# CYBER SECURITY INTERNSHIP

#### Task-5

## Capture and Analyze Network Traffic Using Wireshark

#### Information

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#### 1. Introduction

The purpose of this report is to Capture and Analyze Network Traffic Using Wireshark. Wireshark is open-source network protocol analyzer which is used to analyze the network packets, troubleshoot network issues and perform security auditing.

### 2. Tools and Environment

| Tools                 | Description   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Wireshark             | To Capture the network traffic.   |
| Kali Linux - Terminal | Linux command line utility for pinging, connecting the ports like ftp, telnet etc |

## 3. Methodology

**WIRESHARK** 

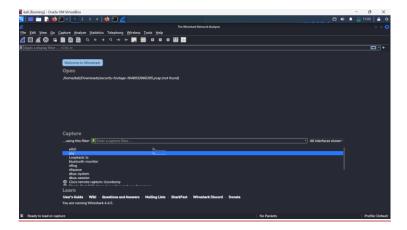


Fig (1): Wireshark

- Open Wireshark it displays all interfaces which is available like eth0, any etc..
- Select eth0 and start capturing the traffic to analyze after minute stope the Wireshark and analyze.
- Apply the filter to find the protocol.

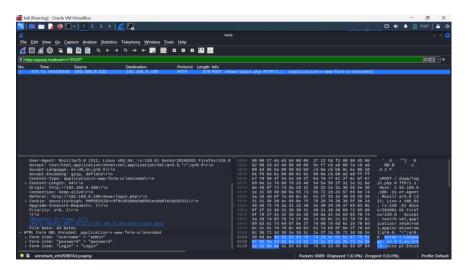


Fig (2): http protocol

- We get source and destination IP address. Source IP is user's IP address and destination IP is the request sent by user.
- Apply the Filter http.request.method=="POST" to find the what the user is posted here username and password in the URL: http://192.168.0.100/dvwa/login.php
- To find the user cookies apply the filter http.cookie to get session id of the user using these cookies we can login user account if the website is vulnerable.

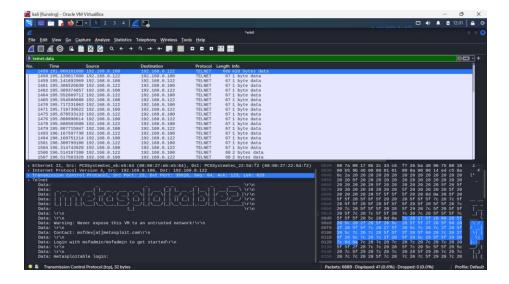
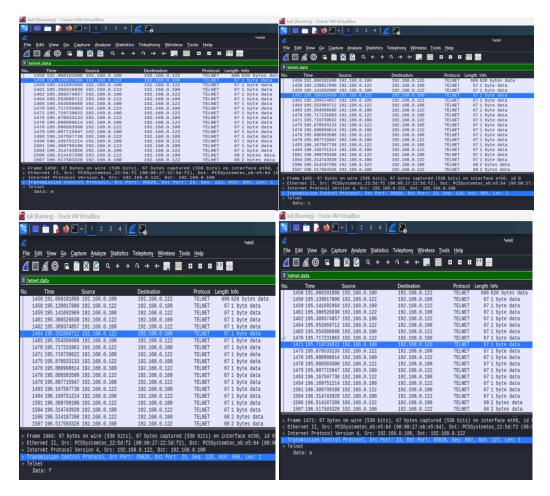
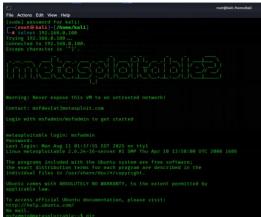


Fig (3): Telnet protocol

- Apply the filter for telnet.data for telnet protocol. So here the Wireshark show's the requests which is related to telnet.
- No observe the each request carefully we get data. Observe the picture data carefully.



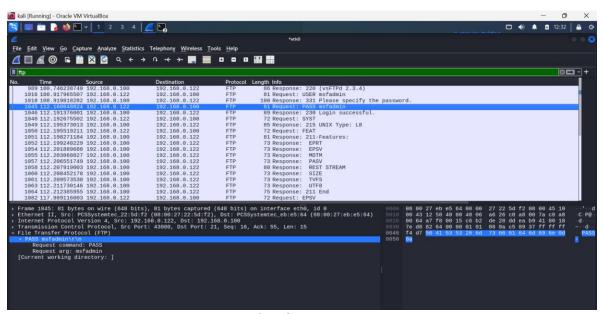


telnet

- Observe the all request we get username: msfadmin, password: msfadmin.
- Got to kali terminal send request to 192.160.0.100 for accessing telnet services.

#### **COMMAND:**

#### telnet 192.168.0.100



Filter: ftp

- Apply the filter for ftp for FTP protocol. So here the Wireshark shows the requests which is related to FTP.
- FTP is file transferring protocol the services on port 21.
- The actual file data in FTP may be sent over another port so if you also want to capture the file transfer data packets, you'd need.

```
| Crook & Rail | -[ /home/kail | 100 | 102 | 168 .8 | 122 | FTP | 192 .168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 122 | FTP | 192 .168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 122 | FTP | 192 .168 .0 | 190 | 192 | 168 .0 | 122 | FTP | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 122 | FTP | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 122 | FTP | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0 | 192 | 168 .0
```

ftp services

#### **COMMAND**

## ftp 192.168.0.100

 Connect to ftp enter username and password which u find In the Wireshark and access the services.

### **Conclusion**

Wireshark is a powerful open-source network protocol analyzer that turns bytes on the wire into network traffic you can analyze. Its simple-to-use interface provides an overview of your capture traffic in the list pane and specific information about each packet in the details pane.

You have seen how to examine network packets in granular detail, refine your view using Wireshark's display filters, and summarize network traffic with statistical analysis tools. These skills allow you to use Wireshark in the real world for following TCP streams to uncover conversations, extracting files, and identifying cyber attacks