)

print("\nUsing chain rule:")
print("  ∂x_E/∂θ2 = ∂x_E/∂θ3 · ∂θ3/∂θ2")
print("  ∂y_E/∂θ2 = ∂y_E/∂θ3 · ∂θ3/∂θ2")

# Partial derivatives of E with respect to θ3
dx_E_dtheta3 = diff(x_E_fixed, theta3)
dy_E_dtheta3 = diff(y_E_fixed, theta3)

print(f"\n∂x_E/∂θ3 = {dx_E_dtheta3}")
print(f"∂y_E/∂θ3 = {dy_E_dtheta3}")

# For ∂θ3/∂θ2, we need to differentiate the constraint equations
print("\n" + "="*70)
print("FINDING ∂θ3/∂θ2 FROM CONSTRAINT EQUATIONS")
print("="*70)

print("\nDifferentiating closure equations with respect to θ2:")

# Differentiate eq1 and eq2 with respect to theta2
deq1_dtheta2 = diff(eq1, theta2) + diff(eq1, theta3)*diff(theta3, theta2) + diff(eq1, theta4)*diff(theta4, theta2)
deq2_dtheta2 = diff(eq2, theta2) + diff(eq2, theta3)*diff(theta3, theta2) + diff(eq2, theta4)*diff(theta4, theta2)

print("These give us a linear system in ∂θ3/∂θ2 and ∂θ4/∂θ2")

# Let's denote dtheta3_dtheta2 and dtheta4_dtheta2 as unknowns
dtheta3_dtheta2, dtheta4_dtheta2 = sp.symbols('dtheta3_dtheta2 dtheta4_dtheta2', real=True)

# Coefficients from differentiation
coeff_eq1_theta3 = -13*sin(theta3)
coeff_eq1_theta4 = 14*sin(theta4)
coeff_eq1_theta2 = -12*sin(theta2)

coeff_eq2_theta3 = 13*cos(theta3)
coeff_eq2_theta4 = -14*cos(theta4)
coeff_eq2_theta2 = 12*cos(theta2)

print(f"\nFrom Eq1: {coeff_eq1_theta3}·∂θ3/∂θ2 + {coeff_eq1_theta4}·∂θ4/∂θ2 = {-coeff_eq1_theta2}")
print(f"From Eq2: {coeff_eq2_theta3}·∂θ3/∂θ2 + {coeff_eq2_theta4}·∂θ4/∂θ2 = {-coeff_eq2_theta2}")

# Solve the linear system
sol = sp.solve([
    coeff_eq1_theta3*dtheta3_dtheta2 + coeff_eq1_theta4*dtheta4_dtheta2 + coeff_eq1_theta2,
    coeff_eq2_theta3*dtheta3_dtheta2 + coeff_eq2_theta4*dtheta4_dtheta2 + coeff_eq2_theta2
], [dtheta3_dtheta2, dtheta4_dtheta2])

print("\n" + "="*70)
print("SOLUTION FOR ∂θ3/∂θ2")
print("="*70)
print(f"\n∂θ3/∂θ2 = {simplify(sol[dtheta3_dtheta2])}")

```

```

# Final Jacobian
dx_E_dtheta2 = simplify(dx_E_dtheta3 * sol[dtheta3_dtheta2])
dy_E_dtheta2 = simplify(dy_E_dtheta3 * sol[dtheta3_dtheta2])

print("\n" + "="*70)
print("FINAL JACOBIAN EQUATIONS")
print("="*70)
print(f"\n∂x_E/∂θ2 = {dx_E_dtheta2}")
print(f"\n∂y_E/∂θ2 = {dy_E_dtheta2}")

print("\n" + "="*70)
print("SUMMARY")
print("="*70)
print("\nPosition of Point E:")
print(f"  x_E = {x_E_fixed}")
print(f"  y_E = {y_E_fixed}")
print("\nJacobian components:")
print(f"  ∂x_E/∂θ2 = {dx_E_dtheta2}")
print(f"  ∂y_E/∂θ2 = {dy_E_dtheta2}")
print("="*70)
✓ 1.0s
=====
4-BAR LINKAGE - SYMBOLIC POSITION OF POINT E
=====

Closure equations:
Eq1: -l1*cos(theta1) + l2*cos(theta2) + l3*cos(theta3) - l4*cos(theta4) = 0
Eq2: -l1*sin(theta1) + l2*sin(theta2) + l3*sin(theta3) - l4*sin(theta4) = 0

=====
POSITION OF POINT E (SYMBOLIC)
=====

Path to Point E:
Origin (0,0) -> Link 1 endpoint -> Along Link 3 by distance l_E

```

```

Link 3 base position:
x_base = l1*cos(θ1)
y_base = l1*sin(θ1)

Point E position:
x_E = l1*cos(θ1) + l_E*cos(θ3)
y_E = l1*sin(θ1) + l_E*sin(θ3)

Simplified:
x_E = l1*cos(theta1) + l_E*cos(theta3)
y_E = l1*sin(theta1) + l_E*sin(theta3)

=====
WITH θ1 = 135° (FIXED)
=====

Position with θ1 = 135°:
x_E = -sqrt(2)*l1/2 + l_E*cos(theta3)
y_E = sqrt(2)*l1/2 + l_E*sin(theta3)

=====
JACOBIAN ∂E/∂θ2 (SYMBOLIC)
=====

Using chain rule:
∂x_E/∂θ2 = ∂x_E/∂θ3 * ∂θ3/∂θ2
∂y_E/∂θ2 = ∂y_E/∂θ3 * ∂θ3/∂θ2

```



```

 $\partial x_E / \partial \theta_3 = -l_E \sin(\theta_3)$ 
 $\partial y_E / \partial \theta_3 = l_E \cos(\theta_3)$ 

=====
FINDING  $\partial \theta_3 / \partial \theta_2$  FROM CONSTRAINT EQUATIONS
=====

Differentiating closure equations with respect to  $\theta_2$ :
These give us a linear system in  $\partial \theta_3 / \partial \theta_2$  and  $\partial \theta_4 / \partial \theta_2$ 

From Eq1:  $-l_3 \sin(\theta_3) \cdot \partial \theta_3 / \partial \theta_2 + l_4 \sin(\theta_4) \cdot \partial \theta_4 / \partial \theta_2 = l_2 \sin(\theta_2)$ 
From Eq2:  $l_3 \cos(\theta_3) \cdot \partial \theta_3 / \partial \theta_2 + -l_4 \cos(\theta_4) \cdot \partial \theta_4 / \partial \theta_2 = -l_2 \cos(\theta_2)$ 

=====
SOLUTION FOR  $\partial \theta_3 / \partial \theta_2$ 
=====

 $\partial \theta_3 / \partial \theta_2 = -l_2 \sin(\theta_2 - \theta_4) / (l_3 \sin(\theta_3 - \theta_4))$ 

=====
FINAL JACOBIAN EQUATIONS
=====

 $\partial x_E / \partial \theta_2 = l_2 l_E \sin(\theta_3) \sin(\theta_2 - \theta_4) / (l_3 \sin(\theta_3 - \theta_4))$ 
 $\partial y_E / \partial \theta_2 = -l_2 l_E \sin(\theta_2 - \theta_4) \cos(\theta_3) / (l_3 \sin(\theta_3 - \theta_4))$ 

```

```

=====
SUMMARY
=====

Position of Point E:
 $x_E = -\sqrt{2} \cdot l_1 / 2 + l_E \cos(\theta_3)$ 
 $y_E = \sqrt{2} \cdot l_1 / 2 + l_E \sin(\theta_3)$ 

Jacobian components:
 $\partial x_E / \partial \theta_2 = l_2 l_E \sin(\theta_3) \sin(\theta_2 - \theta_4) / (l_3 \sin(\theta_3 - \theta_4))$ 
 $\partial y_E / \partial \theta_2 = -l_2 l_E \sin(\theta_2 - \theta_4) \cos(\theta_3) / (l_3 \sin(\theta_3 - \theta_4))$ 
=====

```